FLORIDA TAXATION AND BUDGET REFORM COMMISSION

IN RE: Committee Meeting

DATE: February 26, 2008

TIME: Commenced at 9:08 a.m.

Concluded at 10:09 a.m.

LOCATION: Knott Bldg., Room 412

Tallahassee, FL

REPORTED BY: LISA D. FREEZE, RPR

Notary Public

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MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE:

Hoyt "Barney" Barnett Martha W. Barnett Allan Bense R. Mark Bostick Talbot "Sandy" D'Alemberte Mike Haridopolos Mike Hogan Julia Johnson Bruce Kyle Carlos Lacasa Patricia Levesque Alan Levine Gwen Margolis Roberto "Bobby" Martinez Jacintha Mathis John M. McKay Robert "Bob" McKee Lesley J. "Les" Miller, Jr. Randy Miller Jade Thomas Moore Dan Gelber Nancy J. Riley Darryl E. Rouson Ray Sansom James "Jim" A. Scott Susan Story William Gregory "Greg" Turbeville Kenneth "Ken" Wilkinson Brian Yablonski

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	* * *
3	CHAIRMAN BENSE: Let's call our meeting to
4	order. Sorry to be a little tardy.
5	Nancy, could you call the roll, please.
6	MS. FRIER: Commissioner Barney Barnett.
7	MR. BARNETT: Here.
8	MS. FRIER: Commissioner Martha Barnett.
9	MS. BARNETT: Here.
10	MS. FRIER: Commissioner Bostick.
11	(No response.)
12	MS. FRIER: Commissioner D'Alemberte.
13	(No response.)
14	MS. FRIER: Commissioner Gelber.
15	MR. GELBER: Here.
16	MS. FRIER: Commissioner Haridopolos.

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17 (No response.)
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- 18 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Hogan.
- 19 (No response.)
- 20 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Johnson.
- 21 (No response.)
- MS. FRIER: Commissioner Kyle.
- JUDGE KYLE: Here.
- 24 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Lacasa.
- 25 (No response.)

- 1 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Levesque.
- 2 (No response.)
- 3 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Levine.
- 4 (No response.)
- 5 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Margolis.
- 6 (No response.)
- 7 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Martinez.
- 8 (No response.)
- 9 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Mathis.
- 10 MS. MATHIS: Here.
- 11 MS. FRIER: Commissioner McKay.
- MR. McKAY: Here.
- MS. FRIER: Commissioner McKee.

- 14 MR. McKEE: I'm here.
- 15 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Les Miller.
- MR. LES MILLER: Here.
- 17 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Randy Miller.
- 18 MR. RANDY MILLER: Here.
- 19 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Moore.
- MR. MOORE: Here.
- 21 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Riley.
- MR. RILEY: Here.
- MS. FRIER: Commissioner Rouson.
- MR. ROUSON: Here.
- 25 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Sansom.

- 1 (No response.)
- 2 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Story.
- 3 (No response.)
- 4 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Turbeville.
- 5 MR. TURBEVILLE: Here.
- 6 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Wilkinson.
- 7 MR. WILKINSON: Here.
- 8 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Yablonski.
- 9 MR. YABLONSKI: Here.
- 10 MS. FRIER: Vice Chair Scott.

(No response.) 11 12 MS. FRIER: Chair Bense. 13 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Here. 14 Looks like we have a quorum, Members, so 15 let's get started. First thing we are going to 16 have is the introduction and swearing in of our new commissioner, Dan Gelber. Representative 17 Gelber takes the place of Representative 18 19 Peterman, who is moving on to a new position. 20 We certainly wish him the best of luck. 21 How about if we have Judge Bruce Kyle, who 22 is also a member of this commission, administer the oath of office to Representative Gelber. 23 24 You are recognized. Can I wear your robe? 25 JUDGE KYLE: Sure. Anyone can try it on. 1 I've got it right over there. One size fits all. 2 Please raise your right hand. "I," state your name. 3 MR. GELBER: I, Dan Gelber. 4 5 JUDGE KYLE: "Do solemnly swear or affirm." 6 MR. GELBER: Do solemnly swear or affirm.

JUDGE KYLE: "That I will support, protect,

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- 8 and defend."
- 9 MR. GELBER: That I will support, protect,
- 10 and defend.
- 11 JUDGE KYLE: "The Constitution of the United
- 12 States."
- 13 MR. GELBER: The Constitution of the United
- 14 States.
- 15 JUDGE KYLE: "And of the State of Florida."
- MR. GELBER: And of the State of Florida.
- 17 JUDGE KYLE: "That I am duly qualified to
- 18 hold office."
- 19 MR. GELBER: That I am duly qualified to hold
- 20 office.
- 21 JUDGE KYLE: "Under the constitution of this
- 22 state."
- 23 MR. GELBER: Under the constitution of this
- 24 state.
- 25 JUDGE KYLE: "That I will well and faithfully

- 1 perform."
- 2 MR. GELBER: That I will well and faithfully
- 3 perform.
- 4 JUDGE KYLE: "The duty of a member of the

- 5 Taxation and Budget Reform Commission."
- 6 MR. GELBER: The duty of a member of the
- 7 Taxation and Budget Reform Commission.
- 8 JUDGE KYLE: "On which I am now about to
- 9 enter."
- 10 MR. GELBER: On which I am now about to
- 11 enter.
- JUDGE KYLE: "So help me God."
- MR. GELBER: So help me God.
- 14 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Congratulations,
- 15 Representative Gelber.
- 16 (Applause.)
- 17 CHAIRMAN BENSE: No speeches.
- 18 MR. GELBER: No.
- 19 CHAIRMAN BENSE: I am not sure you know what
- 20 you are getting yourself into, Representative
- 21 Gelber.
- 22 Members, I am sure most of you know that
- 23 Commissioner Gelber is also the minority leader
- 24 of the Florida House of Representatives and a
- 25 former colleague of mine whom I hold in the

- 2 MR. GELBER: Thank you.
- 3 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Also, special thanks to
- 4 Commissioner Barnett and her husband Rick for
- 5 hosting a wonderful social event last night at
- 6 their beautiful home.
- 7 (Applause.)
- 8 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Mr. Goodlette, why don't we
- 9 move on to the rules that we talked about last
- 10 week. If you could make a presentation to us.
- 11 Then we will follow that with the reports of
- 12 committees, and we'll follow that with votes on --
- I think you'll have your agendas here -- votes on
- 14 0017 and 0019.
- Mr. Goodlette, you are recognized.
- 16 MR. GOODLETTE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I
- 17 will try to be brief.
- 18 I did distribute an e-mail at the end of
- 19 work on Friday that summarizes the changes that
- 20 have been made. You will recall at the last
- 21 meeting of the commission that we had some
- 22 discussion about the process, if you will, and
- 23 the number of votes. These proposed changes
- 24 that are before you today, those have been done

meeting by our general counsel, Tom Cibula,myself, and Commissioner Martha Barnett.

