IN THE SUPREME COURT OF FLORIDA

CASE NO. 81,740

STATE FARM FIRE & CASUALTY CO.,

Petitioner,

vs.

ROBERT PETERSEN,

Respondent.

ON APPLICATION FOR DISCRETIONARY REVIEW FROM THE THIRD DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL OF FLORIDA

ANSWER BRIEF OF RESPONDENT ON THE MERITS

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>PAGE</u>
TABLE OF AUTHORITIES ii
INTRODUCTION
STATEMENT OF THE CASE
SUMMARY OF THE ARGUMENT
ARGUMENT
THE DECISION OF THE THIRD DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL IS CORRECT AND SHOULD BE AFFIRMED WHEN, BY ITS EXPRESS TERMS, THE POLICY OF INSURANCE DOES NOT EXCLUDE THE PROVISION OF UM BENEFITS TO AN INSURED WHO WAS OPERATING A MOTORCYCLE, OR, IN THE ALTERNATIVE, THE USE OF THE TERM "MOTOR VEHICLE" IN THE EXCLUSIONARY PROVISION CREATED AMBIGUITY WHICH MUST BE STRICTLY CONSTRUED AGAINST STATE FARM
CONCLUSION
CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

<pre>Page(s)</pre>
Allstate Insurance Co. v. Caronia, 395 So.2d 1221 (Fla. 3d DCA 1981)10
Carbonell v. Auto. Ins. Co. of Hartford, Connecticut, 562 So.2d 437 (Fla. 3d DCA 1990)
Ceron v. Paxton National Insurance Co., 537 So.2d 1090 (Fla. 3d DCA 1989)14
Demshar v. Aaacon Auto Transport, Inc., 337 So.2d 963 (Fla. 1976)7
Dorrell v. State Fire and Casualty Company, 221 So.2d 5 (Fla. 3d DCA 1969)
<pre>Dyer v. Nationwide Mutual Fire Insurance Co., 276 So.2d 6 (Fla. 1973)</pre>
<u>Florida Farm Bureau v. Hurtado</u> , 587 So.2d 1314 (Fla. 1991)7
Grant v. State Farm Fire and Casualty Co., 18 Fla. L. Weekly D905 (Fla. 4th DCA April 7, 1993)3,14
Hodges v. National Union Indemnity Co., 249 So.2d 679 (Fla.), conformed to 251 So.2d 894 (Fla. 3d DCA 1971)
<pre>Indomenico v. State Farm Mutual Auto Insurance Co., 388 So.2d 29 (Fla. 3d DCA 1980)</pre>
Johnson v. Unigard Insurance Co., 387 So.2d 1059 (Fla. 5th DCA 1980)11
Mullis v. State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Co., 252 So.2d 229 (Fla. 1971)9
Nationwide Mutual Fire Insurance Company v. Phillips, 609 So.2d 1385 (Fla. 5th DCA 1992)
Petersen v. State Farm Fire and Casualty Co., 615 So.2d 181 (Fla. 3d DCA 1993)
Prinzo v. State Farm Mutual Automobile Ins. Co., 465 So.2d 1364 (Fla. 4th DCA 1985)8
Ranger Insurance Co. v. Harrell, 286 So.2d 261 (Fla. 2d DCA 1973)

<u>Saha v. Aetna Casualty & Surety Co.</u> , 427 So.2d 316 (Fla. 5th DCA 1983)
427 So.2d 316 (Fla. 5th DCA 1983)12
Salas v. Liberty Mutual Fire Insurance Co.,
Salas v. Liberty Mutual Fire Insurance Co., 272 So.2d 1 (Fla. 1973)
Sanz v. Reserve Insurance Company of Chicago, Illinois.
Sanz v. Reserve Insurance Company of Chicago, Illinois, 172 So.2d 912 (Fla. 3d DCA 1965)
Security Insurance Company of Hartford v.
Commercial Credit Equipment Corporation, 399 So.2d 31 (Fla. 3d DCA 1981)11,12
399 So.2d 31 (Fla. 3d DCA 1981)11,12
Standard Marine Insurance Co. v. Allyn, 333 So.2d 497 (Fla. 1st DCA 1976)8,15
333 So.2d 497 (Fla. 1st DCA 1976)8,15
State Farm Automobile Insurance Co. v. Kuhn,
374 So.2d 1079 (Fla. 3d DCA) cert denied
<u>appeal dismissed</u> , 383 So.2d 1197 (Fla. 1980)
State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Co. v. Mallard,
State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Co. v. Mallard, 548 So.2d 733 (Fla. 3d DCA 1989)
State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Co. v. Pridgen.
State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Co. v. Pridgen, 498 So.2d 1245 (Fla. 1986)
Triano v. State Farm Mutual Automobile Ing. Co.
Triano v. State Farm Mutual Automobile Ins. Co., 565 So.2d 748 (Fla. 3d DCA 1990)14
Valiant Ingurance Company : Webster
Valiant Insurance Company v. Webster, 567 So.2d 408 (Fla. 1990)9
<u>Wallach v. Rosenberg</u> , 527 So.2d 1386 (Fla. 3d DCA),
<u>review denied</u> , 536 So.2d 246 (Fla. 1988)
OTHER:
section 316.209(1) Florida Statutes13
section 627.041(8) Florida Statutes
section 627.727(1) Florida Statutes9
section 627.732(1) Florida Statutes
section 627.736(4)(d)(1) Florida Statutes

INTRODUCTION

The Respondent, ROBERT PETERSEN, shall be referred to as "Petersen." The Petitioner, STATE FARM FIRE and CASUALTY COMPANY, shall be referred to as "State Farm." References to the record and supplemental record will be designated by "R." and "S.R." Throughout the discussion of insurance coverage, uninsured/underinsured and personal injury protection shall be abbreviated as "UM" and "PIP" respectively. The Appendix to this Brief contains the policy of automobile insurance issued by STATE FARM to PETERSEN. References to the Appendix will be designated by "A."

All emphasis is supplied by counsel unless otherwise indicated.

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

Because STATE FARM's Statement of the Facts is replete with surplus, argumentative narrative, PETERSEN restates the facts which are material to the issue raised in this appeal.

On February 22, 1991, ROBERT PETERSEN was severely injured when he was involved in a vehicular accident with an uninsured/underinsured motorist. (R. 2-4) At the time of the accident, PETERSEN had a valid policy of insurance issued by STATE FARM which provided UM benefits, as follows:

We will pay damages for bodily injury an insured is legally entitled to collect from the owner or driver of an uninsured motor vehicle. The bodily injury must be caused by accident arising out of the operation, maintenance or use or an uninsured motor vehicle.

(R. 5-7, A. 3)

The listed vehicle on the STATE FARM policy was a 1988 Ford Truck. (A. 1) At the time of the accident, PETERSEN was operating a 1986 Yamaha Motorcycle which was not listed on the policy.

The policy endorsement involved in this case -- "Coverage U3" -- contains the following provisions:

3. Except as provided in item 3 of "If There Is Other Uninsured Motor Vehicle Coverage", regardless of the number of motor vehicles involved, the number of persons covered or claims made, vehicles or premiums shown in the policy or premiums paid, the limit of liability for uninsured motor vehicle coverage shall not be added to or stacked upon limits for such coverages applying to other motor vehicles to determine the amount of coverage available to an insured injured in any one accident.

The policy further provides under the heading "When Coverage U3 Does Not Apply" that"

THERE IS NO COVERAGE:

FOR BODILY INJURY TO AN INSURED WHILE OCCUPYING A MOTOR VEHICLE OWNED BY YOU, YOUR SPOUSE OR ANY RELATIVE IF IT IS NOT INSURED FOR THIS COVERAGE UNDER THIS POLICY. This does not apply to an insured occupying a newly acquired car which has no uninsured motor vehicle coverage applicable to it.

(A.6)

The term "motor vehicle" which is used in the above exclusionary provision for U3 coverage is defined once in the policy: it is not defined at the beginning of the policy in the section captioned "DEFINED WORDS WHICH ARE USED IN SEVERAL PARTS OF THE POLICY." (A. 5) The term is not defined in the liability section of the policy or in the UM section of the policy. "Motor

vehicle" is defined in the No-Fault section of the policy, as follows:

Motor Vehicle -- means a vehicle with four or more wheels that:

- is self-propelled and is of a type;
 - a. designed for, and
 - required to be licensed for use on Florida highways; or
- 2. is a trailer or semitrailer designed for use with a vehicle described in (1) above.

(A. 11)

PETERSEN filed suit against STATE FARM, seeking a declaration of his entitlement to UM benefits under the policy of insurance.

(R. 2-4) On cross-motions for summary judgment, the trial court entered judgment in favor of STATE FARM (R. 32-34) The Third District Court of Appeal reversed, holding that the use of the term "motor vehicle" in the UM exclusionary provision was ambiguous in light of the express definition contained in one section of the policy and that such ambiguity must be strictly construed against STATE FARM. Petersen v. State Farm Fire and Casualty Co., 615 So.2d 181, 182 (Fla. 3d DCA 1993)

The decision of the Third District directly and expressly conflicts with the decision of the Fourth District Court of Appeal in Grant v. State Farm Fire and Casualty Co., 18 Fla. L. Weekly D905 (Fla. 4th DCA April 7, 1993)

SUMMARY OF THE ARGUMENT

As will be shown below, the decision of the Third DCA is a correct interpretation and application of well-established legal principles. Accordingly, the opinion of the Third District Court of Appeal should be affirmed.

A definition contained within an automobile insurance policy is to be followed by the court in determining the issue of coverage. The section of the State Farm policy which defines "motor vehicle" unambiguously refers to a vehicle with "four or more wheels." Because the motorcycle on which PETERSEN was riding is not a "motor vehicle" within the express terms of the policy, the exclusionary provisions relied upon by STATE FARM do not apply and UM coverage was improperly denied.

In the alternative, the term "motor vehicle" as used in the policy is ambiguous because it is susceptible of two reasonable interpretations, with one meaning affording coverage and the other excluding coverage. This conflict in the policy arises by virtue of the fact that the term "motor vehicle" is expressly defined in one section as a four-wheeled vehicle and no different definition of "motor vehicle" is provided elsewhere in the policy as to any different meaning intended by STATE FARM to apply to the UM exclusionary clause. Common usage and statutory definitions are not consistent and thus do not resolve the ambiguity. Particularly in the context of an exclusion clause, it is incumbent upon STATE FARM to use language which is conspicuous, plain and clear and if the term is subject to more than one reasonable interpretation --

with one resulting in coverage and the other resulting in a denial of coverage -- then the policy is ambiguous and the issue of coverage must be decided in favor of the insured and the existence of coverage.

Finally, as a class I, named insured, PETERSEN cannot be denied UM benefits based on the vehicle which he occupied at the time of the accident because the policy language did not clearly and unambiguously exclude coverage.

ARGUMENT

THE DECISION OF THE THIRD DISTRICT
COURT OF APPEAL IS CORRECT AND SHOULD
BE AFFIRMED WHEN, BY ITS EXPRESS TERMS,
THE POLICY OF INSURANCE DOES NOT EXCLUDE
THE PROVISION OF UM BENEFITS TO AN INSURED
WHO WAS OPERATING A MOTORCYCLE, OR, IN THE
ALTERNATIVE, THE USE OF THE TERM "MOTOR
VEHICLE" IN THE EXCLUSIONARY PROVISION
CREATED AMBIGUITY WHICH MUST BE STRICTLY
CONSTRUED AGAINST STATE FARM

The dispositive issue presented for this Court's determination is whether the STATE FARM policy exclusion for UM benefits is reasonably susceptible of two different meanings, with one interpretation affording coverage and the other excluding coverage. PETERSEN believes that this issue is inextricably intertwined with the first point raised by STATE FARM concerning the motorcycle not being a listed vehicle in that the resolution of both questions turns on whether PETERSEN, a Class I named insured, was unambiguously excluded by the policy language from UM coverage when he was operating a motorcycle at the time of the accident with the underinsured motorist.

The general principles of law which control this case are well established and are set forth briefly as follows:

- (1) The public policy of this state requires the upholding of uninsured motorist protection to insureds whenever possible. Salas v. Liberty Mutual Fire Insurance Co., 272 So.2d 1 (Fla. 1973);
- (2) Insurance policies are construed liberally in favor of the insured and strictly against the insurer and where the meaning of the policy language is doubtful, uncertain or ambiguous, the doubt is resolved in favor of greater coverage. State Farm Mutual

Automobile Insurance Co. v. Pridgen, 498 So.2d 1245 (Fla. 1986);

State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Co. v. Mallard, 548 So.2d

733 (Fla. 3d DCA 1989);

- (3) Exclusionary provisions are construed even more strictly than coverage clauses. <u>Demshar v. Aaacon Auto Transport, Inc.</u>, 337 So.2d 963 (Fla. 1976); <u>Wallach v. Rosenberg</u>, 527 So.2d 1386 (Fla. 3d DCA), <u>review denied</u>, 536 So.2d 246 (Fla. 1988); and,
- (4) Conflicts between provisions of an automobile insurance policy are to be resolved in favor of the policyholder. <u>Dyer v. Nationwide Mutual Fire Insurance Co.</u>, 276 So.2d 6 (Fla. 1973)

The application of these precepts to the facts of this case compel the affirmance of the Third District's decision.

