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1 Taxation and Budget Reform Commission Resolution 2 A resolution proposing the amendment of Sections 3 and 4 3 of Article VII and the creation of a new section in Article XII of the State Constitution, to prohibit the 4 5 consideration of wind-damage-resistance improvements and 6 the installation of renewable energy source devices in the 7 determination of the assessed value of residential real 8 property, to delete an existing exemption for renewable 9 energy source devices to conform, and to provide effective 10 dates for such provisions if adopted. 11 12 Be It Resolved by the Taxation and Budget Reform Commission: 13 That the following amendment of Sections 3 and 4 of Article 14 15 VII and the creation of a new section in Article XII of the 16 State Constitution are agreed to and shall be submitted to the 17 electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next general election or at an earlier special election specifically 18 19 authorized by law for that purpose: 20 ARTICLE VII FINANCE AND TAXATION 21 22 SECTION 3. Taxes; exemptions. --23 (a) All property owned by a municipality and used 24 exclusively by it for municipal or public purposes shall be 25 exempt from taxation. A municipality, owning property outside the municipality, may be required by general law to make payment 26 27 to the taxing unit in which the property is located. Such 28 portions of property as are used predominantly for educational, 29 literary, scientific, religious or charitable purposes may be

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30 exempted by general law from taxation.

31 (b) There shall be exempt from taxation, cumulatively, to 32 every head of a family residing in this state bousehold goods

every head of a family residing in this state, household goods and personal effects to the value fixed by general law, not less than one thousand dollars, and to every widow or widower or person who is blind or totally and permanently disabled, property to the value fixed by general law not less than five hundred dollars.

Any county or municipality may, for the purpose of its 38 (C) 39 respective tax levy and subject to the provisions of this 40 subsection and general law, grant community and economic 41 development ad valorem tax exemptions to new businesses and 42 expansions of existing businesses, as defined by general law. 43 Such an exemption may be granted only by ordinance of the county 44 or municipality, and only after the electors of the county or 45 municipality voting on such question in a referendum authorize 46 the county or municipality to adopt such ordinances. An 47 exemption so granted shall apply to improvements to real 48 property made by or for the use of a new business and 49 improvements to real property related to the expansion of an 50 existing business and shall also apply to tangible personal 51 property of such new business and tangible personal property related to the expansion of an existing business. The amount or 52 limits of the amount of such exemption shall be specified by 53 54 general law. The period of time for which such exemption may be 55 granted to a new business or expansion of an existing business 56 shall be determined by general law. The authority to grant such 57 exemption shall expire ten years from the date of approval by 58 the electors of the county or municipality, and may be renewable

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59 by referendum as provided by general law.

60 (d) By general law and subject to conditions specified 61 therein, there may be granted an ad valorem tax exemption to a 62 renewable energy source device and to real property on which 63 such device is installed and operated, to the value fixed by 64 general law not to exceed the original cost of the device, and 65 for the period of time fixed by general law not to exceed ten 66 years.

67 (d) (e) Any county or municipality may, for the purpose of 68 its respective tax levy and subject to the provisions of this 69 subsection and general law, grant historic preservation ad 70 valorem tax exemptions to owners of historic properties. This 71 exemption may be granted only by ordinance of the county or 72 municipality. The amount or limits of the amount of this 73 exemption and the requirements for eligible properties must be 74 specified by general law. The period of time for which this 75 exemption may be granted to a property owner shall be determined 76 by general law.

77 <u>(e) (f)</u> By general law and subject to conditions specified 78 therein, twenty-five thousand dollars of the assessed value of 79 property subject to tangible personal property tax shall be 80 exempt from ad valorem taxation.

81 SECTION 4. Taxation; assessments.--By general law 82 regulations shall be prescribed which shall secure a just 83 valuation of all property for ad valorem taxation, provided:

(a) Agricultural land, land producing high water recharge
to Florida's aquifers, or land used exclusively for
noncommercial recreational purposes may be classified by general
law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.

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(b) Pursuant to general law tangible personal property held for sale as stock in trade and livestock may be valued for taxation at a specified percentage of its value, may be classified for tax purposes, or may be exempted from taxation.

92 (c) All persons entitled to a homestead exemption under 93 Section 6 of this Article shall have their homestead assessed at 94 just value as of January 1 of the year following the effective 95 date of this amendment. This assessment shall change only as 96 provided in this subsection herein.

97 (1) Assessments subject to this <u>subsection</u> provision shall
98 be changed annually on January 1st of each year; but those
99 changes in assessments shall not exceed the lower of the
100 following:

a. Three percent (3%) of the assessment for the prioryear.

b. The percent change in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, or successor reports for the preceding calendar year as initially reported by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

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(2) No assessment shall exceed just value.

(3) After any change of ownership, as provided by general law, homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the following year, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection herein.

(4) New homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January 1st of the year following the establishment of the homestead, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply. That

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117 assessment shall only change as provided <u>in this subsection</u>
118 herein.

(5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to homestead property shall be assessed as provided for by general law; provided, however, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided <u>in this subsection</u> herein.

(6) In the event of a termination of homestead status, theproperty shall be assessed as provided by general law.

(7) The provisions of this amendment are severable. If any
of the provisions of this amendment shall be held
unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, the
decision of such court shall not affect or impair any remaining
provisions of this amendment.