And I would be happy to answer any questions you may have, but suffice it to say, under Rule 6.010, and that's contained in the memo that I had distributed, there is a -- 6.010, there's a change that now contemplates that all measures, constitutional proposals as well as statutory recommendations, once they pass favorably through all committees of reference, must be placed on the agenda of the commission.

There was previously some concern about some measures that had previously been approved that may not be required to come before the commission. I think, after discussing that with Commissioner Barnett, we thought that was an appropriate revision. So that was not discussed at the last meeting, but I think it's probably noncontroversial because any statutory recommendations and all constitutional

22	proposals reported favorably out of all
23	committees of reference would then be placed on
24	the agenda of the commission.
25	The other change, frankly, incorporates
1	we discussed previously the Style and Draftina

Committee. This proposed proposal before you expands the scope of the responsibility of Styling and Drafting to, in addition to conducting the technical review, to also take into consideration and to -- really, their authority is expanded to combine constitutional proposals and also to determine the order that those would appear on the ballot. Those previously, we had discussed, was a function of a coordinating committee.

We believe, because of the compression of time, it was our view that the Style and Drafting was the appropriate committee to do all of those things. If there are any questions about our thought process, I would be happy to answer those, but, primarily, that was because of the existency of time.

Then, finally and importantly, the current rules, as I mentioned last time, contemplate three votes, supermajority votes, of 17. This proposal contemplates just two votes of 17. At the first hearing, either 6.011 -- I'm sorry, 6.0107 contemplates -- and that's the first hearing -- contemplates a 17-vote requirement.

It then goes to the Style and Drafting -- it's a constitutional proposal -- then goes to the Styling and Drafting Committee, and then comes back for a final hearing, and that's under 6.012 of the rules.

At the final hearing, the recommendations, which would be -- the recommendations coming to this group from the Style and Drafting would primarily be combining measures or would be the order in which they're going to appear on the ballot. To change those recommendations would require majority vote, but from final approval, as required by Article 11, Section 6, of the state constitution, the measure would require 17 votes.

And the final thought that's incorporated
in this that wasn't previously discussed is, if
there are any amendments on the second reading,
at the second hearing, the final hearing, what
I am describing as the final hearing, any
amendments to the substance would also require
17 votes. So that's a summary of the changes
that are before you.

And there's another -- just a technical matter, Mr. Chairman, after any questions, I

want to cover, because the rules as they currently exist contemplate that this amendment would go to a committee that doesn't exist, and I wanted to just make sure that we covered that.

> CHAIRMAN BENSE: Okay. Members, I think you-all received these proposed changes last week. You've had time to review them. They appear to be pretty much what I saw heads nodding up and down on at our last meeting.

I want to also thank Martha Barnett and Tom Cibula, who have put a lot of time into

13 these rules. I know they went above and beyond 14 the call of duty, and I am grateful to them. But again, I -- and I think this is pretty much 15 what we discussed. Are there questions? Are 16 17 there suggestions? 18 Commissioner Turbeville, you are 19 recognized. 20 MR. TURBEVILLE: As we discussed last week, 21 there was contemplated a coordinating committee, 22 and so now that role has been shifted into Style 23 and Drafting, and they would be the committee that 24 does the combining of the amendments, if that's --25 if that occurs? 13 1 MR. GOODLETTE: Yes, Commissioner Turbeville, 2 that is correct. 3 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Commissioner Mathis, you are recognized. 5 MS. MATHIS: Mr. Goodlette, do you anticipate 6 any need for a measure that has been substantively 7 amended at Stage 8 to have to go back to Style and 8 Drafting? 9 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Mr. Goodlette, you are

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10	recognized.
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L1	MR. GOODLETTE: Thank you, Commissioner
L2	Mathis. We don't anticipate that. We did discuss
L3	that, and we would hope that there would be very
L4	few amendments, substantive amendments, at stop 8
L5	on your chart. I should have been referring to
L6	the chart because maybe that's what's in front of
L7	you. That's what I refer to as the final hearing.
L8	But if that was necessary, we think that would
19	have to just be done at the final hearing because
20	there wouldn't be time to send it back to Style
21	and Drafting again. That was our concern.
22	I think Commissioner Barnett, do you

want to comment on that?

CHAIRMAN BENSE: Commissioner Barnett, you are recognized. Why don't you weigh in on that a

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little bit.

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MS. BARNETT: Thank you. I think the idea was, as Mr. Goodlette said, is that would be an unusual circumstance. If it did require -- if it was of the nature that did require it, the Chair could allow the committee, the Styling and

- Drafting Committee, to meet and debate or discuss
 the need for any changes in the ballot language or
 the title or something like that.
- 10 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Members, I don't think

 11 there's a perfect solution. I think this is about

 12 as close to what all of us seem to agree upon.

 13 Obviously, with respect to the Style and Drafting

 14 Committee, it requires a little bit of a leap of

 15 faith, but I am pleased with what we had.
- More questions?
- 17 Commissioner Gelber, you are recognized.
- MR. GELBER: Thank you. Just so I

 understand, Step 8, if the Style and Drafting

 Committee combines measures that perhaps the full

 committee is not comfortable with, would that be

 considered a majority vote? In other words, since

 it's already been approved, if it came back here,

 the full committee could simply separate them and

combination of measures?

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2 MR. GOODLETTE: And that would be a majority 3 vote, yes, Commissioner Gelber.

change whatever Style and Drafting did by way of

4 CHAIRMAN BENSE: More discussion? I want to 5 make sure everyone is clear on this.

Okay. Commissioner Barnett moves that the rules be adopted based upon the information that you have received, the proposed drafting submission of consideration of measures that you received last week. You've heard an explanation by Mr. Goodlette. Commissioner Barnett moves that we consider this motion.

Are there questions? Is there debate?

Hearing none, all in favor say "Aye,"

opposed "No."

The rules have been amended.

Mr. Goodlette, was there another rule we wanted to -- that you pointed out to me just a while ago?

