## Supreme Court of Florida

## ANTHONY LOPEZ,

Petitioner,

vs.

## STATE OF FLORIDA, Respondent.

No. 92,292

[August 20, 1998]

## SHAW, J.

We have for review Lopez v. State, 707 So. 2d 770 (Fla. 2d DCA 1998), based on conflict with Brower v. State, 684 So. 2d 1378 (Fla. 4th DCA 1996). We have jurisdiction. Art. V, § 3(b)(3), Fla. Const. We approve the result in Lopez as explained below.

Anthony Lopez was charged with robbery with a firearm. During voir dire on September 11, 1995, defense counsel exercised several juror challenges at the bench. Although Lopez was not present at the bench during the strikes, he was seated in the courtroom and had conferred with his lawyer immediately before the strikes were made. He was convicted of armed robbery and the district court affirmed.<sup>1</sup> He now claims that he is

If a <u>Coney</u> issue is not preserved at trial, must a prisoner file a postconviction motion alleging entitled to a new trial because he was not present at the bench when the jury was selected. We disagree.

This Court in <u>Coney v. State</u>, 653 So. 2d 1009, 1013 (Fla. 1995), ruled that under our then-current rules of procedure, the defendant had a right to be present at the bench when pretrial juror challenges were exercised.<sup>2</sup> We recently held in <u>Carmichael v. State</u>, 23 Fla. L. Weekly S377 (Fla. July 9, 1998), that the defendant must timely raise this issue. In the present case, although Lopez was present in the courtroom when the jury was selected, the record fails to show that either he or his lawyer expressed any interest in Lopez being present at the bench. We note that our decision in <u>Coney</u> had been issued months earlier, giving Lopez ample notice of the

> under oath that he or she would not have exercised peremptory challenges in the same manner as his or her attorney?

<u>Lopez</u>, 707 So. 2d at 771. This question is rendered moot by our decision in <u>Carmichael v. State</u>, 23 Fla. L. Weekly S377 (Fla. July 9, 1998), wherein we held that in order to be cognizable on review a <u>Coney</u> claim must be timely raised with the trial court.

<sup>2</sup> <u>Coney</u> has since been superseded. <u>See</u> <u>Amendments to Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure</u>, 685 So. 2d 1253, 1254 n.2 (Fla. 1996) ("This amendment supersedes <u>Coney v. State</u>, 653 So. 2d 1009 (Fla. 1995)."). <u>Coney</u> is applicable only to those cases falling within a narrow window--i.e., where jury selection took place after April 27, 1995 (the date <u>Coney</u> became final), and before January 1, 1997 (the date the corrective amendment to rule 3.180 became effective). <u>See State v. Mejia</u>, 696 So. 2d 339 (Fla. 1997); <u>Amendments</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The district court recognized conflict with other district courts that have held a <u>Coney</u> error to be fundamental error. The district court certified the following question:

existence of this right. We find no error.

We approve the result in <u>Lopez</u> on this issue as explained above.<sup>3</sup>

It is so ordered.

OVERTON, KOGAN and WELLS, JJ., concur.

PARIENTE, J., concurs with an opinion. HARDING, C.J., dissents with an opinion, in which ANSTEAD, J., concurs.

NOT FINAL UNTIL TIME EXPIRES TO FILE REHEARING MOTION, AND IF FILED, DETERMINED.

PARIENTE, J., concurring.

I concur in the result only for the reasons stated in my concurrence in <u>Carmichael v.</u> <u>State</u>, 23 Fla. L. Weekly S377 (Fla. July 9, 1998). I add the caveat that an affirmance does not preclude the defendant from raising this issue by way of postconviction relief as suggested by Judge Altenbernd in his concurrence in <u>Hill v. State</u>, 696 So. 2d 798, 800 (Fla. 2d DCA), <u>decision approved</u>, 700 So. 2d 646 (Fla. 1997).

HARDING, C.J., dissenting.

I dissent for reasons stated in my dissenting opinion in <u>State v. Ellis</u>, 23 Fla. L. Weekly S382 (Fla. July 9, 1998). The majority opinion states that Lopez "had conferred with his lawyer immediately before the strikes were made." The record reflects that Lopez did confer with defense counsel during the questioning of the jury panel. However, there is nothing in the record to indicate that Lopez was informed of his right to be present at sidebar or that Lopez was consulted as to which jurors should be challenged.

ANSTEAD, J., concurs.

Application for Review of the Decision of the District Court of Appeal - Certified Great Public Importance

Second District - Case No. 95-04183

(Hillsborough County)

James Marion Moorman, Public Defender, and John C. Fisher, Assistant Public Defender, Tenth Judicial Circuit, Bartow, Florida,

for Petitioner

Robert A. Butterworth, Attorney General, and Angela D. McCarvy, Assistant Attorney General, Tampa, Florida,

for Respondent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> We decline to address the other issues raised by Lopez.