A. Petersen, as a class I, named insured is entitled to UM benefits regardless of his location at the time of the accident

As a Class I insured, PETERSEN is entitled to UM coverage so long as he sustained bodily injury as a result of a vehicular accident with an uninsured motorist. His entitlement to UM benefits is not dependent upon his location at the time of the accident with the uninsured motorist. Florida Farm Bureau v. Hurtado, 587 So.2d 1314 (Fla. 1991). In the absence of a knowing acceptance by PETERSEN of limited coverage, an exclusion of UM benefits based on the vehicle which he occupied at the time of the accident is invalid. Nationwide Mutual Fire Insurance Co. v. Phillips, 609 So.2d 1385 (Fla. 5th DCA 1992); Carbonell v. Auto. Ins. Co. of Hartford, Connecticut, 562 So.2d 437 (Fla. 3d DCA

1990). Such exclusion from UM coverage (based on the type of vehicle occupied at the time of the accident) must be expressed in clear, plain and unambiguous language. <u>Hodges v. National Union Indemnity Co.</u>, 249 So.2d 679 (Fla.), <u>conformed to 251 So.2d 894</u> (Fla. 3d DCA 1971)

Despite STATE FARM's claim to the contrary, evidence is conspicuously absent from the record in this case that PETERSEN knowingly accepted limited UM coverage. Moreover, the policy language which limits UM coverage speaks in terms of "motor vehicles" so the only time that PETERSEN would not be entitled to UM benefits is when he occupied a "motor vehicle" which he owned but had not insured for UM coverage. As will be discussed more fully below, the term "motor vehicle" could reasonably be interpreted not to include the motorcycle which PETERSEN was riding at the time of the accident therefore he was not excluded from UM coverage.

The cases cited by STATE FARM do not support a different result. Both Prinzo v. State Farm Mutual Automobile Ins. Co., 465 So.2d 1364 (Fla. 4th DCA 1985) and Standard Marine Insurance Co. v. Allyn, 333 So.2d 497 (Fla. 1st DCA 1976) deal with the question of when UM coverage is triggered, instead of the exclusion issue which is involved in the present case.

In <u>Allyn</u>, the insured, a pedestrian, was struck by an uninsured motorcycle. The insurer, Standard Marine, denied UM benefits, asserting that the policy's definition of "motor vehicle", contained within the PIP section, clearly excluded a two-

wheeled motorcycle. <u>Id</u>. at 498. The Court rejected this argument and held that the motorcycle was a motor vehicle for purposes of triggering UM coverage. This case reflects the strong public policy of the state of Florida which requires the upholding of UM protection to insureds whenever possible. <u>See</u>, <u>State Farm v. Mallard</u>, 548 So.2d 733 (Fla. 3d DCA 1989).

In <u>Prinzo</u>, the insured, also a pedestrian, was struck by a moped. Once again, the insurer claimed that UM coverage was not triggered since the Moped was not a "motor vehicle." The Court upheld the denial of benefits in this case, noting that the moped was neither four-wheeled nor self-propelled.

Neither Allyn nor Prinzo involves the specific question presented in this case of whether UM benefits can be denied to a Class I named insured who was operating a motorcycle at the time of the accident with the uninsured motorist when the exclusionary provision uses the term "motor vehicle" which is defined elsewhere in the policy as a four-wheeled vehicle. This Court's decision in Valiant Insurance Company v. Webster, 567 So.2d 408 (Fla. 1990) is also not illuminating on this issue but simply reaffirms this Court's earlier holding in Mullis v. State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Co., 252 So.2d 229 (Fla. 1971) that section 627.727(1) Florida Statutes requires that UM coverage must be provided to persons covered under the policy for liability.

Because PETERSEN is a class I insured, he cannot be denied UM benefits based on the vehicle which he occupied at the time of the accident because the policy language did not clearly and

unambiguously exclude coverage.

B. The policy's express definition of "motor vehicle" should be applied in construing the UM exclusionary provision

STATE FARM has offered no authority for its contention that this Court should not consider the express definition of "motor vehicle" contained within the policy in resolving the issue of whether PETERSEN is entitled to UM benefits. Contrary to STATE FARM's argument, courts, in interpreting an automobile policy, follow the definitions expressed in the policy. Dorrell v. State Fire and Casualty Company, 221 So.2d 5 (Fla. 3d DCA 1969). [Definition of "automobile" contained in liability portion of policy applied to define "automobile" as used in UM provision.]

Many of the cases relied upon by STATE FARM illustrate this principle and thus shed little or no light on the question actually presented in this case. For example, in <u>Indomenico v. State Farm Mutual Auto Insurance Co.</u>, 388 S.2d 29, 30 (Fla. 3d DCA 1980), the policy <u>expressly</u> defined the term used in the exclusionary provision as "a land motor vehicle or trailer other than a vehicle operated on rails or crawler heads..."

In <u>Allstate Insurance Co. v. Caronia</u>, 395 So.2d 1221, 1223 (Fla. 3d DCA 1981), the homeowners' policy at issue contained an exclusion for "any motor vehicle owned...by...any insured." The policy <u>expressly</u> defined "motor vehicle" as "a land motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer designed for travel on public roads..." <u>Id.</u> at 1223.

The policy in <u>Dorrell v. State Fire and Casualty Co.</u>, 221 So.2d 5, 6 (Fla. 3d DCA 1969) contained an <u>express</u> definition of the term "automobile" to mean "a land motor vehicle or trailer not operated on rails or crawler threads." The Court found that motorcycles were encompassed within this definition. <u>Id.</u> at 6.

In <u>Johnson v. Uniqued Insurance Co.</u>, 387 So.2d 1059, 1060 (Fla. 5th DCA 1980), the homeowners' policy <u>expressly</u> defined "motor vehicle" as a "land motor vehicle, trailer or semi-trailer designed for travel on public roads."

If, in its UM exclusionary provision, STATE FARM intended some other meaning of "motor vehicle" to apply -- apart from the definition of "four-wheeled vehicle" expressed elsewhere in the policy -- then it had an obligation to clearly and unambiguously state the revised definition in the UM section. Because it failed to do so, this Court should follow the express definition set forth in the policy.

C. The ordinary, everyday meaning and statutory usage of the term "motor vehicle" does not resolve the ambiguity in the UM exclusionary provision

STATE FARM's contention that this Court should ignore the policy's express definition of "motor vehicle" and instead, resort to the "ordinary, everyday meaning" of the term in interpreting this coverage issue is contrary to the established rule of law that courts should resort to construction of the policy based on "ordinary meaning" only when the pertinent term is undefined in the policy. Security Insurance Company of Hartford v. Commercial Credit Equipment Corporation, 399 So.2d 31 (Fla. 3d DCA 1981).

The cases cited by STATE FARM in support of its argument for "ordinary meaning" all involve situations where the policy did not define the pertinent term. In Saha v. Aetna Casualty & Surety Co., 427 So.2d 316 (Fla. 5th DCA 1983), the homeowner's policy did not specifically define the term "farm land" which was used in the exclusionary provision. The Court, thus, resorted to the ordinary dictionary definition and upheld the insurer's denial of coverage.

The case of <u>Security Insurance Co.</u>, <u>supra</u>, dealt solely with the issue of the applicability of exclusionary clauses in an insurance policy to a breach of warranty endorsement. Because the policy did not define the term "loss", the Court resorted to the common meaning of the word and ruled in favor of coverage.

Similarly, in <u>Sanz v. Reserve Insurance Company of Chicago</u>, <u>Illinois</u>, 172 So.2d 912 (Fla. 3d DCA 1965), the automobile insurance policy did not define the term "servicing" so the court looked to its commonly understood meaning and determined that coverage was required.

Other cases cited by STATE FARM are inapplicable because they involve clearly worded exclusionary provisions (with no conflicting definitions elsewhere in the policies.) For example, in <u>State Farm Mutual Automobile Ins. Co. v. Pridgen</u>, 498 So.2d 1245, 1246 (Fla. 1986), this Court upheld an exclusionary provision which clearly and unambiguously excepted coverage for "loss to any vehicle due to...conversion...by any person who has the vehicle due to any...sales agreement." The facts of the case fell squarely within the exclusion because the two insured vehicles were transferred

under a sales agreement to an individual who sold the cars and converted the money to his own use. <u>Id.</u> at 1247. Similarly, <u>Ranger Insurance Co. v. Harrell</u>, 286 So.2d 261 (Fla. 2d DCA 1973) involved a clearly worded policy provision excluding coverage when a student pilot operated the insured airplane without the direct supervision and approval of a qualified flight instructor.

Even if this Court finds that the policy's express definition "motor vehicle" is inapplicable to the U3 exclusionary of provision, the term "motor vehicle" is still decidedly ambiguous based on statutory usage. For example, section 627.041(8) Florida Statutes (dealing with insurance rates and rating) defines "motor vehicle insurance" as insurance for "a motor vehicle of the private passenger type or station wagon type...or insuring any other fourwheeled motor vehicle having a capacity of 1,500 pounds or less..." Section 316.209(1) Florida Statutes (concerning traffic control) mandates that "[a]11 motorcycles are entitled to full use of a lane and no motor vehicle shall be driven in such a manner as to deprive Section 627.732(1) any motorcycle of the full use of a lane." Florida Statutes (the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law) now defines "motor vehicle" as "any self-propelled vehicle with four or more wheels. . . " however, the No-Fault Act originally provided that an insured was entitled to PIP benefits if he were "not an occupant of a motor vehicle or motorcycle. . . 627.736(4)(d)(1) Florida Statutes (1976)

In summary, the ambiguity which arises from the use of the term "motor vehicle" cannot be clarified by resort to statutory

The burden to define the types of vehicles which fall within the exclusionary provision is on STATE FARM -- not on the average, unsophisticated insured such as PETERSEN. Such exclusions to UM coverage, which are based on the type of vehicle occupied at the time of the accident, must be expressed in clear, plain and unambiguous language. Hodges v. National Union Indemnity Co., 249 So.2d 679 (Fla.), conformed to 251 So.2d 894 (Fla. 3d DCA 1971). Under Florida law, the ambiguous provision must be construed strictly against STATE FARM and in favor of the insured. Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Co. v. Pridgen, 498 So.2d 1245 (Fla. 1986); Ceron v. Paxton National Insurance Co., 537 So.2d 1090 (Fla. 3d DCA 1989), [Summary Judgment in favor of insurance company reversed because of an ambiguity in the policy as to whether an exclusionary provision which used the term "automobile" included a commercial tow truck. | Triano v. State Farm Mutual Automobile Ins. Co., 565 So.2d 748 (Fla. 3d DCA 1990).

D. The decision of the Fourth District Court of Appeal in Grant v. State Farm Fire and Casualty Co., 18 Fla.

L. Weekly D905 (Fla. 4th DCA April 7, 1993) constitutes a departure from controlling precedent and should be quashed

Rather than address and resolve the issue of the ambiguity in the exclusion, the Fourth District erroneously focused on "what definition should be given to the term 'motor vehicle' in the context of this case and the accompanying insurance policy."

Grant, 18 Fla. L. Weekly at D906. In deciding the case, the Fourth

District not only ignored the express definition of "motor vehicle" contained within the policy, but it also chose between conflicting statutory uses of the term. The cases upon which the Fourth District predicated its finding of coverage do not provide an adequate doctrinal basis for the court's holding. In Standard Marine Insurance Co. v. Allyn, 333 So.2d 497 (Fla. 1st DCA 1976), the court rejected an insurance company's attempt to restrict UM benefits based on a narrow definition of "motor vehicle" contained within the policy. The Allyn court's decision reflects the public policy to uphold UM coverage whenever possible -- a policy which the Fourth District now turns on its head in Grant. Other cases relied upon by the Fourth do not present the issue which is raised in this appeal: in State Farm Automobile Insurance Co. v. Kuhn, 374 So.2d 1079 (Fla. 3d DCA), cert. denied, appeal dismissed, 383 So.2d 1197 (Fla. 1980), there is no indication that the policy contained an express definition which would place motorcycles outside of the scope of the exclusionary clause. The parties in Nationwide Mutual Fire Insurance Company v. Phillips, 609 So.2d 1385 (Fla. 5th DCA 1992) did not argue the issue of whether a motorcycle was a "motor vehicle" within the meaning of the exclusionary provision -- the issue presented dealt solely with the insurer's compliance with the notice requirement of the UM statute. Finally, Indomenico v. State Farm Mutual Auto Insurance Co., 388 So.2d 29 (Fla. 3d DCA 1980) involved a policy which expressly (and broadly) defined the term used in the exclusionary provision as "a land motor vehicle or trailer other than a vehicle operated on

rails or crawler heads. . . . "

What is apparent in both the Fourth's opinion and from reading the statutes, is that the use of the term "motor vehicle" in the policy of insurance is ambiguous, capable of being reasonably interpreted both to afford coverage and not to afford coverage. The Fourth's ruling, finding no coverage, is a departure from controlling precedent and this Court should quash the decision and affirm the decision rendered by the Third District in this case.

CONCLUSION

WHEREFORE based on the foregoing argument and citations to authority, the decision of the Third District Court of Appeal should be affirmed.