MR. GOODLETTE: I think, just so the record is clear, Mr. Chairman, the rules that currently exist, Rule 5.002 contemplates the following:

"All proposed actions relating to the rules after adoption of the final rules, which has already occurred, shall be presented to the coordinating

- committee for recommendation to the full
 commission."
- 3 Since that coordinating committee was 4 never, I guess, officially appointed, I think 5 it's important that the subcommittee or the 6 committee of one member, Commissioner Barnett, 7 working together with me and Tom Cibula, have basically offered that amendment that was just 8 9 approved. I think it's important that that 10 Rule 5.002 be waived for the purpose of accepting the recommendation that you've just 11 12 approved.

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- I just wanted to make -- I just think it's -- to be technically correct, I think it would be appropriate for the record to have a motion to -- which would require a two-third vote, to waive the provisions of Rule 5.002.
- CHAIRMAN BENSE: Does everyone understand?

 Okay. Commissioner Levesque moves.
- Questions? Debate? Are there objections?

 Seeing none, it is unanimous that

 Rule 5.002 be waived.
- 23 MR. GOODLETTE: Thank you very much,

- 24 Mr. Chairman.
- 25 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Commissioner Miller, you are

- 1 recognized.
- 2 MR. LES MILLER: It appears that the Style
- 3 and Drafting Committee would have a lot of work to
- 4 get done starting pretty soon. When are you
- 5 anticipating on appointing that?
- 6 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Right now.
- 7 MR. LES MILLER: Okay.
- 8 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Right now.
- 9 Members, some of you have come to me
- 10 requesting to be on the Styling and Drafting
- 11 Committee. I propose that the Styling and
- 12 Drafting Committee consist of Patricia
- 13 Levesque, Martha Barnett, Mike Hogan, Jim
- 14 Scott, Les Miller, as well as myself. That's
- 15 six people. Is there anyone else that wants to
- 16 join the fun?
- 17 Okay. Commissioner Les Miller, do you
- 18 move that those six names I just called out be
- 19 part of the Styling and Drafting Committee?
- 20 MR. LES MILLER: I move.

21	CHAIRMAN BENSE: Is there there's a
22	second.
23	Is there a discussion? Are there
24	questions? Are there objections?
25	Seeing none, the members of the Styling
	18
1	and Drafting Committee are Patricia Levesque,
2	Martha Barnett, Mike Hogan, Jim Scott, Les
3	Miller, and Allan Bense.
4	Okay. Let's move on to reports of
5	committees.
6	Chairman Susan Story cannot be here for
7	this meeting; although, she will be back for
8	this afternoon's F and T meeting. Commissioner
9	Kyle is going to make the report of the F and T
10	committee.
11	JUDGE KYLE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. The
12	finance and tax committee met yesterday and passed
13	an amended version of CP0002 and an amended
14	version of Constitutional Proposal 21. Both
15	proposals addressed the reduction of the ad
16	valorem school taxes and replacement of those
17	taxes from other sources.

18 In addition, the committee passed CP50, 19 which also addresses the required local effort 20 in a manner very similar to how CP2 was amended. The committee passed Statutory 21 22 Recommendation 49 to address zero-based 23 line-item budgeting for local government units, 24 and the committee meets again this afternoon from 1:30 to 6:00 p.m. and will take up 25 19 1 Constitutional Proposal 48 by Commissioner 2 Martha Barnett, Constitutional Proposal 35 by 3 the Governmental Services Committee, and 4 Statutory Recommendation 36 by the Governmental 5 Services Committee as well. I have been told 6 we should not be there until six. I guess we 7 are hopeful. 8 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Commission Turbeville -- any questions on the F and T meeting? 9 10 Thank you, Commissioner Kyle. Commissioner Turbeville, are you ready to 11 12 do the Procedures and Structures committee or 13 do you want some time? 14 MR. TURBEVILLE: Sure. No, I'm ready.

L5	CHAIRMAN BENSE: You are recognized.
L6	MR. TURBEVILLE: Yesterday the Governmental
L7	Procedures and Structures Committee met. We had
L8	seven items on the agenda, three of which were
L9	postponed to a future meeting. Those three items
20	were Constitutional Proposal No. 22 by
21	Commissioner Rouson dealing with affordable
22	housing. That was TP'd. Also, Constitutional
23	Proposal No. 42, which dealt with property
24	assessment and presumption of correctness by
25	Commissioner Barney Barnett, as well as
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1	Constitutional Proposal No. 46 by Commissioner
2	Hogan that dealt with unfunded mandates, due to
3	various reasons, those three proposals were
4	temporarily postponed.
5	The four proposals that did pass
6	yesterday, one was Constitutional Proposal 07
7	by the F and T Committee, which requires the
8	Legislature to vote on whether to repeal sales
9	tax exemptions. It sets up a process for that.

That passed out of the committee four to three.

Also, Constitutional Proposal No. 26 by

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12	Commissioner Turbeville, which requires	
13	65 percent of school funding to be spent in the	
14	classroom rather then on administration, that	
15	passed out of committee unanimously.	
16	Also, Statutory Revision No. 29 by the	
17	F and T Committee, which creates a joint	
18	legislative committee to review sales tax	
19	exemptions passed out of the committee.	
20	And finally, a committee work product	
21	which deals with the Blaine and uniformity	
22	provisions in the constitution was considered	
23	in previous meetings, and it was passed out of	
24	the committee yesterday unanimously.	
25	The actual substance came from some of the	
		21
1	public testimony that the committee had	
2	received from various groups that said there	
3	was still a threat to educational programs,	
4	some of which are school-choice programs and	
5	known under that banner. Others, other	
6	programs, that are also threatened are	

8 committee work product that was approved

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healthcare programs. So this particular

9	unanimously by the committee authorizes the
10	Legislature to provide public services through
11	private providers without regard to their
12	religious nature and do so in a way that is in
13	the best benefit of those who are receiving the
14	services.
15	So Constitutional Proposal No. 40 was
16	approved by the committee. Hopefully, we'll

approved by the committee. Hopefully, we'll have additional committee work product that will pass out of the committee in future meetings.

CHAIRMAN BENSE: Any questions of Commissioner Turbeville?

Okay. Government Services was chaired by Commissioner Martinez, and Commissioner Les Miller is going to give that report. We recognize Commissioner Miller.

