By the Committee on Style and Drafting

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### REVISION 7

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A proposal to amend Section 8 of Article II and Section 13 of Article V and create a new section in Article XII of the State Constitution to establish certain restrictions for specified public officers and employees regarding the personal representation for compensation of another person or entity before certain government bodies.

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Be It Proposed by the Constitution Revision Commission of Florida:

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Section 8 of Article II of the State Constitution is amended to read:

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## ARTICLE II

GENERAL PROVISIONS

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SECTION 8. Ethics in government.—A public office is a public trust. The people shall have the right to secure and sustain that trust against abuse. To assure this right:

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(a) All elected constitutional officers and candidates for such offices and, as may be determined by law, other public officers, candidates, and employees shall file full and public disclosure of their financial interests.

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(b) All elected public officers and candidates for such offices shall file full and public disclosure of their campaign finances.

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(c) Any public officer or employee who breaches the public trust for private gain and any person or entity inducing such breach shall be liable to the state for all financial benefits obtained by such actions. The manner of recovery and additional

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damages may be provided by law.

(d) Any public officer or employee who is convicted of a felony involving a breach of public trust shall be subject to forfeiture of rights and privileges under a public retirement system or pension plan in such manner as may be provided by law.

- (e) (1) A No member of the legislature or a statewide elected officer may not shall personally represent another person or entity for compensation before the government body or agency of which the individual was an officer or member for a period of six two years following vacation of office. A No member of the legislature or a statewide elected officer may not shall personally represent another person or entity for compensation during term of office before any federal agency; the legislature; any state government body or agency, other than judicial tribunals; or any political subdivision of the state, other than an administrative action subject to judicial review.
- (2) A person who served as a secretary, executive director, or other agency head of a department of the executive branch of state government, may not personally represent another person or entity for compensation before the legislature, the governor, the executive office of the governor, members of the cabinet, a department that is headed by a member of the cabinet, or his or her former department for a period of six years following vacation of his or her position. A person who is serving as a secretary, executive director, or other agency head of a department of the executive branch of state government, may not personally represent another person or entity for compensation before any federal agency; the legislature; any state government body or agency, other than judicial tribunals; or any political

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subdivision of the state.

(3) A county officer pursuant to Article VIII or a county charter, a school board member, a superintendent of schools, an elected municipal officer, or an elected special district officer in a special district with ad valorem taxing authority, may not personally represent another person or entity for compensation:

- a. Before his or her former agency or governing body for a period of six years following vacation of office.
- b. Before any federal agency; the legislature; any state government body or agency, other than judicial tribunals; or any political subdivision of the state during his or her term of office.
- (4) This subsection may not be construed to prohibit a public officer or public employee from carrying out the duties of his or her public office.
- $\underline{\text{(5)}}$  Similar restrictions on other public officers and employees may be established by law.
- (f) There shall be an independent commission to conduct investigations and make public reports on all complaints concerning breach of public trust by public officers or employees not within the jurisdiction of the judicial qualifications commission.
- (g) (1) A code of ethics for all state employees and nonjudicial officers prohibiting conflict between public duty and private interests shall be prescribed by law.
- (2) A public officer or public employee may not abuse his or her public position in order to obtain a disproportionate benefit for himself or herself; his or her spouse, children, or

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employer; or for any business with which he or she contracts; in which he or she is an officer, a partner, a director, or a proprietor; or in which he or she owns an interest. The Florida Commission on Ethics shall, by rule in accordance with statutory procedures governing administrative rulemaking, define the term "disproportionate benefit" and prescribe the requisite intent for finding a violation of this prohibition for purposes of enforcing this paragraph. Appropriate penalties shall be prescribed by law.

- (h) This section shall not be construed to limit disclosures and prohibitions which may be established by law to preserve the public trust and avoid conflicts between public duties and private interests.
- (i) Schedule—On the effective date of this amendment and until changed by law:
- (1) Full and public disclosure of financial interests shall mean filing with the custodian of state records by July 1 of each year a sworn statement showing net worth and identifying each asset and liability in excess of \$1,000 and its value together with one of the following:
- a. A copy of the person's most recent federal income tax return; or
- b. A sworn statement which identifies each separate source and amount of income which exceeds \$1,000. The forms for such source disclosure and the rules under which they are to be filed shall be prescribed by the independent commission established in subsection (f), and such rules shall include disclosure of secondary sources of income.
  - (2) Persons holding statewide elective offices shall also

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file disclosure of their financial interests pursuant to paragraph (1) subsection (i)(1).

(3) The independent commission provided for in subsection (f) shall mean the Florida Commission on Ethics.

Section 13 of Article V of the State Constitution is amended to read:

ARTICLE V

#### JUDICIARY

SECTION 13. Ethics in the judiciary Prohibited activities.— All justices and judges shall devote full time to their judicial duties. A justice or judge may They shall not engage in the practice of law or hold office in any political party. For a period of six years following vacation of office, a justice or judge may not personally represent another person or entity for compensation before the legislative or executive branches of state government, other than practicing law before a judicial tribunal or in administrative quasi-judicial proceedings, as those terms are defined by general law.

A new section is added to Article XII of the State Constitution to read:

ARTICLE XII

## SCHEDULE

Prohibitions regarding personal representation for compensation and abuse of public position by public officers and public employees.—The amendments to Section 8 of Article II and Section 13 of Article V shall take effect December 31, 2020; except that the Florida Commission on Ethics shall, by rule,

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149 define the term "disproportionate benefit" and prescribe the 150 requisite intent for finding a violation of the prohibition 151 against abuse of public position by October 1, 2019, as 152 specified in Section 8(g) of Article II. 153 154 BE IT FURTHER PROPOSED that the following statement be placed on 155 the ballot: 156 157 CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT 158 ARTICLE II, SECTION 8 159 ARTICLE V, SECTION 13 160 ARTICLE XII, NEW SECTION 161 LOBBYING AND ABUSE OF OFFICE BY PUBLIC OFFICERS.—Expands

current restrictions on lobbying for compensation by former

compensation by serving public officers; provides exceptions;

prohibits certain abuses of public office for personal benefit.

public officers; creates restrictions on lobbying for

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