Respectfully submitted,

LAWRENCE E. MAJOR, P.A. Attorneys for Respondent Grove Forest Plaza, #301 2937 S.W. 27th Avenue Coconut Grove, FL 33133 (305) 444-9695

BY:

LESLIE

C.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was mailed this day of , 1993 to RICHARD SHERMAN, ESQUIRE, Attorney for Petitioner, 1777 South Andrews Avenue, Suite 302, Ft. Lauderdale, Florida 33316 and CHARLES GREEN, ESQUIRE, 633 South Andrews Avenue, Suite 200, Ft. Lauderdale, Florida 33301.

LESLIE C. ELK

Appendix Part 1

STATE FARM INSURANCE Monica Bedson, Agent 9900 Stirling Rd. #104 9900 Stirling Rd. #3024 COOPER CITY FL 33024 COOPER CAT 3453

Authorized Representative :



State Farm Fire and Casualty Company, Home Office, Bloomington, Illinois

The address of the Regional Office issuing this policy is shown at the top of the Declarations Page.

STATE FARM CAR

Policy Form 9910.6

6078BB AMENDMENT OF NO-FAULT COVERAGE AND CONDITIONS

This endorsement is a part of your policy. Except for the changes it makes, all other terms of the policy remain the same and apply to this endorsement. It is effective at the same time as your policy if issued with it, unless a different effective date is shown for the endorsement on the Declarations Page. If issued at a later date the name, policy number and effective date must be shown.

Issued by the STATE FARM MUTUAL AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE COMPANY of Bloomington, Illinois, or the STATE FARM FIRE AND CASUALTY COMPANY of Bloomington, Illinois, as shown by the company's name on the policy of which this endorsement is a part.

Named Insured	Section 1	·		
3.1 3.1 3.1 T	The second secon		; t	
Policy Number		Effective Date		•

12:01 A.M. Standard Time

In consideration of the premium paid, it is agreed your policy is changed as follows:

1. SECTION II - NO-FAULT - COVERAGE P

The following provision is added:

Disputes Regarding Charges for Treatment of Injured Persons

Any claim dispute involving medical benefits under this section of the policy between us and a medical services or supplies provider (hereinafter referred to as health care provider) who has agreed to accept an assignment of personal injury protection benefits shall be decided by arbitration upon written request of either party.

Upon written request for arbitration, each party shall select an arbitrator. The two arbitrators shall attempt to select a third arbitrator. If they are unable to agree on a third arbitrator within 30 days, either party may request a judge of a court of record in the county in which the arbitration is pending to appoint the third arbitrator. A written decision concurred upon by any two arbitrators shall be binding on each party.

As a condition of maintaining a claim dispute in arbitration, the health care provider shall make available for inspection and copying the entire file pertaining to the patient that is the subject of this proceeding. This file shall include patient questionnaires, reports, and test results, unless we advise in writing that certain of such materials need not be provided. No arbitration may be held until 30 days after the

required request for arbitration and p. At file has been supplied to us. Any arbitration award shall not exceed the personal injury protection coverage limits remaining on the policy.

The prevailing party to the arbitration shall be entitled to attorney's fees and costs. "Prevailing party" is defined as follows:

The health care provider is the "prevailing party" if the arbitrator awards at least the full amount of the claim asserted by the health care provider at arbitration.

We are the "prevailing party" if the arbitrator awards no more than the amount offered to be paid by us at arbitration.

If the amount of the award is less than the amount of the claim asserted by the health care provider at arbitration, yet more than the amount offered to be paid by us at arbitration, there is no prevailing party.

If there is no prevailing party:

(1) the expenses and fees of the arbitrator and any expert witnesses shall be paid by the party who hired them; and

6078BB

(2) the expenses and fees of the third arbitrator and other expenses of arbitration shall be shared equally by both parties. Attorney's fees and costs shall not be subject to any type of multiplier.

The arbitration shall take place in the county in which the health care provider is located. If they are located out-of-state, arbitration shall take place in the county in which the *insured* resides, unless the health care provider and we agree to another place. Arbitration is subject to the provisions of the Florida Arbitration Code, Chapter 682 of the Florida Statutes.

This arbitration provision does not apply to disputes regarding the termination of personal injury protection benefits.

2. CONDITIONS

The following provision is added to CONDI-TIONS:

Mediation

We or the *insured* may request mediation of any claim:

- a. in an amount of \$10,000 or less resulting from:
 - bodily injury under Sections II or III; or
 - death of or loss to an insured under Section V; or

b. in any amount for a loss covered under Section IV,

by filing a written request with the Department of Insurance on a form which may be obtained from the department. The request must state why mediation is being requested and the issue in dispute.

The Department of Insurance will appoint a mediator. Each party may reject one mediator whether before or after the other party has made a rejection. The mediator will notify the parties of the date, time, and place of the mediation conference, which will be held within 45 days of the request for mediation. The mediation will be conducted informally and may be held by telephone if feasible. Participants must have authority to make a binding decision, and must mediate in good faith. Information and disclosure provided during mediation are not admissible in any subsequent action or proceeding relating to the claim or cause of action giving rise to the claim. Costs of the mediator shall be shared equally by each party unless the mediator determines a party has not mediated in good faith.

If a person files suit which relates to facts already mediated, such facts shall not be mediated again. Only one mediation may be requested for each claim, unless all parties agree to further mediation. Any suit regarding a mediated dispute must be filed as prescribed under the "Limitations of Actions" statutes or within 60 days after the conclusion of the mediation process, whichever is later.

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DEFINED WORDS

WHICH ARE USED IN SEVERAL PARTS OF THE POLICY

We define some words to shorten the policy. This makes it easier to read and understand. Defined words are printed in bold face italics. You can pick them out easily.

on the apera scorecave of the best at the second and Bodily Injury — means bodily injury to a person and

sickness, disease or death which results from it.

sickness, disease of dead.

Car — means a land motor vehicle with four or more wheels, which is designed for use mainly on public roads. It does not include:

- 1) Tany vehicle while located for use as a dwelling or months other premises; or the paragonal and
 - 2. a truck-tractor designed to pull a trailer or

Car Business — means a business or job where the purpose is to sell, lease, repair, service, transport, store or park land motor vehicles or trailers.

Insured means the person, persons or organization defined as insureds in the specific coverage. Loss at defined in sections IV and V. because it is a section

Newly Acquired Car - means a car newly owned by you or your spouse if it. beautismalified

- replaces your car; or mud inbhoff saleting is
- est. 2-mis an added car and amount our ministra at the
- a. if it is a private passenger car, we insure all other 253502 bette private passenger cars, or perolity to the
- b. if it is other than a private passenger car, we B 1980 1980 insure all cars 11 1985 and 1880

Owned by you and your spouse on the date of its delivery

- egs4.40 ask us to insure; it within 30 days after its delivery to you or your spouse; and me sedigen seeds and
 - if you or your spouse has more than one of our car policies, tell us which one is to apply; and
 - 3. pay us any added amount due.

Non-Owned Car — means a car not owned by or registered or leased in the name of:

- you, your spouse;
- 2. any relative unless at the time of the accident or

Of 95 Van a. A. the car has been described on the declarations page of a liability policy sometime within the preceding 30 days; and

b. you, your spouse or a relative who does not own or lease such car is the driver.

- 2003. Trainy other person residing in the same household as you, your spouse or any relative; or
 - 4. an employer of you, your spouse or any relative.

Non-owned car does not include a car: As commended in the true con-

- 1.76 which is not in the lawful possession of the person operating it; or
- which has been operated by, rented by or in the possession of an insured during any part of each of the preceding 21 days; or
 - operated by an insured who has operated or rented any car otherwise qualifying as a non-owned car during any part of more than 45 days in the 365 days preceding the date of the accident or loss.

Occupying means in, on, entering or alighting from.

Person - means a human being.

Private Passenger Car — means a car:

- M. I. (with four wheels;
- 2. of the private passenger or station wagon type; and
 - designed solely to carry persons and their luggage.

Relative - as used in sections I, III, IV and V means a person related to you or your spouse by blood, marriage or adoption (including a ward or foster child) who lives with you. It includes your unmarried and unemancipated child away at school. to idea and to an overescor

As used in section II. relative means a relative of any degree by blood or by marriage who usually makes his home in the same family unit, whether or not temporarily living elsewhere.

Spouse — means your husband or wife while living with you.

Temporary Substitute Car — means a car not owned by you or your spouse, if it replaces your car for a short time. Its use has to be with the consent of the owner. Your car has to be out of use due to its breakdown, repair, servicing, damage or loss. A temporary substitute car is not considered a non-owned car.

1. a pickup, panel or van body; and

a Gross Vehicle Weight of 10,000 pounds or less. declarations page.

Utility Vehicle - means a motor vehicle with: You or Your - means the named insured or named insureds shown on the declarations page.

Your Car means the car or the vehicle described on the

DECLARATIONS CONTINUED

We, the State Farm Fire and Casualty Company, agree to insure you according to the terms of this policy based:

- 1...on your payment of premium for the coverages you chose; and while our at the other winters
- 2. It in reliance on your statements in these declarations. to the properties to be sufficient. The t

You agree, by acceptance of this policy that:

- 1. the statements in these declarations are your statements and are true; and
- 2: we insure you on the basis your statements are true;

this policy contains all of the agreements between with you and us or any of our agents.

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Unless otherwise stated in the exceptions space on the declarations page, your statements are:

- Ownership. You are the sole owner of your car.
- 2. Insurance and License History. Neither you nor any member of your household within the past 3 years has had:
- · vehicle insurance canceled by an insurer, or
 - b. a license to drive or evehicle registration suspended, revoked or refused.

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on Medicine Matter Communication (2)

Use. Your car is used for pleasure and business.

WHEN AND WHERE COVERAGE APPLIES

Carrogad of Table 6 40 When Coverage Applies

The coverages you chose apply to accidents and losses that take place during the policy period.

1.18 (pt 1.35 (1/4))

The policy period is shown under "Policy Period" on the declarations page and is for successive periods of six months each for which you pay the renewal premium. Payments must be made on or before the end of the current policy period. The policy period begins and ends at 12:01 A.M. Standard Time at the address shown on the declarations page. The last the matter to be address shown on the declarations

Where Coverage Applies

- 1. The liability, medical payments, uninsured motor vehicle and physical damage coverages you chose apply:
- and in the United States of America, its territories and possessions or Canada; or -
- b. while the insured vehicle is being shipped between need at so**their ports.** Georgians called a significant species, bround by graval globologiches but an testicula diala globali landa

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व्यवस् १८६ विकासका १८४१ मध्ये न नामकाता । ज्या विकासमानियर पुन्तामध्याराणी explain speakers to replice a bactore for a short affect to deins to be with the consent of the outres. Have har been to be out of the city of the city

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The liability, medical payments and physical damage coverages also apply in Mexico within 50 miles of the United States border. A physical damage coverage loss in Mexico is determined on the basis of cost at the nearest United States point.

- The no-fault coverage you chose applies:
 - a, in Florida, and
 - b. outside Florida, but:
 - (1) within the United States of America, its territories or possessions or Canada, or
 - (2) in Mexico within 50 miles of the United States border border

to you or a relative, while occupying your car, a newly acquired car, a non-owned car, a temporary substitute car or a trailer which would be covered at no additional charge under the "Trailer Coverage" provision of Section, I , Liability Coverage A.

3. The death, dismemberment and loss of sight coverage you chose applies anywhere in the world.

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comprehensive or collision loss to:

1. you and, if unpaid, the repairer, or

2 you and such creditor, as its interest may appear, when we find it is not practical to repair your car,

the creditor, as to its interest, if your car has been E TO TE POSSESSED VINERAL BOTTON OF THE FOR PERIOD

When we pay the creditor for loss for which you are not covered, we are entitled to the creditor's right of recovery against you to the extent of our payment. Our right of

REPORTING A CLAIM

1. Notice to Us of an Accident or Loss

The insured must give us or one of our agents written notice of the accident or loss as soon as reasonably possible. The notice must give us the loss as a reasonably a. your name; and and the same distributed to the loss of the

- the names and addresses of all persons involved; and
- the hour, date, place and facts of the accident or loss: and paration and the first of
- the names and addresses of witnesses.

2. Notice to Us of Claim or Suit

If a claim or suit is made against an insured, that insured must at once send us every demand, notice or claim made and every summons or legal process received.

- 3. Other Duties Under the Physical Damage Coverages When there is a loss, you or the owner of the property also shall:
 - make a prompt report to the police when the loss a. is the result of theft or larceny.
 - protect the damaged vehicle. We will pay any reasonable expense incurred to do it.
 - c. show us the damage, when we ask...
- d. provide all records, receipts and invoices, or certified copies of them. We may make copies.
- e. answer questions under oath when asked by anyone we name, as often as we reasonably ask, and sign copies of the answers (3500)
- 4. Other Duties Under No-Fault: Medical Payments, Uninsured Motor Vehicle and Death, Dismemberment and Loss of Sight Coverages 100 NAMED 127

The person making claim also shall:

a. give us all the details about the death, injury, treatment and other information we need to determine the amount payable.

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If a creditor is shown in the declarations, we may pay any recovery shall not impair the creditor's right to recover the full amount of its claim.

> The coverage for the creditor's interest only is valid until we terminate it. We will not terminate such coverage because "The pay dimiligies which are beautiful to onces legallo

- 1. any act or negligence of the owner or portower, or
- a change in the ownership or interest unknown to gailed us, unless the creditor knew of it and failed to tell us within 10 days; or
- 3. an error in the description of the vehicle.