131 (8)a. A person who establishes a new homestead as of 132 January 1, 2009, or January 1 of any subsequent year and who has 133 received a homestead exemption pursuant to Section 6 of this Article as of January 1 of either of the two years immediately 134 135 preceding the establishment of the new homestead is entitled to 136 have the new homestead assessed at less than just value. If this 137 revision is approved in January of 2008, a person who establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2008, is entitled 138 139 to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value only 140 if that person received a homestead exemption on January 1, 141 2007. The assessed value of the newly established homestead 142 shall be determined as follows:

143 1. If the just value of the new homestead is greater than 144 or equal to the just value of the prior homestead as of January 145 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned, the

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146 assessed value of the new homestead shall be the just value of 147 the new homestead minus an amount equal to the lesser of 148 \$500,000 or the difference between the just value and the 149 assessed value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the 150 year in which the prior homestead was abandoned. Thereafter, the 151 homestead shall be assessed as provided <u>in this subsection</u> 152 <u>herein</u>.

153 2. If the just value of the new homestead is less than the just value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in 154 155 which the prior homestead was abandoned, the assessed value of 156 the new homestead shall be equal to the just value of the new 157 homestead divided by the just value of the prior homestead and 158 multiplied by the assessed value of the prior homestead. 159 However, if the difference between the just value of the new 160 homestead and the assessed value of the new homestead calculated pursuant to this sub-subparagraph is greater than \$500,000, the 161 162 assessed value of the new homestead shall be increased so that 163 the difference between the just value and the assessed value 164 equals \$500,000. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection herein. 165

b. By general law and subject to conditions specified
therein, the Legislature shall provide for application of this
paragraph to property owned by more than one person.

(d) The legislature may, by general law, for assessment
purposes and subject to the provisions of this subsection, allow
counties and municipalities to authorize by ordinance that
historic property may be assessed solely on the basis of
character or use. Such character or use assessment shall apply
only to the jurisdiction adopting the ordinance. The

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175 requirements for eligible properties must be specified by 176 general law.

177 A county may, in the manner prescribed by general law, (e) provide for a reduction in the assessed value of homestead 178 179 property to the extent of any increase in the assessed value of 180 that property which results from the construction or 181 reconstruction of the property for the purpose of providing 182 living quarters for one or more natural or adoptive grandparents 183 or parents of the owner of the property or of the owner's spouse 184 if at least one of the grandparents or parents for whom the 185 living quarters are provided is 62 years of age or older. Such a 186 reduction may not exceed the lesser of the following:

187 (1) The increase in assessed value resulting from188 construction or reconstruction of the property.

189 (2) Twenty percent of the total assessed value of the190 property as improved.

(f) For all levies other than school district levies, assessments of residential real property, as defined by general law, which contains nine units or fewer and which is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in <u>other</u> subsections <u>of</u> <u>this section</u> (a) through (c) shall change only as provided in this subsection.

(1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be
changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law; but
those changes in assessments shall not exceed ten percent (10%)
of the assessment for the prior year.

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(2) No assessment shall exceed just value.

(3) After a change of ownership or control, as defined bygeneral law, including any change of ownership of a legal entity

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that owns the property, such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

(4) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to
such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law;
however, after the adjustment for any change, addition,
reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as
provided in this subsection.

(g) For all levies other than school district levies, assessments of real property that is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in <u>other</u> subsections <u>of this</u> <u>section</u> (a) through (c) and (f) shall change only as provided in this subsection.

(1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law; but those changes in assessments shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year.

221

(2) No assessment shall exceed just value.

(3) The legislature must provide that such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a qualifying improvement, as defined by general law, is made to such property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

(4) The legislature may provide that such property shall
be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a
change of ownership or control, as defined by general law,
including any change of ownership of the legal entity that owns
the property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as
provided in this subsection.

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233	(5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to
234	such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law;
235	however, after the adjustment for any change, addition,
236	reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as
237	provided in this subsection.
238	(h) The legislature, by general law and subject to
239	conditions specified therein, may prohibit the consideration of
240	the following in the determination of the assessed value of real
241	property used for residential purposes:
242	(1) Any change or improvement made for the purpose of
243	improving the property's resistance to wind damage.
244	(2) The installation of a renewable energy source device.
245	ARTICLE XII
246	SCHEDULE
247	Limitation on the assessed value of real property used for
248	residential purposes
249	(a) The repeal of the renewable energy source property tax
250	exemption in Section 3 of Article VII shall take effect upon
251	approval by the voters.
252	(b) The amendment to Section 4 of Article VII, authorizing
253	the legislature to prohibit an increase in the assessed value of
254	real property used for residential purposes as the result of
255	improving the property's resistance to wind damage or installing
256	a renewable energy source device, shall take effect January 1,
257	2009.
258	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be
259	placed on the ballot:
260	CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
261	ARTICLE VII, SECTIONS 3 AND 4

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262 ARTICLE XII, NEW SECTION 263 CHANGES AND IMPROVEMENTS NOT AFFECTING THE ASSESSED VALUE 264 OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY .-- Under this proposed state 265 constitutional amendment, the Legislature, by general law, may 266 prohibit consideration of wind-damage-resistance improvements 267 and renewable-energy-source-device installations in determining 268 assessed value of residential real property for ad valorem 269 taxation purposes. Limits cap on nonhomestead real property 270 assessment increases to property not subject to another 271 constitutional assessment limitation. Provides January 1, 2009, 272 effective date. Repeals, upon adoption, existing renewable-273 energy-source-device exemption no longer in effect. 274 275 Alternate Ballot Title and Summary 276 277 CHANGES AND IMPROVEMENTS NOT AFFECTING THE ASSESSED VALUE 278 OF RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY .-- Effective January 1, 2009, 279 authorizes Legislature, by general law, to prohibit 280 consideration of changes or improvements to residential real 281 property which increase resistance to wind damage and 282 installation of renewable-energy-source devices as factors in 283 assessing property's value for ad valorem taxation purposes. 284 Limits cap on nonhomestead real property assessment increases to 285 property not subject to another constitutional assessment 286 limitation. Effective upon adoption, repeals existing renewable-287 energy-source-device exemption no longer in effect.

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