1 MR. LES MILLER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
2 The Governmental Services Committee met yesterday
3 and passed out a couple of constitutional
4 proposals and statutory recommendations. The
5 first one is Statutory Recommendation 36 by the

6	Governmental Services Committee relating to	
7	taxation structure to fund transportation programs	S
8	with amendments. It also passed Constitutional	
9	Proposal 30 by the Governmental Services Committee	e
10	to modify the class size of the amendment.	
11	It passed out Constitutional Proposal 35	
12	by the Governmental Services Committee to allow	
13	local optional tax to supplement community	
14	college funding.	
15	It passed out Statutory Recommendation by	
16	the Governmental Services Committee relating to	
17	alternatives to year and one day citizen to	
18	reduce correction cost. And, finally, voted to	
19	approve the committee report on state court	
20	system.	
21	CHAIRMAN BENSE: Any questions of	
22	Commissioner Miller?	
23	Thank you, Commissioner Miller, for	
24	stepping in there.	
25	Let's move on to Statutory Recommendation	
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- 1 No. 0017 by the Finance and Tax Committee.
- 2 This deals with the streamlined sales tax.

- Commissioner Miller, you are recognized to present the proposal.
- 5 MR. RANDY MILLER: Mr. Chair, I would like to 6 go to the well right there, if I could.
- 7 CHAIRMAN BENSE: You got it.
- 8 Next up will be Commissioner Rouson, but 9 we'll focus on Commissioner Miller for now.
- 10 MR. RANDY MILLER: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
- 11 Members of the commission. I am going to talk to
- 12 you about an issue that -- Statutory
- 13 Recommendation 17, which deals with streamlined
- 14 sales tax. This is an issue that has been
- discussed by the Finance and Tax Committee and was
- adopted by the committee, and now I have been
- 17 assigned ownership to try to get it through the
- 18 commission as well as to try to work with the
- 19 Legislature in the upcoming session to try to get
- 20 this proposal enacted into law.
- 21 All right. What is the background? There
- 22 has been a slippage in the sales tax collection
- for many, many years, going back to 1966 with a
- 24 case called National Bellas Hess as the first
- 25 time the Supreme Court said states cannot

Ţ	require someone not located in that state to
2	collect their sales tax. It was over
3	National Bellas Hess dealt with some catalog
4	sales.
5	So in 1986, when I was revenue director,
6	we started seeing some problems with this
7	issue, and we passed into Florida law a
8	mechanism to try to enter into contacts with
9	other states where they would collect our sales
10	tax for us and we would collect their sales tax
11	for them on citizens between shipping back and
12	forth. The biggest scam we had going then was
13	mail order sales. The sales tax was not
14	collected, but, in fact, what was happening was
15	a lot of folks were just using out-of-state
16	addresses and putting the item in their pocket,
17	primarily expensive jewelry in their pocket,
18	and sending them back a box of sand in New
19	York. So we saw a lot of that. We tried that.
20	It didn't work. Just too cumbersome to work.

Internet and e-commerce has become a

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Later on, Internet cropped up, and

significant, significant issue in our economy.

There is slippage here because we still have
another case that came along called Quill that

further affirmed that the states cannot require
a remote seller to collect its sales tax.

There's a lot of reasons for that, and we'll
get into it. But that's just a quick overview
of where we were in Florida.

The Sales Tax Simplification project is an ongoing process today. Currently, we have 45 states plus the District of Columbia that impose a sales and use tax. However, there are over 7,000 jurisdictions that impose a sales tax and use tax administered by the states in Alabama, Colorado, and Louisiana at the county level, city level. So it's a big problem for retailers to understand what the tax rate is in those 7,000 jurisdictions.

Retailers located in the state are required to collect the tax. If you have a physical presence in that state, you have to collect the tax.

Now, the corollary to the sales tax is the use tax. It's owed by the consumer when the retailer does not collect the tax. So if you buy something -- let's say here in Tallahassee you're able to go to Georgia, 19 miles away.

You buy something big and bring it back, you

are supposed to pay the use tax. I am sure all of us do.

But there is a site -- in case your conscience is getting to you, there is a site on the Department of Revenue website that you can go in and find that form and pay up through your past indiscretions, and I am sure all of you will do that.

But for decades the states have sought to have out-of-state retailers collect their tax.

1992, in Quill Corp., again reaffirmed that the states have no authority. If the retailer has no physical presence in the state, it would burden it, be a burden on interstate commerce and would therefore violate the commerce clause of the U.S. Constitution.

So what does that mean? When you are
looking on even on your TV, when you see
these infomercials, if that guy is not located
in the state of Florida, we are not going to
collect any tax on him. Now, Home Shopping
Network, on the other hand, when they are on
the cable and you decide to buy something, and
it's going to be mailed to your Florida
address, they're going to collect the tax. But

they are not going to collect that tax if they made at 19 miles further north. It's just the way it works.

Now, some of the states, what's at stake, compliance with the sale tax laws by multistate corporations is too complex. Fact: Local merchants suffer from a lack of a level playing field.

And that's what we are talking about here.

My constituents, the people I am employed by,

are saying, "Hey, we want a level playing

field." It's not about the money; it's about

the level playing field. And we'll talk about

- that a little bit in a few minutes.
- 15 But there are significant losses of
- 16 revenue expected due to the growth in
- 17 electronic commerce. Just as an aside, we
- 18 estimate it increased about 28 percent last
- 19 year. It is getting tremendous. It is huge.
- We've had some studies done back in 2004.
- 21 Dr. Bill Fox at the University of Tennessee
- 22 produced a study on state and local government
- losses to the Internet. About 15 to
- 24 \$16 billion in 2003 was their estimate at that
- 25 time. They have since gone back and adjusted
- 1 those, looking at the economy and some of the
- 2 slippage in the economy, and have come back and

- 3 said, "Okay. For those guys that were critical
- 4 of our process, we will do a low and we will do
- 5 a high." But if you still look at the low,
- 6 it's 21 and half billion dollars versus
- 7 33.7 billion on the high end of lost tax.
- 8 That's not the sales. That is the tax that
- 9 we're losing to all governments in the country,
- 10 state and local.

And we expect like I said, the trend is
increasing, 28 percent. I know a lot of you
here, you may not want to admit it, but, at one
time or another, probably has bought something
over the Internet. And where there's a choice,
let's say sometimes when you look and you can
get the same item, and you got a Florida-based
retailer, and you know he's going to collect
the taxes when you go to check out and you see
that tax, but when you can go get the same item
from someone else out of state, there is no
tax, and typically, there is no shipping costs.
So where do you buy it? You go on the
Internet, and the next day or so it shows up.
Anyway, to try to solve this, when the

Court issued the last decision in Quill, the
National Governors Association and the NCSL
requested the National Association of Tax
Administrators to assist in coming up with some
way to solve this problem. Everybody sees it
as a big, big problem. They wanted us to work
together to make the system less complex,

address the unlevel playing field for merchants in state, and we have a lot of them in the state of Florida that are concerned about it; address losses of revenue from states unable to collect taxes already imposed.