The date of termination of the creditor's interest will be at least 10 days after the date we mail the termination notice.

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- INSURED'S DUTIES TE THE YOU LINE FOR

- Emil of our highly-forethe accident which is ne b. be examined by physicians chosen and paid by us as often as we reasonably may require. A copy of the report will be sent to the person upon written request. If the person is dead or unable to act, his or her legal representative shall authorize us to obtain all medical reports and records."
- # 0 c. 1 under the lininsured motor vehicle coverage: ...
- (1) report an accident to the police within 24 hours and to us within 30 days which involves a land the related motors vehicle; whose cowners or driver is unknown. COVERED OF
- (2) let us see the insured car the person occupied in was awthe accidental for man with his visco
- d. under the no-fault and uninsured motor vehicle coverages, send us at once a copy of all suit papers if the person sues the party liable for the accident for damages, for their following with both add
 - under the no-fault and death, dismemberment and loss of sight coverages, give us proof of claim as soon as practicable on forms we furnish.
- Insured's Duty to Cooperate With Us

The insured shall cooperate with us and, when asked, assist us in: antions of control reductions rule

- making settlements; of the on or as a six
- b.
- securing and giving evidence; attending, and getting witnesses to attend, hearings and trials.

The insured shall not, except at his or her own cost, voluntarily:

- make any payment or assume any obligation to at our request: others; or
- bis incur any expense, other than for first aid to others.

SECTION I — LIABILITY — COVERAGE A

You have this coverage if "A" appears in the "Coverages" space on the declarations page.

- We will: Eller and for a wear on a consumption of agranding and any consumption of the co 1. pay damages which an insured becomes legally liable to pay because of:
- a. bodily injury to others, and
- b. damage to or destruction of property including ા કહ્યું તેલું લેકી ભાગમાં આવેલા છે. loss of its use,

caused by accident resulting from the ownership, maintenance or use of your car; and

2. defend any suit against an insured for such damages with attorneys hired and paid by us. We will not defend any suit after we have paid the applicable limit of our liability for the accident which is the basis of the lawsuit.

In addition to the limits of liability, we will pay for an insured any costs listed below resulting from such accident.

- Court costs of any suit for damages.
- 2. Interest on damages owed by the insured due to a judgment and accruing:
- a. after the judgment, and until we pay, offer or deposit in court, the amount due under this coverage; or 7 900 300
- the before the judgment, where owed by law, but only on that part of the judgment we pay.
- 3. Premiums or costs of bonds:
- a. to secure the release of an insured's property attached under a court order. The amount of the bond we pay for shall not be more than our limit of liability; and
 - b. required to appeal a decision in a suit for damages if we have not paid our limit of liability that applies to the suit; and
- c. up to \$250 for each bail bond needed because of an accident or traffic violation."

We have no duty to furnish or apply for any bonds.

- Expense incurred by an insured:
 - for loss of wages or salary up to \$35 per day if we ask the insured to attend the trial of a civil
- b. for first aid to others at the time of the accident,
 - c. at our request.

We have the right to investigate, negotiate and settle any claim or suit.

Coverage for the Use of Other Cars

The liability coverage extends to the use, by an insured, of a newly acquired car, a temporary substitute car or a non-owned car.

Who Is an Insured

When we refer to your car, a newly acquired car or a temporary substitute car, insured means:

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- 2. your spouse;
- 3. the relatives of the first person named in the declarations;
- 4. any other *person* while using such a *car* if its use is within the scope of consent of you or your spouse; and
- any other person or organization liable for the use of such a car by one of the above insureds.

When we refer to a non-owned car, insured means:

- 1. the first person named in the declarations;
- 2. his or her *spouse*;
- 3. their relatives; and
- any person or organization which does not own or hire the car but is liable for its use by one of the above persons.

THERE IS NO COVERAGE FOR NON-OWNED. CARS: 1 - 1 化二氯甲基甲基氯苯二烷医甲基苯

- 1. IF THE DECLARATIONS STATE "USE"OF YOUR CAR IS OTHER THAN "PLEASURE AND BUSINESS"; OR
- ಸ್ಕಾನ ಅವರ ಚಿಗೆವಾಗಿ**ಯ** a. BEING REPAIRED, SERVICED OR USED BY ANY PERSON WHILE THAT PERSON IS WORKING IN ANY CAR BUSINESS; OR TOTAL MAN
- 6 b. USED IN ANY OTHER BUSINESS OR OCCUPATION. This does not apply to a private passenger car driven or occupied by the reserved mentirst person named in the declarations; his or her spouse or their relatives. vi 2 10 200 2 and

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Trailer Coverage

Trailers designed to be pulled by a private passenger car or a utility vehicle, except those trailers in 2.a. below, are covered while owned or used by an insured.

Farm' implements and farm wagons are considered trailers while pulled on public roads by a car we insure This for liability. Reserve sensing is they can will burgers.

These trailers are not described in the declarations and no extra premium is charged.

- 2. The following trailers are covered only if described on the declarations page and extra premium is paid
- a. those trailers designed to be pulled by a private passenger car or a utility vehicle:
 - (1) if designed to carry persons; or
- (2) while used with a motor vehicle whose use is shown as "commercial" on the declarations page (trailers used only for pleasure use are covered even if not described and no extra premium paid); or
- (3) while used as premises for office, store or The state of the state of
 - b, any trailer not designed for use with a private passenger car or a utility vehicle. Address to the

THERE IS NO COVERAGE WHEN A TRAILER IS USED WITH A MOTOR VEHICLE OWNED OR HIRED BY YOU WHICH WE DO NOT INSURE FOR LIABILITY COVERAGE after Action Like Designer

Limits of Liability was of the before the expension was

The amount of bodily injury liability coverage is shown on the declarations page under "Limits of Liability Coverage A - Bodily Injury, Each Person, Each Accident." Under "Each Person" is the amount of coverage for all damages due to bodily injury to one person. "Bodily injury to one person" includes all injury and damages to others resulting from this bodily injury. Under "Each Accident" is the total amount of coverage, subject to the amount shown under "Each Person", for all damages due to bodily injury to two or more persons in the same accident.

The amount of property damage liability coverage is shown on the declarations page under "Limits of Liability Coverage A - Property Damage, Each Accident."

We will pay damages for which an insured is legally liable up to these amounts.

The limits of liability are not increased because more than one person or organization may be an insured.

A motor vehicle and attached trailer are one vehicle. Therefore, the limits are not increased.

When two or more motor vehicles are insured under this section the limits apply separately to each.

When Coverage A Does Not Apply

In addition to the limitations of coverage in "Who Is an Insured" and "Trailer Coverage":

THERE IS NO COVERAGE MUSIC TYPE SECT

YAA BECCCI MENUSULABIL AC ME AC 9)14 WHILEJANY VEHICLE INSURED UNDER THIS SECTION ISSIS SO NEEDELAND

- as rented to others or used to TOARCARRY: PERSONS FOR A CHARGE. This does not apply to the use on a share expense basis of:
- (1) a private passenger car, or
- (2) a utility vehicle, if all passengers are riding in that area of the vehicle designed by the to burwo a manufacturer of the vehicle for carrying
- b. BEING REPAIRED, SERVICED OR USED BY ANY PERSON EMPLOYED OR ENGAGED IN ANY WAY IN A CAR BUSINESS. This does not apply to: no inte
- (1) you or your spouse;
 (2) any relative;

 - 50 A5 (3) any resident of your household; or
 - (4) any agent, employee or partner of you, 12 lastest expour spouse, any relative or such resident.

This coverage is excess for (3) and (4) above.

- , 2. FOR ANY BODILY INJURY TO
- a At FELLOW EMPLOYEE, WHILE ON THE JOB AND ARISING FROM THE MAINTENANCE OR USE OF A VEHICLE BY ANOTHER EMPLOYEE IN THE EMPLOYER'S BUSINESS. You and your spouse are covered for such injury to a to the fellow employee and election means to a w
- ARISING OUT OF HIS OR HER EMPLOYMENT. This does not apply to a household employee who is not covered or required to be covered under any worker's compensation insurance.
 - c. ANY INSURED OR ANY MEMBER OF AN INSURED'S FAMILY RESIDING IN THE INSURED'S HOUSEHOLD.

3. FOR ANY DAMAGES:

- FOR WHICH THE UNITED STATES MIGHT BE LIABLE FOR THE INSURED'S USE OF ANY VEHICLE.
- TO PROPERTY OWNED BY, RENTED CHARGE OF TO. IN TRANSPORTED BY AN INSURED. But coverage applies to a rented:
 - (1) residence; or
 - (2) private garage

damaged by a car we insure.

- FOR ANY OBLIGATION OF AN INSURED, OR HIS OR HER INSURER, UNDER ANY TYPE OF WORKER'S COMPENSATION OR DISABILITY OR SIMILAR LAW.
- FOR LIABILITY (ASSUMED BY THE INSURED UNDER ANY CONTRACT OR "AGREEMENT, ridgo sou lette diff

น้องมี เรติ มหายนเท If There Is Other Liability Coverage or If You Own More Than One Vehicle

1.4 Vehicles You Own 1983 19 same 10 ft in

- a. If the vehicle involved in the accident is owned by you or your spouse, this coverage applies only if it (CD វ A WER - ស៊ីសាចិត្តិ

 - (1) your car; or (2) a trailer described under "Trailer Coverage" for which no extra premium is charged; or
 - (3) a newly acquired car. THIS COVERAGE DOES NOT APPLY IF THERE IS OTHER VEHICLE LIABILITY COVERAGE ON THE NEWLY ACQUIRED CAR.
- b. If your car is also described in a policy issued to you by another company, the total limits of liability shall not exceed those of the policy with the highest limits of liability. We are liable only for our share of the damages. Our share is the per cent that the limit of liability of the policy issued by us bears to the sum of the limits of liability of the policies issued by us and the other company.

2. Policies Issued by Us to You

. Santangs atten If two or more vehicle liability policies issued by us to you apply to the same accident, the total limits of liability under all such policies shall not exceed that of the policy with the highest limit of liability.

compensation insurance

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3.23. Temporary Substitute Car, Non-Owned Car, Trailer

If a temporary substitute car, a non-owned car of a trailer designed for use with a private passenger car or utility vehicle has other vehicle liability coverage on it, then this coverage is excess.

Other Liability Coverage Available From Other Sources Subject to items 1, 2 and 3, if other vehicle liability coverage applies, we are liable only for our share of the damages. Our share is the per cent that the limit of liability of this policy bears to the total of all vehicle liability coverage applicable to the accident.

Motor Vehicle Compulsory Insurance Law or Financial Responsibility Law

1.04 Out-of-State Coverage of the down in story

If an insured under the liability coverages is in another state or Canada and, as a non-resident, becomes subject to its motor vehicle compulsory insurance, financial the responsibility or similar lawing the religion to the

- the policy will be interpreted to give the coverage required by the law; and
- the coverage so given replaces any coverage in this policy to the extent required by the law for the insured's operation, maintenance or use of a car insured under this policy.

Any coverage so extended shall be reduced to the extent other coverage applies to the accident. In no event shall a person collect more than once.

Financial Responsibility Law

When certified under any law as proof of future financial responsibility, and while required during the policy period, this policy shall comply with such law to the extent required. The insured agrees to repay us for any payment we would not have had to make under the terms of this policy except for this agreement

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No will pay thereby to which in many is legally limble on to those againsts.

The limits of liability are not increased because more than one grown or organic closs may be an insured.

A singles vehicle attached treiler are one vehicle Therefore, the finite of nor normeetic

When he is or more groups whicher are insured under this section the limits apole contrarry to each

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no operator de la consider SECTIÓN II → NO-FAULT — COVERAGE P AND President de la constitue de la constitue de TO PROBLEM TO THE TWO PROBLEMS AND THE PAYMENTS, TO COVERAGE OF WHAT PORCE OF THE RESERVE AND THE

NO-FAULT - COVERAGE P. You have this coverage if "P" with a number beside it appears in the "Coverages" space on the declarations page. "P" with a number beside it is your coverage symbol. Check your coverage symbol with the schedule in the Limits of Liability for the choice of options you made With the transfer of the poor and

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What We Pay 12 and the head on the second of second on the landaces.

We will pay in accordance with the No-Fault Act for bodily injury to an insured, caused by an accident resulting from the ownership, maintenance or use of a motor vehicle:

- Medical Expenses. 80% of the reasonable charges incurred for necessary:
 - a. medical, surgical, X-ray, dental, ambulance, services, $M_{C}(Q)$
 - b. eyeglasses, hearing aids and prosthetic devices, and
 - c. remedial religious treatment or services by a recognized method of healing.
- Income Loss. 60% of loss of income and earning capacity due to the insured's inability to work caused by his or her bodily injury during the time the insured is not able to work.
- Replacement Services Loss. Reasonable expenses incurred for ordinary and needed services the insured would have done, except for the injury, for the benefit of his or her household during the time the insured is not able to work.
- Death Benefits. Death benefits of \$5,000 per person. Insured of means and relative:

- - a while occupying a motor vehicle; or
 - b. struck as a pedestrian by a motor vehicle;
- 2. anyone else while occupying or when struck as a pedestrian by your car, a newly acquired car, a non-owned car, a temporary substitute car or a defitional trailer which would be covered at no additional charge under the "Trailer Coverage" provision of Section I - Liability - Coverage A.

