IN THE FLORIDA SUPREME COURT

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STATE OF FLORIDA,

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Petitioner,

VS .

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CASE NO. 74,251

ROBERT L. JOHNSON,

Respondent.

DISCRETIONARY REVIEW OF THE DECISION OF THE SECOND DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL

RESPONDENT'S BRIEF ON JURISDICTION

JAMES MARION MOORMAN PUBLIC DEFENDER TENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

BRAD PERMAR Assistant Public Defender Criminal Court Building 5100-144th Avenue North Clearwater, Florida 34620

COUNSEL FOR RESPONDENT

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Case No. 74,251

ROBERT L. JOHNSON,

Respondent.

STATEMENT OF THE CASE AND FACTS

The Respondent, Robert L. Johnson, accepts the Petitioner's rendition of case and facts, except as may be noted in the argument portion of this jurisdictional brief.

SUMMARY OF ARGUMENT

There is no conflict between the Second District's opinion in Respondent's case and in this Court's decision in <u>Smith v. State</u>, **430** So.2d **488** (Fla. **1983).** The two cases involve entirely different statutory directives (subsequent to amendment between **1979** and **1987)** and, at any rate, Petitioner is raising a new issue for the first time in her brief on jurisdiction. Petitioner failed to raise the purported conflicting opinion so as to allow full and fair consideration by the appellate court below, and cannot be allowed to raise this entirely new ground for the first time before this Honorable Court.



ISSUE

WHETHER THE DECICION BELOW IS IN CONFICT WITH <u>SMITH V. STATE</u>, 430 **So.2d** 488 (Fla. 1983), AND WHETHER THE COURT SHOULD EXERCISE ITS DISCRETION TO REVIEW THE DECISION?

It is, without question, within this Court's <u>iurisdiction</u> to consider the Petitioner's requested relief. However, the dispositive question remains whether this Court should decline to exercise jurisdiction by "refusing to exercise our <u>discretion</u> where the opinion below establishes no point of law contrary to a **decis**ion of this Court or another district court." <u>The Florida</u> <u>Star v. B.J.F.</u>, **530** So.2d 286 (Fla. **1988**), emphasis added. Since the opinion of the Second District Court does not establish a point of law in express and direct conflict as asserted, this Honorable Court should decline to accept jurisdiction.

In Department of Revenue v. Johnston, 442 So.2d 950 (Fla. 1983), this Court ruled that where the cause was before the Court because of an apparent conflict, but that cause was distinguishable on its facts from those cited in conflict, this Court would discharge its jurisdiction. So it is here.

The Second District's opinion interpreted sections 893.13 (1)(a) and (e), Florida Statutes (1987), slip opinion, pages 1 and 2, while <u>Smith</u> involves the same sections, but as written and promulgated in 1979. <u>Smith</u>, supra, 430 So2d, at 449. Both the 1979 statutes on sale and possession, and this Court's <u>Blockburser</u> analysis in <u>Smith</u>, supra, were altered and superseded by this

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Court's decision in <u>Carawan v. State</u>, 515 So.2d 161 (Fla. 1987). Smith is distinguishable from the instant opinion

<u>Smith</u> is a stale case which the Petitioner now raises for the first time before this Honorable Court. Petitioner failed to mention <u>Smith</u> in any way before the Second District Court of Appeals so as to allow that Court the opportunity to determine its impact on Respondent's cause. "This Court should decline the review of questions which the <u>trial</u> court did not have a full and adequate opportunity to consider." <u>In Re Beverly</u>, 342 So.2d 481 (Fla. 1977), emphasis added. In the same way, Petitioner should not be allowed to raise for the first time on jurisdictional brief, a purportedly conflicting case of which Petitioner should have apprised the Second District.

Virtually the whole of Petitioner's argument before the Second District sought to validate the dual convictions at bar based on this Court's opinion in <u>Carawan</u>, supra. Since there is no conflict between <u>Carawan</u> and the instant opinion, since the instant opinion addresses a later statute and since, at any rate, Petitioner should be precluded from raising new arguments for the first time before this Court while seeking discretionary review, this Honorable Court should decline to accept jurisdiction.

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CONCLUSION

In light of the foregoing reasons, arguments and authorities, Petitioner respectfully requests that this Honorable Court decline to accept jurisdiction.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy of the foregoing has been furnished to Brenda S. Taylor, Assistant Attorney General, Park Trammell Bldg., 8th Floor, 1313 Tampa Street, Tampa, Florida 33602, this 16th day of June, 1989.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED,

JAMES MARION MOORMAN PUBLIC DEFENDER TENTH JUDICIAL <u>C</u>IRCUIT

BY:

BRAD PERMAR Assistant Public Criminal Court Building 5100-144th Avenue North Clearwater, Florida 34620 Florida Bar No: 0473014