Let me stress one more time: This tax is already due; it's just the State of Florida has no easy mechanism to collect it. A lot of states that have personal income tax have a box on the tax return at the end. You estimate what your income was, and, typically, you would see, well, how much did you spend over the Internet, calculate your tax, and send it in. That's the way they are doing it. I am not proposing we do it that way, but we do need to solve the problem.

Who is involved with this project? You got 44 states, District of Columbia, and Puerto

Rico. You have the legislative branch and executive branches in those states, local governments, tax practitioners. The business community has been a big, big advocate of this

and has worked closely with all the National Associations to try to get something that is reasonable and is possible to do.

We wanted to create a simpler system for administering the various state and local sales taxes; where something could not be made more simple, make it uniform; balance the interest of the state sovereignty with the interest of simplicity and uniformity.

There's been some discussion that, if you join this, you lose your sovereignty. That is not correct. The simple facts are you, the State -- in this case, State Legislature -- can determine whether to tax an item or exempt it. All we are simply doing here with this proposal is making the definitions uniform. Whether to tax it or not is still a decision of the Legislature.

We want to leverage the use of technology fees to tax collection, try to correct that burden that the Court spoke of.

- which I have a copy of it if anybody would like
- 3 to see it, was approved in November 2002.
- 4 Again, the provisions are based on
- 5 simplification, uniformity, and technology
- 6 principles: Simplification, uniformity,
- 7 technology, balancing of the interests.
- 8 Effective October 1, 2005, we had 17 full
- 9 members and five associate members that are
- 10 coming in as we speak. January 1st, 2008,
- 11 Nevada, Ohio, Tennessee, Utah, and Washington
- 12 became full members. We're asking that we have
- 13 Florida added to that group.
- 14 The governance of the program is you have
- 15 a governing board. Each state has a vote and a
- 16 member. You can have four delegates, but you
- 17 have one vote. You have the -- the governing
- 18 board is a nonprofit entity. The governing
- 19 board is advised by a state and local advisory
- 20 council and a business advisory council.
- Now, getting back to that four-member
- 22 delegation, the Legislature can decide who
- those are. You can be a Governor and each
- 24 House; it can be any combination. But we only

1	Now, part of the problem was someone asked
2	the question the other day: Well, if this is
3	such a good idea, why hasn't California joined?
4	Well, California, with its 58 million
5	population, has decided it is bigger than most
6	countries, and it will not accept one vote. It
7	wants two or three. So they have not come in.
8	And they do have a big problem out there that
9	they are going to have to try to address
10	eventually.

But, to try to summarize, what we would be asking the Legislature to do would be to change the Florida sales and use tax law to conform with the agreement.

Now, what is that going to do for us right now? It will not increase any big sum of money that will be collected. As a matter of fact, we will probably lose some money initially on it because of some of the provisions in the uniformity of how you round. Florida has been taking advantage of math for a long time and

been going out to the fourth place and rounding
up. This one is a three-place down. So it
costs about \$48 million in savings to the
citizens on the street every day if we would

adopt that. So there's some changes.

It's unfortunate that Florida was not at the table with a full vote when some of these definitions -- and I am not going to say a thing, Mr. Speaker -- when Florida was not at the table during some of the formative discussions of this proposal, of this plan.

What does it mean today if we adopted it?
We would be looking at voluntary compliance.
There are 1,100 companies that have voluntarily registered to collect the tax for those 22 states. They have collected \$87 million last year for those 22 states.

Now, the numbers get bigger the more you rely on sales tax. For the state of Florida, our sales tax collections are about \$21 million a year. So you can see that it would have a significant impact on our collections, but it's

only going to be voluntary.

Now, those that are registered in the

state of Florida, nothing changes for those.

Those guys will not be expected to collect the

tax for the state of Alabama or Georgia. It's

only those that register for multistate

transactions voluntarily that would be impacted

initially.

Now, Congress has before it a bill that would be required to be passed by the Congress to allow full implementation of this. Once it is done, then all states would participate, and the vendors, remote vendors, would have to collect the sales tax. And that's where we want to be. Nothing's going to happen today, but we need to be in the position not to have to have this debate after Congress acts.

Now, some of you are going to say, "Well, Congress has been looking at this for many, many years." They have. Eventually, it will happen. Eventually, when e-commerce gets to the level that it's a more significant problem

- than it is today, I think Congress will act.

 But we, as the states, have come together and solved the problem.
- 19 (Brief interruption by telephone.)
- 20 MR. RANDY MILLER: Anyway, we will be in a
 21 position to participate, and I think it's the
 22 right thing for the State of Florida to do. I
 23 think it levels the playing field --
- 24 (Brief interruption by telephone.)
- MR. RANDY MILLER: Anyway, it will level the

playing field for Florida retailers, and it will make law-abiding citizens of a lot of our folks

35

- 3 who are not currently aware that they should be
- 4 paying the taxes.

1

- 5 Mr. Chairman, I'd be happy to answer any
- 6 questions, if I might.
- 7 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Are there questions of the 8 sponsor of the proposal?
- 9 Commissioner Hogan, you are recognized.
- 10 MR. HOGAN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I spend
- 11 a lot of time on the Internet, and I am a
- 12 collector. I collect coats and cameras and

L3	elephants and a lot of different things, and it's
L4	almost like some of the host engines are like flea
L5	markets. I know it's probably early to ask you
L6	this question, but what is the thought in regards
L7	to who would collect the tax? I mean, there are
L8	millions of people selling.
L9	MR. RANDY MILLER: Yes.
20	MR. HOGAN: For instance, E-bay, would E-bay
21	then be responsible for collecting the taxes?
22	MR. RANDY MILLER: That's a very good
23	question, Mr. Hogan. What we have in the proposal
24	is a \$5 million or floor to be required to
25	participate. In other words, if you are a vendor
	36
1	on E-bay and your annual sales are less than
2	\$5 million, which is quite a lot of money. I
3	mean, that's not really typically what we would
4	recognize as small business, but that is the
5	number that's contained in the agreement is
6	\$5 million. So E-bay, individuals on E-bay that

9 Now, one thing I could -- I've skipped

to have to register and collect the tax.