Motor Vehicle - means a vehicle with four or more wheels that the disoldering same of the last that the disoldering same of the last that the last the last

1. is self-propelled and is of a type:

- a. designed for, and
- b. required to be licensed for
- use on Florida highways; or

 2. is a trailer or semitrailer designed for use with a vehicle described in 1 above. vehicle described in 1 above.

note, a se ovedovi s veneše in baladelov seličio dranoci

The does not include.

- I. a mobile home; or was to the secondary
- 2. any motor vehicle which is:
 - a. used in mass transit or public school transportation; and
- b. designed to transport more than five passengers, exclusive of the operator, and
- and rehabilitative when I would be a municipality, a transit or public www.dsf. middle school transportation authority, or a political subdivision of the state,

No-Fault Act - means the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law and any amendments.

Pedestrian - means a person while not an occupant of any self-propelled vehicle. 77.77

Payment of Any Amount Due 2

We will pay any amount due:

- log to an insured;
- **WOLZ** (2) (2) to a parent or guardian, if the insured is a minor or an incompetent person;
- :03:53to the surviving spouse; or
 - 4. at our option:
- a. to a person authorized by law to receive such payment; or
- b. to the person or organization rendering the of periwo a treatment or services.

When Payments Are Reduced servers street in were

We will reduce the amount payable by:

- 1.0 the deductible amount shown in the Schedule for your SEcoverage symbol. The deductible amount does not apply to death benefits.
- Military benefits paid or payable when the schedule shows the reduction for your coverage symbol; and
- 3.11 the amount of any worker's compensation or Medicaid benefits paid or payable for the same items of loss or expense.

are the administration of making recent

No Duplication of Benefits 2. the motor vehicle we insure for no-fault coverage is

No insured shall recover twice for the same expense or loss a, a sedan, station wagon or jeep type vehicle; or under this or similar vehicle insurance or self-insurance.

We have a right to recover our no-fault payments from the owner of or the company insuring a motor vehicle of a type not included in 2a or 2b below if 12 19 13 and a Maria i Maniferenti et i der

1. we have made payment for bodily injury resulting from the insured's occupying or being struck as a pedestrian by that motor vehicle; and

SCHEDULE LARVAY REDGE 45 form in

Deductible That Applies To:

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b. a pickup, panel, van, camper or motor home type and not used mainly in an occupation. profession or business.

Limits of Liability

1. The most we pay

The most we pay for each insured for all loss and expense from one accident shall be \$10,000 less the amount of any reduction described under "When Payments Are Reduced" that applies to the insured. हर्षित हरावर्षीत् । अस्तरायम् अस्तरायद्भाष्ट्रभः निर्मार्थे कि स्थिति । स्थान त्रामान स्थान स्थान स्थान । स्थानम्बर्गे स्थान स्थानम्बर्गे स्थानम्बरम् । स्थानम्बर्गे स्थानम्बर्गे स्थानम्बर्गे स्थानम्बर्गे स्थानम्बर्गम

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The Coverage of the coverage o	Military Benefits Loss of Income Benefits
Symbol Tollier (You would be Dependent Relative	
State of the state	o de ambiento a relegió de al desperado de la composición de la No
P10 None None None None None None None None	Yes, the company Yes, and the total No.
P14 None None	No a resizantia, serial Yes
Thursday P16 of the last residence of the First None of the None o	Yes Annual Yes with the last of the Yes
P20 \$250 Shada from None	The state of the Military Northwest and the North North
P21 \$250 d has but the \$250 g 3	and the service of the tea No of the teacher to the teacher No.
P30 \$500 For Commission None 76	No the or stoken of the and No
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to recent P41 short at (if \$1000 ag in taking an \$1000	the property of the two sections and the property of the No.
P50 \$2000 \$1000 \$1000 \$2000 \$1	No at the last No at the last at the last No.
P51 ************************************	No since side for a manyon

Localis Benefits. Despite hence in the State of Francis damages. Our share is the per cent that the limit c liability of the policy issued by us bears to the sun of the limits of liability of the policies issued by u and the other company.

If There Is Other No-Fault Coverage or If You Own More Than One Vehicle 1.6 Vehicles You Own ages to meaning add at the

- a. If the vehicle involved in the accident is owned by you or your spouse, this coverage applies only if it
 - (1) your car; or longer museum streament the co

100 (2) 10 newly, acquired car. THIS COVERAGE 100 100 100 INDOES NOT APPLY IF THERE IS OTHER NO-FAULT COVERAGE ON 10 THE Subodes of NEWLY ACQUIRED CAR.

b. ... If your car is also described in a policy issued to you by another company, the total limits of liability shall not exceed those of the policy with the highest limits of liability. We are liable only for our share of the

Policies Issued by Us to You

If two or more policies providing no-fault coverage issued by us to you apply to the same accident, the tota limits of liability under all such policies shall not exceed that of the policy with the highest limit of liability.

Coverage Available From Other Sources

Subject to items 1 and 2, if other no-fault coverage applies, we will pay only our share. Our share is the pa cent that the limit of liability of the policy issued by a bears to the total of all coverage applicable to the accident. is self-propolled and is of a grass

What Is Not Covered Under Coverage P THERE IS NO COVERAGE: 1/2 0/2020

- 1. FOR BODILY INJURY TO A LEGAL RESIDENT OF FLORIDA. This does not apply to you or any relative.
- WE ANY PERSON ENTITLED TO NO-FAULT STRUCK BY AND :MONTHERED DE
- (1) THE OWNER OF A MOTOR VEHICLE MOS MEDITHER THAN YOU OR MAD LA
- THAT OWNER'S INSURER.

This does not apply to you or any relative. PREMISES OR

2. FOR ANY PERSON:

- **300 a. WHOSE CONDUCT CONTRIBUTED TO HIS** OR HER BODILY INJURY UNDER ANY OF THE FOLLOWING CIRCUMSTANCES: 1 7
 - (1) CAUSING BODILY INJURY TO HIMSELF / SYL OR DICTEM HERSELF INTENTIONALLY; OR 30 A W.F.
 - (2) WHILE COMMITTING A FELONY; 6
- b WHOSE **BODILY INJURY** OCCURRED WHILE
 - (I) DRIVING YOUR CAR OR A NEWLY ACQUIRED CAR WITHOUT YOUR PERMISSION:
 - (2) OCCUPYING A MOTOR VEHICLE LOCATED FOR USE AS A DWELLING OR PREMISES:
- c. WHO OWNS A MOTOR VEHICLE SUBJECT TO THE NO-FAULT ACT.
- tend to This does not apply to you and, if the accident A TYPE occurs outside Florida, any relative while occupying your car.
- 3. FOR INCOME LOSS WHEN THE SCHEDULE SHOWS & INCOME!! LOSS !! BENEFITS ARE "10" ELIMINATED : UNDER YOUR !: COVERAGE "**SYMBOL**ed brede alop to see that reprovess,

MEDICAL PAYMENTS - COVERAGE C

You have this coverage if "C" appears in the "Coverages" space on the declarations page. WAYA BETTOM

We will pay reasonable medical expenses, for bodily injury for services furnished within three years of the date of the accident. These expenses are for necessary:

- niviano chino emider yn., abrich i emitto emis a 1. medical, surgical, X-ray, dental, cambulance, hospital, professional nursing and rehabilitative services, and all
 - 2. eyeglasses, hearing aids and prosthetic devices,

benton on solidar notion grown of services by a recognized method of healing; and

funeral expenses.

I then his Other bushest fragments chromogeness to Vis-The accident must result from the ownership, maintenance or use of a motor vehicle.

Persons for Whom Medical Expenses Are Payable

We will pay medical expenses for bodily injury sustained by:

- 1. a. the first person named in the declarations;
- b. his or her spouse; and
 - to Estatheir relatives, a many or his in
- These persons have to sustain the bodily injury:
- Mari While they operate or occupy a vehicle covered
- b. through being struck as a pedestrian by a self-propelled vehicle or trailer.

Pedestrian means a person not an occupant of any sais (this eff-propelled vehicle, the control of the control o

- o that all a vehicle covered under the liability coverage, make the except a non-owned car. Such vehicle has to be and insured by a person who is insured under the liability coverage; or pass tentre existing
- a non-owned car. The bodily injury has to result from such *car's* operation or occupancy by the first *person* named in the declarations, his or her *spouse* or their *relatives*,

Payment of Medical Expenses (2002)

We may pay the injured person or any person or organization performing the services.

- Subject to demain who concerns a excess in their remain The amount of coverage for medical expenses, including funeral services, is shown on the declarations page under "Limit of Liability - Coverage C - Each Person". If the amount shown is \$2,500 or more, the most we pay for funeral services is \$2,500 per person.
- This coverage is excess over.
- and any medical expenses paid or payable under on payable under one fault of coverage P, or which would be except officer for any reduction described under no-fault coverage P "When Payments Are Reduced"; and
- The liability and uninsured motor vehicle coverages shall be excess over and shall not pay again any medical 1A expenses paid under this coverage. 10.1.21 ESTATION STATIONAL S

Two or More Vehicles

1. A motor vehicle and attached trailer are one vehicle as respects limits.

2. When two or more motor vehicles are insured under this section the limits apply separately to each.

If There Are Other Medical Payments Coverages or If You Own More Than One Vehicle will have a leave freshood and

- Vehicles You Own
- a. If the vehicle involved in the accident is owned by we you or your spouse, this coverage applies only if it

ir ase of a motor vehicle.

- (1) your car; or water meets spill till 6
 - (2) a trailer described under "Trailer Coverage" for which no extra premium is charged; or
- (3) a newly acquired car. THIS COVERAGE DOES NOT APPLY IF THERE IS OTHER VEHICLE DE MEDICAL PAYMENTS
 COVERAGE ON THE NEWLY
 ACQUIRED CAR. Della COLOR
- b. If your car is also described in a policy issued to you by another company, the total limits of liability shall not exceed those of the policy with the highest limits of liability. We are liable only for our share of the damages. Our share is the per cent that the limit of liability of the policy issued by us bears to the sum of the limits of liability of the policies issued by us and the other company station which
- 2. Policies Issued by Us to Your accommendation of

If two or more vehicle policies providing medical payments coverage issued by us to you apply to the same accident, the total limits of liability under all such policies shall not exceed that of the policy with the highest limit of liability.

3. Temporary Substitute Car, Non-Owned Car, Trailer or Pedestrian

Subject to item 2, this coverage is excess if other vehicle medical payments coverage applies to: Invierne and

- a. a temporary substitute car, a non-owned car of a b. bodily injury sustained by a pedestrian. Accorded.

 4. Coverage Available From Other Sources

Subject to items 1, 2 and 3, if other vehicle medical payments coverage applies, we are liable only for our share of the damages. Our share is the per cent that the limit of liability of the policy issued by its bears to the total of all vehicle medical payments coverage applicable to the accident. Zilianai visition

What Is Not Covered Under Coverage Coverage Of State of Hall THERE IS NO COVERAGE UNDER MEDICAL PAYMENTS:

The or More Values

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- 1. WHILE A NON-OWNED CAR IS USED:
 - BY ANY PERSON EMPLOYED OR ENGAGED IN ANY WAY IN A CAR a. BY BUSINESS: OR
- b. IN ANY OTHER DUSTINESS named in the does not apply when the first person named in the declarations, his or her spouse or any relative is operating or occupying a private passenger car.
- 2. WHILE OCCUPYING OR THROUGH BEING STRUCK BY ANY MOTOR VEHICLE OR BACTRAILER TOWN A ROUNDING THE TO
 - a DESIGNED MAINLY FOR USE OFF PUBLIC ROADS WHILE OFF PUBLIC ROADS, OR
 - bin located for use as a residence or PREMISES: OR FOR ANY ZERSON
- ZÍHOT THATSISTRUNS TOUONOD ERAILS HO YM CRAWLER-TREADS MADY JULY SC.
- 3. FOR BODILY INJURY DUE TO WAR OF ANY OT KIND. MARKET SERVICES E001073.613
- 4. IFOR MEDICAL EXPENSES FOR BODILY INJURY:
- a. SUSTAINED WHILE OCCUPYING OR VEHICLE OWNED BY YOU, YOUR SPOUSE, OR ANY, *RELATIVE*, WHICH IS NOT INSURED UNDER THIS COVERAGE; OR b. TO THE EXTENT:
- WORKER'S (I) WORKER'S COMPENSATION
 BENEFITS ARE REQUIRED TO BE PAYABLE, OR AND HERE
- OR OR OR DENEFITS ARE PAYABLE;
- c. SUSTAINED BY ANY PERSON, other than the first person named in the declarations, his or her paragno spouse or their relatives, WHILE OCCUPYING A VEHICLE:
- PLICEC(I) RENTED TO OTHERS; OR COMPACT
- BIA (2) FUSED TO CARRY PERSONS FOR A HOAS CHARGE. This does not apply to a private passenger car used on a share expense basis.
 - d. SUSTAINED, BY ANY PERSON WHO AT
- Segmen(I) OWNS AXMOTOR VEHICLE SUBJECT TO THE NO-FAULT ACT; AND STORE THE
- THE NO-FAULT ACT.
- This does not apply to you and if the accident 23. occurs outside Florida, any relative while occupying .constact surgest .com-X decired decired if
- hospital, professional nursing and rehabilitative
 - eyeglasses, bearing aids and prosthetic devices,

SECTION III — UNINSURED MOTOR VEHICLE — COVERAGES U

UNINSURED MOTOR VEHICLE - COVERAGE U (Includes Underinsured Motor Vehicle Coverage on an Excess Basis)

The from al and the self-resident as and discharge ladde

You have this coverage if "U" appears in the "Coverages" space on the declarations page.

