IN THE SUPREME COURT OF FLORIDA

67166

STATE OF FLORIDA,

Petitioner,

v.

PAUL JOSEPH COTE,

Respondent.

CASE NO. 84-1644

FILED SID J. WHITE

JUN 20 1985

CLERK, SUPREME, COURT

Chief Deputy Clerk

# PETITIONER'S BRIEF ON JURISDICTION

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# LIST OF CITATIONS

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# PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

The Petitioner, the State of Florida, was the Appellee in the Fourth District Court of Appeal and the Prosecution in the Criminal Division of the Circuit Court of the Seventeenth Judicial Circuit, in and for Broward County, Florida. The Respondent was the Appellant and the Defendant, respectively, in the lower courts. In the brief, the parties will be referred to as they appear before this Honorable Court.

## STATEMENT OF THE CASE AND FACTS

The Respondent pled guilty to charges of armed burglary and aggravated assault which occurred prior to the effective date of the revised sentencing guidelines. The trial court departed from the guidelines and sentenced Respondent to four years of incarceration. The trial court, in departing, stated its reasons for departure in the record, and they were so transcribed. A separate written statement by the trial court, of its reasons for departure, was not made. On appeal to the Fourth District Court of Appeal, Respondent contended that the trial court improperly departed by failing to state its reasons in a written statement. The appellate court found that the reasons given for departure were proper, but remanded the case for a written statement pursuant to its decision in Boynton v. State, 10 FLW 795 (Fla. 4th DCA, Mar. 27, 1985) (Exhibit A).

The Petitioner filed a motion for rehearing, asking the court to stay the issuance of mandate in the instant case until <u>State v. Boynton</u>, Fla.S.Ct. No. 66,971, was resolved by this Court. (Exhibit B). The court denied the Petitioner's motion on May 22, 1985. (Exhibit C). Accordingly, the Petitioner filed a notice to invoke this Court's discretionary jurisdiction.

# POINT INVOLVED

WHETHER THERE IS EXPRESS AND DIRECT CON-FLICT BETWEEN THE DECISION OF THE COURT OF APPEAL AND OTHER DISTRICTS ON THE POINT OF LAW CONCERNING WHETHER A TRIAL JUDGE IS REQUIRED TO SET FORTH IN WRIT-ING THE REASONS FOR DEPARTING FROM THE PRESUMPTIVE GUIDELINES SENTENCE?

## SUMMARY ARGUMENT

The Fourth District Court of Appeal reversed and remanded Respondent's sentence pursuant to <u>Boynton v. State</u>, <u>supra</u>. Boynton acknowledges conflict with other district courts, and certifies a question to this Court. This Court has accepted jurisdiction to review <u>Boynton</u>, the State of Florida has filed its merits brief, and it is presently pending before this Court. The instant case is directly on point with <u>Boynton</u>, so pursuant to <u>Jollie v. State</u>, <u>infra</u>, it too can be deemed in conflict with decisions of the other district courts cited within <u>Boynton</u>. Accordingly, the Petitioner has properly invoked this Court's discretionary jurisdiction.

#### ARGUMENT

THE PETITIONER HAS PROPERLY INVOKED THIS COURT'S JURISDICTION BECAUSE THERE IS CONFLICT BETWEEN THE OPINION BELOW AND OTHER DISTRICTS ON THE LEGAL ISSUE OF WHETHER A TRIAL JUDGE IS REQUIRED TO SET FORTH IN WRITING THE REASONS FOR DEPARTING FROM THE PRESUMPTIVE GUIDELINES SENTENCE.

The Petitioner has invoked this Court's "conflict" jurisdiction under Article V, §3(b)(3) of the <u>Florida Constitution</u> and Rule 9.030(a)(2)(A)iv, <u>Fla.R.App.P.</u> Conflict exists between the instant decision, considered in conjunction with <u>Boynton v. State</u>, 10 FLW 795 (Fla. 4th DCA Mar. 27, 1985), discretionary review accepted, <u>State v. Boynton</u>, FSC No. 66,971, and the decisions of <u>Burke v. State</u>, 456 So.2d 1245 (Fla. 5th DCA 1984), <u>Brady v. State</u>, 457 So.2d 544 (Fla. 2nd DCA 1984), and <u>Klapp v. State</u>, 456 So.2d 970 (Fla. 2nd DCA 1984), which are cited in Boynton.

Conflict jurisdiction is properly invoked when a District Court of Appeal either (1) announces a rule of law which conflicts with a rule previously announced by the Supreme Court of another district, or (2) applies a rule of law to produce a different result in a case which involves substantially the same facts as another case. Mancini v. State, 312 So.2d 732, 733 (Fla. 1975). Moreover, a District Court of Appeal per curiam opinion which cites as controlling authority a decision that is pending review in this Court continues to constitute prima facie express conflict which allows this Court to exer-

cise its jurisdiction. <u>Jollie v. State</u>, 405 So.2d 418, 420 (Fla. 1981).

The decision in the case  $\underline{\text{sub}}$   $\underline{\text{judice}}$  states in applicable part:

Our recent decision in Boynton v. State, 10 FLW 795 (Fla. 4th DCA Mar. 27, 1985), however, requires us to remand the case to the trial judge so that he may provide a written statement delineating his reasons for departure. In the event the trial judge elects not to provide a written statement, appellant must be resentenced under the guidelines in effect when he committed the crimes (December 16, 1983), and not under the amended guidelines which became effective on July 1, 1984. See Miller v. State, 10 FLW 989 (Fla. 4th DCA Apr. 17, 1985).

Accordingly, we reverse and remand this cause to the trial court with directions to either provide a written statement delineating the reasons for departure, or to resentence appellant.

In Boynton (Exhibit D), the court created conflict by the first means outlined in Mancini, for it announced a rule of law contrary to that announced in other district courts: "We acknowledge the conflict that exists among the district courts as to this issue, and certify to the Supreme Court the following question ...". Boynton, supra. The Boynton opinion recognized its conflict with the decisions in Burke, supra, Brady, supra, and Klapp, supra, and certified a question to this Court. The rule announced in Boynton was that the trial judge was re-

quired to set forth in writing the reasons for departing from the presumptive sentence, and that dictation into the record of the reasons for departure was insufficient; whereas, in <a href="Burke">Burke</a>, <a href="supra">supra</a>, <a href="Brady">Brady</a>, <a href="supra">supra</a>, and <a href="Klapp">Klapp</a>, <a href="supra">supra</a>, the district courts held that dictation into the record of clear and convincing reasons was sufficient. Petitioner submits that the Fourth District acknowledged the conflict in its <a href="Boynton">Boynton</a> opinion, and it so certified a question to this Court.

Boynton, the State of Florida has filed its merits brief, and it is presently pending before this Court. The instant case is directly on point with Boynton, so pursuant to Jollie v.

State, supra, it too can be deemed in conflict with Burke, supra, Brady, supra, and Klapp, supra. Accordingly, the Petitioner has properly invoked this Court's discretionary jurisdiction.

#### CONCLUSION

WHEREFORE, based on the foregoing reasons and authorities cited therein, the Petitioner respectfully requests that this Honorable Court accept jurisdiction of the instant case.

Respectfully submitted,

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## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Petitioner's Brief on Jurisdiction has been furnished, by courier delivery, to ANTHONY CALVELLO, ESQUIRE, Assistant Public Defender, Public Defender's Office, 224 Datura Street, 13th Floor, West Palm Beach, Florida 33401, this 18th day of June, 1985.

Of Counsel