7

8

sell less than \$5 million, would not be required

10	over it, but the technology part is there will
11	be certified vendors that will be able to
12	provide the tax-collection software. Then,
13	basically, you just plug it right into your
14	computer. It's not a big deal. Plus you have
15	some protections on audit that you would not be
16	subjected to all of the audits from all of the
17	states if you have a certified vendor package
18	that you are using to collect the tax.
19	Any other questions?
20	CHAIRMAN BENSE: Commissioner Hogan, I hope
21	you have a big backyard if you collect elephants
22	MR. HOGAN: Not live ones, no.
23	CHAIRMAN BENSE: Any more questions?
24	All right. Commissioner Moore, you are
25	recognized for questioning.

MR. MOORE: Randy, this sounds like such a great idea. Why hasn't the Legislature already approved it?

MR. RANDY MILLER: Well, in the past, we've had plenty of money, and it's just not been a big issue. But it's not about the money; it's about

- 7 equity and leveling the playing field.
- 8 But there are some that believe that this
- 9 would be a tax increase, and it is not a tax
- 10 increase, ladies and gentlemen. The tax is
- 11 already due. This is just simply a mechanism
- 12 to collect the tax that is already due.
- 13 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Commissioner Kyle, you are
- 14 recognized.
- 15 JUDGE KYLE: Thank you, Mr. Speaker.
- So Florida would get one vote if they
- joined the governance board, correct?
- 18 MR. RANDY MILLER: Correct.
- 19 JUDGE KYLE: The board is what sets the
- 20 definitions for the taxes, correct?
- 21 MR. RANDY MILLER: Correct.
- 22 JUDGE KYLE: So if Florida voted no and
- 23 everyone else voted yes, we would have to come
- 24 back and change the definitions for Florida to
- 25 match the governing board; right?

- 1 MR. RANDY MILLER: The -- yeah.
- 2 JUDGE KYLE: The bottom line. It appears to
- 3 me that you are giving up some of Florida's

- 4 governing authority by joining.
- 5 MR. RANDY MILLER: No, you are not. What you
- 6 are doing is you're establishing uniform
- 7 definitions. Now, you can exempt or tax those,
- 8 but we will have a definition of what is -- let's
- 9 say, what is a candy bar would be standard all
- 10 across the United States; whereas, today, it is
- 11 not. But then you have the decision whether or
- 12 not you want to tax that candy bar or not.
- 13 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Commissioner Kyle for
- follow-up.
- 15 JUDGE KYLE: But if you disagree with the
- definition, you still have to go with their
- 17 definition.
- MR. RANDY MILLER: Well, it's the same as the
- 19 Uniform Commercial Code, Commissioner.
- JUDGE KYLE: Okay.
- 21 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Commissioner Yablonski, you
- 22 are recognized.
- 23 MR. YABLONSKI: Commissioner Miller, you had
- the conversation about California and why they
- 25 were not full members. Also, I think Texas and

- New York are not full members yet. Do you know
 the reason why those other large states have not
- joined? Is it the same reason as California?
- 4 MR. RANDY MILLER: Texas has had some
 5 problems with the way you source the sale, but
 6 they are working through that. We made some
- 7 accommodation --
- And, Mr. Kyle, there is accommodations

 made by the board. If there is a big problem

 with the state, they will work with the state

 to try to get that accommodated.
- But they are moving along, Commissioner
 Yablonski, and should be in the pack pretty
 soon.
- MR. YABLONSKI: New York?
- 16 MR. RANDY MILLER: New York? I don't know 17 the story on New York. I know about Texas.
- 18 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Commissioner Turbeville, you 19 are recognized.
- 20 MR. TURBEVILLE: Since there are 22 states
 21 currently participating, if Florida adopted this
 22 measure, we would voluntarily comply with those
 23 other 22 states that are already part of the

25	MR. RANDY MILLER: We would be adopting
	40
1	standard definitions in our sales tax laws. We
2	would not necessarily adopt the same treatment of
3	the taxation of those items under Florida law.
4	But the proposal we have before us today would be
5	doing that, but the Legislature has the ability
6	not to do some of those things.
7	MR. TURBEVILLE: Just as a follow-up,
8	Chairman, do we know how many exemptions currently
9	in law in Florida will be affected by this
10	modification or by the new rules set at the
11	national level?
12	MR. RANDY MILLER: I have not I am sure
13	that the staff has evaluated that. I have not
14	taken a close look at that. But again, exemption,
15	taxation, is a matter of states' desires. So we
16	would be taking whatever we have exempt would be
17	exempt under this proposal.
18	CHAIRMAN BENSE: Commissioner D'Alemberte,
19	you are recognized.
20	MR D'ALEMRERTE: Commissioner Miller the

24 coalition; is that correct?

- 21 provision relating to the \$5,000 cap on 22 discretionary sales surtax, is that a necessary part of this? And does Florida at that point then 23 24 cap a sales tax on these items of motor vehicles, 25 aircraft, boats, and so forth? 41 1 MR. RANDY MILLER: Commissioner D'Alemberte, 2 the \$5,000 is a provision in current Florida law 3 on local option taxes already. 4 MR. D'ALEMBERTE: On local option tax, yeah. 5 MR. RANDY MILLER: Yeah. 6 MR. D'ALEMBERTE: But not on state sales tax. 7 MR. RANDY MILLER: No. CHAIRMAN BENSE: Further questions? Further 8 9 questions of the sponsor? Are there any amendments out here on this? 10
- 10 Are there any amendments out here on this?

 11 None floating around.
- Okay. How about debate? Is there debate?

 Is there a debate on the proposal? I think

 most of you got your debate out in the question

 phase.
- Before we close, I want to answer

 Commissioner Moore's question about why didn't

it pass before. Probably I was more
responsible for anyone else for not bringing
this up in the Florida House.

My reasons, frankly, were there was so much money coming in during that period of time of 2004, 2005, 2006, that I just didn't think that the government needed any more money at that point in time.

I am going to support this today because I think that times are tougher, and it's also a matter of fairness. You do have retailers that are out there that have bricks and mortgages, pay ad valorem taxes and so on, and you also have my support.

But I also have to add that, during your presentation, Commissioner D'Alemberte told me he does fill out the forms on the Department of Revenue site. Anyone else, I wouldn't believe it, but I believe you.

MR. D'ALEMBERTE: I just started doing it.