UNINSURED MOTOR VEHICLE - COVERAGE U3 (Non-Stacking Optional Form) Contract Contract

You have this coverage if "U3" appears in the "Coverages" space on the declarations page.

UNINSURED MOTOR VEHICLE AND A CAR ARE IN A COVERAGES U and U3

We will pay damages for bodily injury an insured is legally entitled to collect from the owner or driver of an uninsured motor vehicle. The bodily injury must be caused by accident ansing out of the operation, maintenance or use of an uninsured motor vehicle.

- Uninsured Motor Vehicle means:
 1. a land motor vehicle, the ownership, maintenance or use of which is:
- ... a in not insured, not self-insured or not bonded for bodily injury liability at the time of the accident; or
- 56: bit insured, self-insured or bonded for bodily injury to the liability at the time of the accident; but the second
 - (1) the limits of liability of the insurance, self-insurance or bond are less than required by the financial responsibility act of the state where your car is mainly garaged; or
 - (2) the limits of liability of the insurance, self-insurance or bond are less than the mi damages for bodily injury sustained by the insured; or THE STATE OF STATE OF
 - (3) the insuring company or self-insurer denies coverage or is or becomes insolvent; or
- 2. a land motor vehicle whose owner or driver remains unknown and who was the proximate cause of bodily injury to an insured. Prikalik No Marakt

A self-insured motor vehicle is one owned or operated by a self-insurer under any motor vehicle financial responsibility self-insurer under any motor vernere man, includes all law, a motor carrier law or any similar law.

An uninsured motor vehicle does not include a land motor vehicle: was a quinak or out some of the met successories

- I insured under the liability coverage of this policy
- 2. furnished for the regular use of you, your spouse or any de relative; a carrie fouriere aris ed Dagius aupragera

- 3. designed for use mainly off public roads except while with on public roads; or to the testion of the same of the early
- while located for use as premises.

Who Is an Insured Coverage U

Insured - means the person or persons covered by uninsured motor vehicle coverage. This is:

- the first person named in the declarations;
 his or her spouse;
- 3. their relatives, and
- any other person while occupying:
- ne a your car, a temporary substitute car, a newly ifit sociacquired car or a trailer attached to such car.

lo america

Such vehicle has to be used within the scope of the consent of you or your spouse; or

- ni; b. a car not owned by you, your spouse or any relative, or a trailer attached to such a car. It has to be driven by the first person named in the declarations or that person's spouse and within the scope of the owner's consent.
- Such other person occupying a vehicle used to carry persons for a charge is not an insured. This does not apply to the use on a share expense basis.
- 5. any person entitled to recover damages because of bodily injury to an insured under 1 through 4 above.

Coverage U3: tigge and to regard were to detection to other tisk

क <u>राष्ट्रिय</u> कर्म के क्रिक्स एका , ते के के ते के कि Insured -, means the person or persons covered by uninsured motor vehicle coverage. This is:

- the first person named in the declarations;
 his or her spouse;
- 3. their relatives; and property and propert
- 4. any other person while occupying:
- a. your car, a temporary substitute car, a newly acquired car or a trailer attached to such car.
- Such vehicle has to be used within the scope of the consent of you or your spouse; or the wind the
- The a car not owned by you, your spouse, any relative or such other person or a trailer attached to such a car. It has to be driven by the first person named in the declarations or that person's spouse and within Eggs to the scope of the owner's consent.

Such other person occupying a vehicle used to carry . by persons for a charge is not an insured. This does not apply to the use on a share expense basis.

13 8106³ 5. any person entitled to recover damages because of b. an uninsured motor vehicle claim has been or will bodily injury to an insured under 1 through 4 above. A

Deciding Fault and Amount - Coverages U and U3 Two questions must be decided by agreement between the **insured** and us:

Is the insured legally entitled to collect damages from the owner or driver of the uninsured motor vehicle; and

rainer a es ceu tós listes d'elida-

If so, in what amount?

If there is no agreement, then they say the state of the same the same that the same t

If both parties consent, these questions shall be decided by arbitration as follows: PAREOUS TON TO STR

Each party shall select a competent and impartial arbitrator. These two shall select a third one. The written decision of any two of the three arbitrators shall who be binding on each party. If the two selected arbitrators are unable to agree on a third one within 30 days, the insured shall proceed as provided in item 2. below.

The cost of the arbitrator and any expert witness shall we be paid by the party who hired them. The cost of the third arbitrator and other expenses of arbitration shall and be shared equally by both parties, who got over the

The arbitration shall take place in the county in which the insured resides unless the parties agree to another place. "State court riles governing procedure and admission of evidence shall be used; or

- If either party does not consent to arbitrate these questions or if the arbitrators selected by each party cannot agree on a third arbitrator, the insured shall:
- file a lawsuit in the proper court against the owner. or driver of the uninsured motor vehicle and us, or if such owner or driver is unknown, against us, and
 - b. upon filing, immediately give us copies of the summons and complaints filed by the insured in that action, and មនុស្ស **។៩ពី** ២
 - secure a judgment in that action. The judgment must be the final result of an actual trial and an appeal, if an appeal is taken in three, radio of
- 3. * If the insured files suit against the owner or driver of the uninsured motor vehicle, we have the right to defend on with the issues of the legal liability of and the damages owed by such owner or driver, paper to may to persono.

smilf the insured and the person of organization legally liable for the insured's bodily injury reach a settlement agreement to pay the insured such person's limits of aid liability, the insured must submit the agreement to us in writing for our approval prior to final execution of such are settlement agreement if hyperson massay testic, don't

acra : the settlement would not fully satisfy the insured's claim for hodily injury; and a to set all to ylogs

be made against us.

The insured may file suit against us and the legally liable person if, within 30 days after our receipt of the settlement agreement, we do not (and sense)

- a. approve the settlement;
- waive our rights of recovery against the person or organization legally liable for the bodily injury;
 - c. authorize the signing of a full release; and
- agree to arbitrate othe uninsured motor vehicle clann. Constitution Comment Press

The suit shall decide:

- a. If the *insured* is legally entitled to collect damages; and
 - b. if so, how much? DIHAY STEETING 33908/19/3

The limit of bodily injury liability of the person legally liable shall be exhausted before any award may be man entered against us. The award against us shall be insibinding and conclusive on us and the insured up to our 115 coverage limit. The triberal moderation with the term gallery. ्वित्राज्ञातीत्वर भागवत्वरहरू 🗀 उत्तरेश राजिनका

Except as provided above:

- อัสเมียงสาวสาวัยยิ่ง คา ก็อร์ยังคี 😁 🚁 และกระ 1. We are not bound by any judgment against any person or organization obtained without our written consent; and.
- 2.7 The insured shall not enter into any settlement with any person or organization legally liable for the insured's the bodily rijury without nour written consent if the settlement agreement precludes our right of recovery against such person or organization.

Payment of Any Amount Due - Coverages U and U3

We will pay any amount due: विकास के किया मिल

- ્રાની ઉંગ મહિલાની ઉંગ પ્રાપ્ત માટે પૂર્વ પૂર્વ 1. to the insured; in Encode the assistance assistance
- 2. to a parent or guardian if the *insured* is a minor or an incompetent *person*;
- 3. It to the surviving spouse; or 60 30 minutes all &
- at our option, to a person authorized by law to receive antisuch payment: 1910/0 set die 501659 - Continue to 1816/0 de seus sentiment en tre title fou avent fou

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Limits of Liability

Coverage Ugo to waswo one abdition follows between the A 1. The amount of coverage is shown on the declarations page under "Limits of Liability — U — Each Person."

1. The amount of coverage is shown on the declarations page under "Limits of Liability — U — Each Person.

1. Each Accident "Under "Each Person" is the amount of coverage for all damages due to bodily injury to one person. "Bodily injury to one person" includes all injury and damages to others resulting from this bodily injury. You Under "Each Accident" is the total amount of coverage, subject to the amount shown under Each

Person", for all damages due to hodily injury to two or more persons in the same accident. Ly MAN A

- This coverage is excess over, but shall not duplicate, any amount: เอาเรา แก่ อเก๋ กระบะ หนา ผลดงญ์ ปรามนูก
 - paid to or for the insured by or for any person or organization who is or may be held legally liable for the bodily injury to the insured; and
- b. paid or payable under:
- (1) any worker's compensation, disability benefits, SUPERFORM OF Similar law; SERVERTO ARTHUR SERVE
 - (2) the no-fault coverage, or which would be payable except for a deductible;
- and the same (3) any car medical expense coverage; and the
- (4) any car liability coverage.
- 3. The limits of liability are not increased because:
 - a. more than one vehicle is insured under this policy; ี ผู้สิดในสหได้เ or Red ONg.
- b. more than one person is insured at the time of the BEAUTHEAN CE TAMENTAL accident.

- 1. The amount of coverage is shown on the declarations page under "Limits of Liability - U3 - Each Person, Each Accident". Under "Each Person" is the amount of coverage for all damages due to bodily injury to one person. "Bodily injury to one person" includes all injury and damages to others resulting from this bodily injury. Under "Each Accident" is the total amount of coverage, subject to the amount shown under "Each Person", for all damages due to bodily injury to two or more *persons* in the same accident.
- This coverage is excess over, but shall not duplicate, any amount:
- paid to or for the insured by or for any person or organization who is or may be held legally liable for the bodily injury to the insured; and
 - b. paid or payable under:
 - (1) any worker's compensation, disability benefits, or similar law;
 - the no-fault coverage, or which would be 3. payable except for a deductible;
 - (3) any car medical expense coverage; and
 - (4) any car liability coverage.
- Except as provided in item 3 of "If There Is Other Uninsured Motor Vehicle Coverage", regardless of the number of motor vehicles involved, the number of persons covered or claims made, vehicles or premiums shown in the policy or premiums paid, the limit of liability for uninsured motor vehicle coverage shall not be added to or stacked upon limits for such coverages applying to other motor vehicles to determine the

amount of coverage available to an insured injured in any one accident.

- 4. The limits of liability are not increased because:
- a, more than one vehicle is insured under this policy; ente i p 👫 i vin i Slovil van da solfgan jugatiwas diser
- b. .: more than one person is insured at the time of the kach accidentso ya bawa aymeyoo adt no gillido die

When Coverage U Does Not Apply the Coverage of

THERE IS NO COVERAGE: 10

- FOR ANY INSURED WHO, WITHOUT OUR WRITTEN CONSENT, SETTLES WITH ANY PERSON OR ORGANIZATION WHO MAY BE LIABLE FOR THE BODILY INJURY.
- TO THE EXTENT IT BENEFITS:
 - ANY WORKER'S COMPENSATION OR DISABILITY BENEFITS INSURANCE COMPANY SURVINGE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY
 - SELF-INSURER C. UNDER b. WORKER'S COMPENSATION. OR DISABILITY BENEFITS OR SIMILAR LAW.
 - c. ANY GOVERNMENTAL BODY AGENCY TO PUBLISH TO A PERSON OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

When Coverage U3 Does Not Apply

- FOR ANY *INSURED* WHO, WITHOUT OUR WRITTEN CONSENT, SETTLES WITH ANY *PERSON* OR ORGANIZATION WHO MAY BE LIABLE FOR THE BODILY INJURY.
- 2... TO THE EXTENT IT BENEFITS:
 - ANY WORKER'S COMPENSATION OR DISABILITY BENEFITS INSURANCE COMPANY.
 - SELF-INSURER UNDER ANY WORKER'S **COMPENSATION** DISABILITY BENEFITS OR SIMILAR LAW.
 - GOVERNMENTAL ANY BODY AGENCY.
- FOR BODILY INJURY TO AN INSURED WHILE OCCUPYING A MOTOR VEHICLE OWNED BY YOU, YOUR SPOUSE OR ANY RELATIVE IF IT IS NOT INSURED FOR THIS COVERAGE UNDER THIS POLICY. This does not apply to an insured occupying a newly acquired car which has no uninsured motor vehicle coverage applicable to it.

If There Is Other Uninsured Motor Vehicle Coverage

Coverage U

If an insured is occupying or is struck as a pedestrian by a vehicle:

15

- " a." which is not your car; and
 - b. other uninsured motor vehicle coverage applies, this coverage is excess. On the chicago and the
- 2. Subject to item I above, if other uninsured motor vehicle coverage applies, we are liable only for our share of the damages. Our share is the per cent that the limit of liability of the coverage issued by us bears to the total of all uninsured motor vehicle coverage applicable to the accident.

