Supreme Court of Florida

CORRECTED OPINION

No. 67,605

STATE OF FLORIDA, Petitioner,

LENARD TAYLOR, Respondent.

[April 10, 1986]

PER CURIAM.

VS.

We review <u>Taylor v. State</u>, 474 So.2d 285 (Fla. 5th DCA 1985), because of direct and express conflict with <u>State v. Jackson</u>, 478 So.2d 1054 (Fla. 1985). Art. V, § 3(b)(3), Fla. Const.

The issue is whether the trial court should apply those sentencing guidelines in effect at the time of the offense or those in effect at the time of the sentencing. The district court held that it is the former because application of the latter would violate the ex post facto doctrine. We disagree and quash the decision below. We also disapprove, in pertinent part, the case law relied on: Moore v. State, 469 So.2d 947 (Fla. 5th DCA 1985); Mott v. State, 469 So.2d 946 (Fla. 5th DCA 1985); Miller v. State, 468 So.2d 1018 (Fla. 4th DCA 1985). The case is remanded for proceedings consistent with this opinion and Jackson.

It is so ordered.

BOYD, C.J., and ADKINS, OVERTON and McDONALD, JJ., Concur BARKETT, J., Concurs specially with an opinion, in which EHRLICH and SHAW, JJ., Concur

NOT FINAL UNTIL TIME EXPIRES TO FILE REHEARING MOTION AND, IF FILED, DETERMINED.

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BARKETT, J., concurring specially.

I concur because this case is controlled by the decision of this Court in <u>State v. Jackson</u>, 478 So.2d 1054 (Fla. 1985). I agree, however, with Justice Ehrlich's dissent in that case which concludes that ex post facto protection should apply to the sentencing guidelines.

EHRLICH and SHAW, JJ., Concur

Application for Review of the Decision of the District Court of Appeal - Constitutional Construction

Fifth District - Case No. 84-1288

Jim Smith, Attorney General and Kevin Kitpatrick Carson, Assistant Attorney General, Daytona Beach, Florida,

for Petitioner

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James B. Gibson, Public Defender and Michael L. O'Neill, Assistant Public Defender, Seventh Judicial Circuit, Daytona Beach, Florida,

for Respondent