MR. RANDY MILLER: Early on, when we had this discussion, he asked about -- he said, "Where

- 15 would I go to do this?" And I explained to him
- 16 how to go on the Internet and find that site. So
- 17 he's been doing it.
- 18 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Any more debate?
- 19 Seeing none, Commissioner Miller having
- 20 closed on his proposal, Nancy, please call the
- 21 role.
- MS. FRIER: Commissioner Barney Barnett?
- MR. BARNETT: Yes.
- MS. FRIER: Commissioner Martha Barnett?
- MS. BARNETT: Yes.

1 MS. FRIER: Commissioner D'Alemberte?

- 2 MR. D'ALEMBERTE: Yes.
- 3 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Hogan?
- 4 MR. HOGAN: Yes.
- 5 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Kyle?
- 6 JUDGE KYLE: No.
- 7 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Levesque?
- 8 MS. LEVESQUE: Yes.
- 9 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Mathis?
- 10 MS. MATHIS: Yes.
- 11 MS. FRIER: Commissioner McKay?

- 12 MR. McKAY: Yes.
- 13 MS. FRIER: Commissioner McKee?
- MR. McKEE: No.
- MS. FRIER: Commissioner Les Miller?
- MR. LES MILLER: Yes.
- 17 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Randy Miller?
- 18 MR. RANDY MILLER: Yes.
- 19 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Moore?
- MR. MOORE: Yes.
- 21 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Riley?
- MS. RILEY: Yes.
- MS. FRIER: Commissioner Rouson?
- MR. ROUSON: Yes.
- MS. FRIER: Commissioner Turbeville?

- 1 MR. TURBEVILLE: No.
- 2 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Wilkinson?
- 3 MR. WILKINSON: Yes.
- 4 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Yablonski?
- 5 MR. YABLONSKI: No.
- 6 MS. FRIER: Chair Bense?
- 7 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Yes. And by your vote --
- 8 this requires majority vote -- the statutory

- 9 proposal is approved.
- 10 MR. RANDY MILLER: Thank you, sir.
- 11 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Okay. Let's move on to the
- 12 next proposal, which would be by Commissioner
- 13 Darryl Rouson, Statutory Recommendation Number
- 14 0011.
- MR. ROUSON: Good morning, Chairman Bense and
- my fellow commissioners. I have to say that I am
- 17 very honored to be able to stand in front of you
- 18 and talk about this proposal. The fact of the
- matter is I have, through the sum total of my
- 20 collective experience, lived all of my life for
- 21 this moment, and I don't think you want to
- 22 disappoint me. Therefore, I will keep it
- 23 basically brief.
- I want to acknowledge the assistance of
- 25 Hugh McMillan and Allison DeFoor, who are

1 present here today, in helping me with this

- 2 proposal. But the idea is, through SR19, to
- 3 pass on a recommendation with the full support
- 4 of this commission that will expand existing
- 5 faith-based beds in our state prisons,

requiring the DOC evaluate the benefits and replicate where feasible the expansion of these faith-based beds.

It has three basic purposes behind it.

The first is a public safety mission in that it protects the citizens. If we are able while we are warehousing and babysitting inmates, in a sense, if we are able to reach their hearts and their souls and their minds, then, certainly, it protects the citizens of this great state when they reenter.

Secondly, it protects the guards. Some of you may have heard of some of the stories coming out of Hillsborough County Jail recently where inmates have been attacked by guards, and Sheriff G got on the airwaves and said, "Well, wait a minute. You know, I have 200 incidents a year where my guards are attacked by inmates, some of them stabbed and hurt, and it goes both ways." And I think with this type of proposal,

1 what we are trying to create, it would also

2 protect the safety of guards, of correction

3 officers.

Thirdly, it enhances personal responsibility, and that's what we all should be about, some personal accountability and some personal responsibility for changing our lives when we have done some things in violation of law.

And lastly, I believe, and I think the staff agrees with me through their analysis, that this has a positive budget impact. It reduces recidivism; reduces the cost; and, hopefully, will reduce the need to build more prisons; and it also utilizes volunteers from faith communities to come into the prisons and help to administer this program.

I had a great meeting yesterday with

Secretary McNeil of Department of Corrections,

and he supports this concept entirely. He

expressed a couple of concerns about a bill

that Senator Webster is putting forth and to

the extent that this might mandate a

site-specific faith-based prison. He has some

concerns about that. He also has some concerns

about the Department's ability to meet th	ıe
number of beds that might be requested an	ıd
might be required by this proposal.	

But having said that, he does not object to this statutory recommendation moving forward and passing it on to the Legislature where it will most likely be matched and meshed and mashed, if you will, with some other legislation that's currently making its way.

So I ask you today to pass this measure.

It's an attempt to start small and expand as
the system allows, but it will create a greater
opportunity for inmates to experience faith,
the application of faith, in terms of their
reentry into society.

I think that when Secretary McNeil and I talked yesterday, we agreed on one thing: That the whole nature of prisons have changed. We have done away with a lot of rehabilitative programs that we used to have in prisons as a part of moving more towards punishment. We may never reach a day in my lifetime or yours where

after questions, then you can -- we'll do

questions. Are there questions of the sponsor

18

19

- of the proposal?

 Okay. Seeing none, Mr. DeFoor, Allison

 DeFoor, you are recognized to speak on the

 proposal. State your name and address. And

 welcome.
- 25 MR. DUFOUR: Allison DeFoor, 200 West College
 49

Avenue, Tallahassee, Florida. I know most of you,

and most of you know me well enough to know I am

not wearing socks, so I don't need to give too

much of an introduction.

As you know, I have been about everything in the justice system you can be except a prisoner and a probation officer, so I have seen this beast from about every angle you can see it. This is a dramatically different attempt by the system to look at a whole different way of doing business.

I have watched every way this system can fail, that it can fail. I've been a county judge, a circuit judge, a public defender, a prosecutor, a sheriff in my county, member of the bar -- Florida governors of the bar. I

17	taught criminal justice and law. I've got a
18	master's in criminology as well as a law
19	degree. I really do know this beast. And we
20	are failing, and we are failing dramatically,
21	and we are failing extensively.

What this is is an attempt -- and it's not just faith-based. It's much more, frankly, character-based than it is faith-based. It is trying to shift from a very negative model that

does not work to a positive model that

apparently does work, and I can demonstrate

both, frankly.

The faith element is important. It's important to me because that's the element that I work in, but that is a model, or a portion of it, that doesn't involve any state money. All of the faith portion involves people like me.

I am in the Episcopal church, believe it or not, and we go in every Sunday and we have a mass. That doesn't cost you folks a nickel of state money. We go in on our own dime and do that.