Coverage U3

If an insured sustains bodily injury while not occupying a motor vehicle and other uninsured motor vehicle coverage is available; ASTOR LHT SIGT LIBALL

a. the insured must select the limit of one such coverage under which to make claim; and

PIERRIS NOT OVERAGEL

- b. THIS COVERAGE DOES NOT APPLY IF THE INSURED SELECTS ANY OTHER UNINSURED MOTOR VEHICLE COVERAGE UNDER WHICH TO MAKE CLAIM AND STERVING VII
- 2. If the insured sustains bodily injury while occupying your car, and your car is described on the declarations page of another policy providing uninsured motor vehicle and the second of the coverage: attice and
- the total limits of liability under all such coverages shall not exceed that of the coverage with the A = Chighest limit of liability; and
- b. We are liable only for our share. Our share is that per cent of the damages that the limit of liability of this coverage bears to the total of all uninsured motor vehicle coverage applicable to the accident.

- 3. If an insured as defined in item 1,2 or 3 of the definition of insured sustains bodily injury while occupying a vehicle not owned by you, your spouse or a relative, such injured person can select one uninsured motor vehicle coverage that covers the injured person as a named insured or relative to apply:
 - as excess over the coverage on the vehicle occupied;
- b. as primary if there is no coverage on the vehicle

THIS COVERAGE DOES NOT APPLY IF OTHER APPLICABLE COVERAGE IS SELECTED

- If an insured as defined in item 4 of the definition of insured sustains bodily injury while occupying a vehicle not owned by you, your spouse, your relatives or such
- THIS COVERAGE DOES NOT APPLY TO *SUCH INSURED IF THERE IS TOTHER MOTOR UNINSURED VEHICLE critical COVERAGE:
 - (1) APPLICABLE TO THE VEHICLE OCCUPIED; OR
- (2) AVAILABLE TO SUCH INSURED AS A NAMED INSURED OR INSURED FAMILY MEMBER UNDER ANOTHER POLICY PROVIDING UNINSURED 2.020. 1 4.... MOTOR VEHICLE COVERAGE
- b, and subject to a above coverage under more than one policy issued to you, your spouse or your relatives is applicable, the injured person can select X 1945 one such uninsured motor vehicle coverage to

THIS COVERAGE DOES NOT APPLY IF OTHER APPLICABLE COVERAGE IS SELECTED.

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SOFFOR BORGE EDWICKE TO AN INSCREE WELLS OCCUPATION SERICES SYNED BY FOO NOW SPOOSE OR ANY PERFORPED IT IS NOT THIS POLICY. THIS COVERAGE UNDER THIS POLICY. This does not apply to up incipire of application as a positive of the notion has no าวรังวัน องประวัติอุรัส จรู้สี่เองชัย เปิดสีโซง ที่อดี ค่ำ . . เกองวันโย

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Coverage L

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Loss - means, when used in this section, each direct and accidental loss of or damage to: L. Carl Routed . Leaves Vice Science

your car; well man 512 or me whom?

- 2. its equipment which is common to the use of your car as a vehicle; or
- 3. clothes and luggage insured; and
- 4. a detachable living quarters attached or removed from your car for storage. Detachable living quarters includes its body and items securely fixed in place as a permanent part of the body. You must have told us about the living quarters before the loss and paid any extra premium needed.

COMPREHENSIVE - COVERAGE D. You have this coverage if "D" appears in the "Coverages" space on the declarations page. If a deductible applies the amount is shown by the number beside "D"...

1. Loss to Your Car. We will pay for loss to your car EXCEPT LOSS BY COLLISION but only for the amount of each such loss in excess of the deductible amount, if any. The deductible amount shall not apply to loss due to breakage of glass.

Breakage of glass, or *loss* caused by missiles, falling objects, fire, theft, larceny, explosion, earthquake, windstorm, hail, water, flood, malicious mischief or vandalism, not or civil commotion, is payable under this coverage. Loss due to hitting or being hit by a bird or an animal is payable under this coverage: coverage:

2. We will repay you for transportation costs if your car is stolen. We will pay up to \$16 per day for the period that begins 48 hours after you tell us of the theft. The period ends when we offer to pay for าติ โทษีกาสถอดุลดลม โ_{กเม}

COLLISION - 80% - COVERAGE F. You have this coverage if "F" appears in the "Coverages" space on the declarations page.

We will pay 80% of the first \$250 and 100% over that amount of loss to your car caused by collision. If the collision is with another motor vehicle insured by us, we will pay 100% of the loss.

COLLISION TO COVERAGE G. You have this coverage if "G" appears in the "Coverages" space on the declarations page. The deductible amount is shown by the number beside "G". - Printed to instranted. 一定 医髓神经病

We will pay for *loss* to *your car* caused by *collision* but only for the amount of each such loss in excess of the deductible amount. If the collision is with another motor vehicle insured with us, you do not pay your deductible if it is \$100 or less as we pay it.

2. Day to report on replace the property on it with Collision — means your car upset or hit or was hit by a vehicle or other object. On a contract of the collision Clothes and Luggage — Comprehensive and Collision Coverages

We will pay for loss to clothes and luggage owned by the first person named in the declarations, his or her spouse, and their relatives. These items have to be in or on your car. Your car has to be covered under this policy for the last of the

- 1. Comprehensive, and the loss caused by fire, lightning, flood, falling objects, explosion, earthquake or theft. If the loss is due to theft, YOUR ENTIRE CAR MUST HAVE BEEN STOLEN; or the state of the loss is due to the state of the state
- 4 2. Collision, and the loss caused by collision.

We will pay up to \$200 for loss to clothes and luggage in excess of any deductible amount shown for comprehensive or collision. \$200 is the most we will pay in any one occurrence even though more than one person has a loss. This coverage is excess over any other coverage.

Limit of Liability - Comprehensive and Collision Coverages The limit of our liability for loss to property or any part of it is the lower of:

- 1. the actual cash value; or
- 2. the cost of repair or replacement.

Actual cash value is determined by the market value, age and condition at the time the loss occurred. Any deductible amount that applies is then subtracted. The cost of repair, or replacement is based upon:

- 1. the cost of repair agreed upon by you and us, or
- The 2. In the lower of: The tea that the treating transfer is
 - a. a competitive bid approved by us, or
 - b. an estimate written based upon the prevailing competitive price. The prevailing competitive price means labor rates, parts prices and material prices charged by a substantial number of the repair facilities in the area where the car is to be repaired as determined by a survey made by us. If you ask, we will identify some facilities that will perform the repairs at the prevailing competitive price.

Any deductible amount that applies is then subtracted.

Settlement of Loss - Comprehensive and Collision Coverages WITTS at Significance and the Mean than your

We have the right to settle a loss with you or the owner of the property in one of the following ways#공서표처급 역약간 〇〇

- pay to repair or replace the property or part with like kind and quality. If the repair or replacement, results in better than like kind and quality, you must pay for the amount of the betterment;
 - return the stolen property and pay for any damage due to the theft; or
- 13.4 4.4 take the property at an agreed value; but it cannot to the abandoned to us. 10.50 at the abandoned to us. 10.50 at the abandoned to us. 10.50 at the abandoned to us.

2015 12 10 10 18 50 10 If we can pay the loss under either comprehensive or collision, we will pay under the coverage where you collect the most. 71 <u>1768</u> 1888 -

When there is loss to your car, clothes and luggage in the same occurrence, any deductible will be applied first to the loss to your car. You pay only one deductible. 10 18

EMERGENCY ROAD SERVICE COVERAGE H. You have this coverage if "H" appears in the "Coverages" space on the declarations page.

We will pay the fair cost you incur for your car for:

- all committees its mechanical labor up to one hour at the place of its breakdown;
- 2. towing to the nearest place where the necessary repairs can be made during regular business hours if it will not run; jago tazentak
 - towing it out if it is stuck on or immediately next to a public highway;
- delivery of gas, oil, loaned battery, or change of tire. WE DO NOT PAY FOR THE COST OF THESE ITEMS.

CAR RENTAL EXPENSE COVERAGE R. You have this coverage if "R" appears in the "Coverages" space on the declarations page.

We will repay you up to \$10 per day when you rent a car from a car rental agency or garage due to a loss to your car which would be payable under coverage D, F or G, starting:

- 1. when it cannot run due to the loss; or
- 2, if it can run, when you leave it at the shop for ansalw agreed repairs; history out to indirect

and ending which 20 because to of a care of a

- 1. Lit has been repaired or replaced, or
 - 2. we offer to pay for the loss, or
- 3. beyou incur 30 days rent; restruction is steller field in. so whichever comes first and the appropriate

Any car rent payable under coverage R is REDUCED TO THE SWEXTEN FOR SITE OF SITE OF PAYABLE STOUNDER COMPREHENSIVE of the Note that the colored vigories of the

1. pay up to the actual cash value; (1) (1) (2) CAR? RENTAL MAND TRAVEL EXPENSES COVERAGE R1. You have this coverage if "R1" appears in the "Coverages" space on the declarations page.

1. Car Rental Expense. We will:

1 2 7 7

 $\mathcal{F}^{(k)}_{i,j} = \mathcal{F}^{(k)}_{i,j}$

- a. repay you up to \$16 per day when you rent a car from a car rental agency or garage, OR
 - b. pay you \$10 per day if you do not rent a car while your car is not usable below the

due to a loss to your car which would be payable under coverage D, F or G.

This applies during a period starting

- when your car cannot run due to the loss; or
- b. if your car can run, when you leave it at the shop for agreed repairs; SYREMERSON CO All the same and ending: or in als rige 1074 For stereign
- the state and when it has been repaired or replaced, or seems
- b. (1) when we offer to pay for the less, if your car is repairable, or
- (2) five days after we offer to pay for the loss, strumistis alda **it**asa ele **zuk**atur esze keltrekeni
- and the support (a) your car was stolen and not recovered, លេខធំន្លឺក**or** ដោងការ៉េនក ដែលសំនួន ស្តា
- and the selector (b) we declare it a total loss, shows

whichever comes first.

Any car rent payable under this coverage is REDUCED TO THE EXTENT IT IS PAYABLE UNDER COMPREHENSIVE.

- Travel Expenses. If your car cannot run due to a loss which would be payable under coverage D, F . . . or G more than 50 miles from home, we will repay you for expenses incurred by you, your spouse and any relative for: A Port Comment of the
 - a. Commercial transportation fares to continue to your destination or home.
- b. Extra meals and lodging needed when the loss to your car causes a delay enroute. The expenses must be incurred between the time of 12 0 e the loss and your arrival at your destination or home or by the end of the fifth day, whichever and have a occurs first.
- Meals, lodging and commercial transportation agram 62 of fares incurred by you or a person you choose to " " does drive your car from the place of repair to your กระกอง กรรร์สมdestination or home ผลเสีย รได้ก่อนจ้อง และไ
- 3. Rental Car Repayment of Deductible Amount viata tare Experise. veWeatwill a repay; the a expense v of any account deductible amount you are required to pay the oblez owner under comprehensive or collision coverage. (2017 a in effect on a substitute car rented from a car rental) agency or garage.

Total Amount of Expenses Payable Coverage R1

- 1. The most we will pay for the total of the "Car Rental Expense" and "Rental Car Repayment of Deductible Amount Expense" incurred in any one occurrence is \$400.
- 2. The most we will pay for "Travel Expenses" incurred by all *persons* in any one occurrence is \$400.

Trailer Coverage process, which were his allies it, sugares Deck

19 a Owned Trailer to the total time for a service to the control of the control

- a. when it is described on the declarations page of the policy; and
 - for the coverages shown as applying to it.

2. Non-Owned Trailer or Detachable Living Quarters (1977)

Any physical damage coverage in force on your car applies to a non-owned:

- a trailer, if it is designed for use with a private passenger car, or
- b. detachable living quarters unit

used by the first person named in the declarations, his or her spouse or their relatives.

The most we will pay under the comprehensive or collision coverage for a loss to such non-owned trailer or unit is \$500.

A non-owned trailer or detachable living quarters unit is one ·that:

- 1. is not owned by or registered in the name of:
 - a. you, your spouse, any relative;
 - b. any other person residing in the same household as you, your spouse or any relative; or
 - c. an employer of you, your spouse or any relative; and
- 2. has not been used by, rented by or in the possession of you, your spouse or any relative during any part of each of the preceding 21 days; and
- 3. is used by you, your spouse or any relative and such persons have not used or rented any non-owned trailer or detachable living quarters unit during any part of more than 45 days in the 365 days preceding the date of the accident or loss.

Coverage for the Use of Other Cars

The coverages in this section you have on your car extend to a loss to a newly acquired car, a temporary substitute car or a non-owned car. These coverages extend to a non-owned car while it is driven by or in the custody of an insured.

Insured - as used in this provision means: 70:60 at an AU 2

- the first person named in the declarations;
- his or her spouse; or which has to the his action of the his
- their relatives out factoriord dairies of it is

When Coverages D, F, G, H, R and R1 Do Not Apply THÈRE IS NO COVERAGE FOR

11DIA NON-OWNED CARSON STATES OF THE STATES

- A all IFOTHE DECLARATIONS STATE. THE "AND "USE" OF YOUR CAR IS other than pleasure and business; ICOUPEID CHR.
- b. WHILE BEING REPAIRED, SERVICED OR USED BY ANY, PERSON WHILE THAT PERSON IS WORKING IN ANY CAR BUSINESS; OR grif to
- WHILE USED IN ANY OTHER BUSINESS OR OCCUPATION. This does not apply to a c. 71 private passenger car driven or occupied by the first person named in the declarations, his or her spouse or their relatives.