The portions that involve character are run all during the week and involve things like anger management, teaching these folks how to deal with their checkbooks, teaching folks how to deal which life skills, which they just simply don't have, which is part of how they end up there in the first place.

The results are dramatically different.

The overall system produces a failure rate, a recidivism rate as it's called in the system, of 33 percent over three years from the time they are released until three years later.

Over 50 percent if you go out five years.

I think that there's a guide. I know what those numbers cost. I can prove that. Those numbers -- Florida will release 12,000 prisoners this year. If we get 33 percent of them back in three years. That's 4,000 prisoners. That is two 2,000-person-bed prisons. That will cost \$100 million each to build and will cost \$30 million each to

10 operate, forever, because we never close a

11 prison once we have opened them. Forever.

That's why it's before the Tax and Budget
Reform Commission. This is real money. We
cannot continue on the system that we are on.

This alternative more positive model has produced very dramatically different numbers.

When I say "dramatically different," I mean the difference between 33 percent failure rate over three years versus 7 percent for the faith- and character-based prisons. Some of that is self-selected, but they have been able to tease out statistically the -- they can compare apples to apples is, I guess, the best and easiest way to explain it statistically. So when you tease out the factors that would

involve self-selection, you still -- that's
single-digit recidivism rates versus
3 gercent.

It's a pretty simple choice, but it is -it says everything about the system that we are
in right now that you would even have to have a
discussion about 7 percent versus 33 percent.

- 8 This is absurd. We are on a failing system.
- 9 We have got to get off of it.
- 10 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Thank you, Mr. DeFoor.
- 11 Are there are questions of the presenter?
- 12 Okay. We are in debate phase on
- 13 Commissioner Rouson's bill. I want you to stay
- 14 up there, Commissioner. Any debate? Any
- debate on this proposal? Is there any debate?
- Seeing none, I don't think I would close.
- 17 I think you are looking pretty good right now
- 18 Commissioner Rouson, having waived his closing,
- 19 Nancy, please call the roll.
- 20 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Barney Barnett?
- MR. BARNETT: Yes.
- 22 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Martha Barnett?
- MS. BARNETT: Yes.
- 24 MS. FRIER: Commissioner D'Alemberte?

MR. D'ALEMBERTE: Yes.

1 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Hogan?

- THE TREETY COMMITS STOTE THOSE
- 2 MR. HOGAN: Yes.
- 3 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Kyle?
- 4 JUDGE KYLE: Yes.

- 5 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Levesque?
- 6 MS. LEVESQUE: Yes.
- 7 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Mathis?
- 8 MS. MATHIS: Yes.
- 9 MS. FRIER: Commissioner McKay?
- 10 MR. McKAY: Yes.
- 11 MS. FRIER: Commissioner McKee.
- MR. McKEE: Yes.
- MS. FRIER: Commissioner Les Miller?
- 14 MR. LES MILLER: Yes.
- 15 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Randy Miller?
- MR. RANDY MILLER: Yes.
- 17 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Moore?
- 18 MR. MOORE: Yes.
- MS. FRIER: Commissioner Riley?
- 20 MS. RILEY: Yes.
- 21 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Rouson?
- MR. ROUSON: Yes.
- 23 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Turbeville?
- MR. TURBEVILLE: Yes.
- 25 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Wilkinson?

- 2 MS. FRIER: Commissioner Yablonski?
- 3 MR. YABLONSKI: Yes.
- 4 MS. FRIER: Chair Bense?
- 5 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Yes.
- 6 And by your vote, the proposal passes.
- 7 MR. ROUSON: Thank you very much,
- 8 Commissioners.
- 9 CHAIRMAN BENSE: Congratulations.
- 10 Next up, folks, let's talk about meeting
- 11 dates. As you can see on the agenda, we are
- 12 looking at a March 6 Planning and Budgetary
- 13 Process committee meeting.
- We are hoping, by the way, by March 6 to
- 15 have all of our bills through all of the
- 16 committees. That's our goal. That's pretty
- 17 close by. So then we really get into the work
- of the commission. Full TBRC meetings on the
- 19 7th, the 17th, the 26th, the 4th, and the 2nd
- of May. These are tentative, but if you can
- 21 put them on your calendar as soon as possible.
- We'll be meeting, I think, in the DOT building
- 23 because session will be going on here so
- 24 that's -- Recognize Commissioner Miller.

1	dates?
2	CHAIRMAN BENSE: Oh, I'm so sorry.
3	March 6th, Planning and Budgetary Processes
4	Committee.
5	March 7th, full TBRC commission meeting.
6	March 17th, full TBRC commission meeting.
7	March 26th, full TBRC commission meeting.
8	April 4th, full TBRC commission meeting.
9	May 2nd, full TBRC commission meeting.
LØ	Also, on March 6th, a possible
L1	Governmental Procedures and Structures
L2	Committee meeting.
L3	And we've got a couple more dates that we
L4	have in reserve in case a late proposal is
L5	filed or something like that. And what I would
L6	like to do is put these put the agendas out
L7	as far ahead of time as possible so that
L8	interested parties who want to come and testify
L9	and so on can attend the meeting and have
20	plenty of advanced notice.

So we'll begin working as these bills --

22	as these proposals clear their committees, we
23	will do the best we can. Executive director
24	Susan Skelton will do the best she can, and
25	Mr. Goodlette, of giving advance notice a

couple of weeks, hopefully, of what issues will come up on budget.

Are there questions? Anything for the good of the order?

Members, thank you for attending. I know we've -- Susan tells me are up to 115, 120 meetings already, either in committee or as a full commission, and we are getting into the meat of the matters and issues right now. I appreciate -- yesterday, at the F and T committee meeting, all 11 committee members attended, and we're getting down to the short rows as we say in the Panhandle. So thank you for attending, and Commissioner Moore moves we rise.

(The proceedings concluded at 10:09 AM)

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                   CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
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     STATE OF FLORIDA
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     COUNTY OF LEON
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               I, LISA D. FREEZE, Notary Public, certify
 9
    that I was authorized to and did stenographically
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11
     report the proceedings herein, and that the transcript
    is a true and complete record of my stenographic notes.
12
               I further certify that I am not a relative,
13
     employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties,
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    nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties'
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16	attorney or counsel connected with the action, nor am 1
17	financially interested in the action.
18	WITNESS my hand and official seal this 26th
19	day of February, 2008.
20	
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23	LISA D. FREEZE, RPR, NOTARY PUBLIC 2894 REMINGTON GREEN LANE
24	TALLAHASSEE, FL 32308 850-878-2221
25	020-010-5551