ANY VEHICLE WHILE:

- RENTED TO OTHERS OR USED TO CARRY PERSONS FOR A CHARGE. This does not apply to the use on a share expense basis; OR
- SUBJECT TO ANY LIEN, RENTAL OR SALES AGREEMENT NOT SHOWN IN THE DECLARATIONS.
- LOSS TO ANY VEHICLE DUE TO:
 - ANY GOVERNMENTAL TAKING BY AUTHORITY;
 - WAR OF ANY KIND;
 - AND LIMITED TO WEAR AND TEAR, FREEZING, **MECHANICAL** ELECTRICAL BREAKDOWN OR FAILURE. This does not apply when the loss is the result of a theft covered by this policy. Nor does it apply to emergency road service; OR
 - CONVERSION, EMBEZZLEMENT SECRETION BY ANY *PERSON* WHO HAS THE VEHICLE DUE TO ANY LIEN. RENTAL OR SALES AGREEMENT.
- TIRES unless:
 - stolen, or damaged by fire or vandalism; or
 - other loss covered by this section happens at the same time.
- TAPES OR DISCS FOR RECORDING OR REPRODUCING SOUND.
- ANY RADAR DETECTOR.

If There Is Other Physical Damage Coverage or If You Own More Than One Vehicle สิ้วสังลัฟร์ มี ซิยกระสร้อยก คำกลัง เชย

1. Vehicles You Own

a. If the vehicle involved in the accident is owned by you or your spouse, this coverage applies only if it (1) your car; of OR HOWARTOD. TO SHEET

into online symmetric

- (2) a newly acquired car. THIS INSURANCE BHT STADOES ANOT SAPPLY IF THERE, IS VILLE SIMILAR COVERAGE ON THE NEWLY ACQUIRED CAR. 3400030...
- b. If your car is also described in a policy issued to you by another company, the total limits of liability shall not exceed those of the policy with the highest limits of liability. We are liable only for our share of the damages. Our share is the per cent that the limit of liability of the policy issued by us bears to the sum of the limits of liability of the policies issued by us and the other company.

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 - ANY PADAR DETECTOR. ** in de la marchia de la companya de la co

- 2. Policies Issued by Us to You! Contain the formation with
 - If two or more vehicle policies issued by us to you apply to the same loss or occurrence, we will pay under the policy with the highest limit.
- Temporary Substitute Car, Non-Owned Car or Trailer
- If a temporary substitute car, a non-owned car or trailer designed for use with a private passenger car has other coverage on it, then this coverage is excess.
- Coverage Available From Other Sources
- Subject to items 1, 2 and 3, if other coverage applies to the loss or expenses, we will pay only our share. Our share is the per cent that the limit of liability of the policy issued by us bears to the total of all coverage that applies. រស់ ១ ខ្មែរដែល

No Benefit to Bailee hop as threads abundance with whi

These coverages shall not benefit any carrier or other bailee for hire liable for loss.
Two or More Vehicles

If two or more of your cars are insured for the same coverage, the coverage applies separately to each.

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SECTION V - DEATH, DISMEMBERMENT AND LOSS OF SIGHT - COVERAGE S

the Plan of Landor ther Paymons If "S" is shown in the "Coverages" space on the declarations page each insured has the coverage.

We will pay the amount shown in the schedule that applies for death, or loss, caused by accident. The insured has to be occupying or be struck by a land motor vehicle or trailer. The death or loss must be the direct result of the accident and not due to any other cause. The death or loss must occur within 90 days of the accident.

Insured — means a person listed under "Persons Insured — Coverage S" on the declarations page. Loss - means the loss of:

- 1. the foot or hand, cut off through or above the ankle a or wrist, or was you had been offered
- 2, the whole thumb or finger; or
 - 3. all sight.

The Most We Pay The most we will pay because of the death of, or loss to, the insured, except as provided below, is shown under "Amounts" next to his or her name on the declarations

The amount shown in the schedule for death or loss is doubled for an insured who; at the time of the accident, is using the vehicle's complete restraint system as recommended by the vehicle's manufacturer.

If the insured dies as a result of this accident, any payment made or due for loss reduces the amount of the death payment.

STATE SCHEDULE SERVICES

on same evolució de la grafia de la colonidad de La colonidad de la colonidad de La colonidad de la colonidad d	If amount under S in the declarations is:
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Death Loss of: hands, feet; sight of eyes; one hand & one foot; or one hand or one foot & sight of one eye one hand or one foot; or sight of one eye thumb & finger on one hand; or three fingers any two fingers	5,000 10,000 2,500 5,000 1,500 3,000 1,000 20 2,000
Payment of Any Amount Due	o mede televerno. Toda pálamosá
We will pay any amount due:	uli na njeli sejena

to a parent or guardian if the insured is a minor or an incompetent person;

3. to the surviving spouse; or

at our option, to any *person*, or organization authorized by law to receive such payment. 4.

Any payment made is to its extent a complete discharge of our obligations. We are not responsible for the way the money is used.

Autopsy

We have the right to have an autopsy made where it is not forbidden by law.

When Coverage S Does Not Apply

THIS COVERAGE DOES NOT APPLY TO DEATH OF OR LOSS TO AN INSURED:

- WHILE ON A THE ENJOBOR OPERATING, ... OCCUPYING, LOADING OR UNLOADING:
- a. AN EMERGENCY VEHICLE: OR
- b. A VEHICLE USED IN THE INSURED'S BUSINESS OR JOB? The Market

But 1 b. does not apply if the vehicle is:

- (1) a private passenger car or school bus; or
- (2) of the pickup or van type, with a Gross Vehicle Weight of 10,000 pounds or less, while not used for delivery.

2. WHILE:

- a. ON THE JOB IN ANY CAR BUSINESS; OR
- b. OCCUPYING ANY: 3. 344 .
 - (1) VEHICLE WHILE BEING USED IN A RACE; OR
 - (2) MILITARY VEHICLE.
- - DISEASE except pus forming infection due to bodily injury received in the accident; or
 - SUICIDE OR ATTEMPTED SUICIDE WHILE SANE OR INSANE, OR
 - WAR OF ANY KIND.
- 4. WHILE OCCUPYING OR THROUGH BEING STRUCK BY A MOTOR VEHICLE TRAILER:
 - a THAT RUNS ON RAILS. CRAWLER-TREADS;
- b. DESIGNED FOR USE MAINLY OFF PUBLIC ROADS WHILE OFF PUBLIC ROADS; OR
 - LOCATED FOR USE AS PREMISES.

CONDITIONS RELIGIOUS CONDITIONS

Policy Changes

- a. Policy Terms." The terms of this policy may be changed or waived only by:
- (1) an endorsement signed by one of our executive officers; or is the to allando nao-
 - (2) the revision of this policy form to give broader coverage without an extra charge. If any coverage you carry is changed to give broader coverage, we will give you the broader coverage without the issuance of a new policy as of the date we make the change effective.
- b. Change of Interest. No change of interest in this policy is effective unless we consent in writing. However, if you die, we will protect as named insured, except under death, dismemberment and loss of sight coverage: (1) your surviving spouse;
- (2) any person with proper custody of your car, a newly acquired car or a temporary substitute car until a legal representative is qualified; and then
- (3) the legal representative while acting within the scope of his or her duties.

Policy notice requirements are met by mailing the notice to the deceased named insured's last known addréss.

- c. Consent of Beneficiary. Consent of the beneficiary under death, dismemberment and loss of sight coverage is not needed to cancel or change the
- d. Joint and Individual Interests. When there are two or more named insureds, each acts for all to cancel or change the policy. 1474 81 3 2000

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Suit Against Us

There is no right of action against us:

- a. until all the terms of this policy have been met; and Ъ. under the liability coverage, until the amount of damages an insured is legally liable to pay has been finally determined by:
 - (1) judgment after actual trial, and appeal if any; or
- (2) agreement between the *insured*, the claimant and us.
- Bankruptcy or insolvency of the insured or his or her estate shall not relieve us of our obligations.
- under no-fault, medical payments, uninsured motor vehicle, any physical damage and death, dismemberment and loss of sight coverages, until 30 days after we get the *insured's* notice of accident or loss.

3. Our Right to Recover Our Payments

- a: Medical payments and death, dismemberment and loss of sight coverage payments are not recoverable
- b. Under uninsured motor vehicle coverage:

 (1) we are subrogated to the extent of our payments to the proceeds of any settlement the injured person recovers from any party liable for the bodily injury.
 - (2) if the person to or for whom we have made payment has not recovered from the party at fault, he or she shall:
- while it is (a) keep these rights in trust for us;
 - (b) execute any legal papers we need; and
 - (c) when we ask, take action through our representative to recover our payments.

We are to be repaid our payments, costs and fees of collection out of any recovery.

- Under the liability and physical damage coverages the right of recovery of any party we pay passes to us. Such party shall:
 - (1) not hurt our rights to recover, and
- (2) help us get our money back are no not be a

4. Cancellation for host or significant foliables.

How You May Cancel. You may cancel your policy by notifying us in writing of the date to cancel, which must be later than the date you mail or deliver it to us. We may waive these requirements by confirming the date and time of cancellation to you in writing

How and When We May Cancel. We may cancel your policy by written notice, mailed to your last known address. The notice shall give the date cancellation is effective. It will be mailed to you at least:

- a. 10 days before the cancellation effective date if the -- cancellation is because of non-payment of premium; or
- b. 45 days before the cancellation effective date if the cancellation is because of any other reason. The Bonson

Unless we mail a notice of cancellation to you within 59 days of the policy effective date, we will not cancel your policy before the end of the current policy period unless:

- a. you fail to pay the premium when due; or
- b. you, your spouse, any relative or any other person who usually drives your car has had his or her driver's license under suspension or revocation during the 180 days just before the effective date of the policy or during the policy periodes was the saw

Return of Unearned Premium. If you cancel, premium will be earned on a pro-rata basis." We will add any

charges. If we cancel, premium will be earned on a pro-rata basis. Any unearned premium may be returned at the time we cancel or within a reasonable time thereafter. Delay in the return of unearned premium does not affect the cancellation.

5. Renewal

Unless we mail to you written notice of cancellation or a notice of our intention not to renew the policy, we agree to renew the policy for the next policy period upon your payment of the renewal premium. It is agreed that the renewal premium will be based upon the rates in effect, the coverages carried, the applicable limits of liability, deductibles and other elements that affect the premium that apply at the time of renewal.

Other elements that may affect your premium include, but are not limited to:

- a. drivers of your car and their ages and marital status;
- b. your car and its use;
- c. eligibility for discounts or other premium credits;
- d. applicability of a surcharge based either on accident history, or on other factors.

Laura P. Sullivan

A notice of our intention to not renew will be mailed to **your** last known address at least 45 days before the end of the current policy period.

6. Change of Residence

When we receive notice that the location of principal garaging of the vehicle described on the declarations page has been changed, we have the right to recalculate the premium based on the coverages and rates applicable in the new location. When the change of location is from one state to another and you are a risk still acceptable to us at the time you notify us of the change, we shall replace this policy with the policy form currently in use in the new state of garaging. The word 'state' means one of the United States of America, the District of Columbia or a province of Canada.

7. Participating Policy

You are entitled to participate in a distribution of the earnings of the company as determined by our Board of Directors in accordance with the company's Articles of Incorporation, as amended.

In Witness Whereof, the State Farm Fire and Casualty Company has caused this policy to be signed by its President and Secretary at Bloomington, Illinois, and countersigned on the declarations page by a duly authorized representative of the Company.

'SECRETARY

1. 1 m RE Broukes

PRESIDENT

Page No. 5 Reporting a Claim - Insured's Duties - What to do if you have an accident, claim or are sued. 3 Defined Words 4 Declarations Continued When and Where Coverage Applies 4 5 Financed Vehicles - Coverage for Creditor Coverages A-Liability-When there is damage to others.<math>P-No-Fault-When there are medical expenses, work loss or death. 6 9 C - Medical Payments - When there are medical and funeral expenses. 11 U - Uninsured Motor Vehicle - When the other car or driver is not insured or is underinsured. 13 (Underinsured coverage is on an excess basis.) — Uninsured Motor Vehicle — When the other car or driver is not insured or is underinsured. 13 (Non-Stacking Optional Form.) D - Comprehensive - When your car is damaged except by collision or upset. Any deductible amount is shown by the number beside "D" on the declarations page. F - Collision - 80% - When your car is damaged by collision or upset. G - Collision - When your car is damaged by collision or upset. The deductible is shown by the 17 17 17 number beside "G" on the declarations page. H - Emergency Road Service - When your car breaks down or needs a tow. R - Car Rental Expense - When you need to rent a car because of damage to your car. 18 18 R1 - Car Rental and Travel Expenses - When you need to rent a car and pay extra travel expenses 18 because of damage to your car. Death, Dismemberment and Loss of Sight - Pays for death of or certain injuries to persons 21 named. Conditions 1. Policy Changes 22 22 22 23 23 23 Suit Against Us 3. Our Right To Recover Our Payments Cancellation 5. Renewal 6. Change of Residence 7. Participating Policy

WHAT IT IS AND WHERE YOU CAN FIND IT - THE INDEX

Policy Form 9910.6