# IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

STATE OF FLORIDA,

Petitioner,

v.

Case No. 5 DCA Case No. 5D04-1338

CURTIS JAMES,

Respondent.

\_\_\_\_\_/

ON DISCRETIONARY REVIEW FROM THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, FIFTH DISTRICT

#### PETITIONER'S BRIEF ON JURISDICTION

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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES
STATEMENT OF THE CASE AND FACTS
SUMMARY OF ARGUMENT
ARGUMENT:
THE DECISION OF THE DISTRICT COURT EXPRESSLY AND DIRECTLY CONFLICTS WITH THE DECISION OF THE FIRST DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL IN SANDERS V. STATE, WHICH IS CURRENTLY PENDING REVIEW IN THIS COURT
CONCLUSION
CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
CEPTIFICATE OF COMDITANCE

# TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

STATE CASES:

<u>James v State</u> , 29 Fla. L. Weekly D129 (Fla. 5 <sup>th</sup> DCA August 20, 2004) 1,4
<u>Oehling v State</u> , 659 So. 2d 1226 (Fla. 5 <sup>th</sup> DCA 1995)
Reaves v State, 485 So. 2d 829 (Fla. 1986)
<u>Sanders v State</u> , 847 So. 2d 504 (Fla. 1 <sup>st</sup> DCA 1003)
<u>Vickery v State</u> , 869 So. 2d 623 (Fla. 5 <sup>th</sup> DCA 2004)
Willis v State, 840 So. 2d 1135 (Fla. 4 <sup>th</sup> DCA 2003)
OTHER AUTHORITIES:
Florida Rule of Appellate Procedure 9.030(a)(2)(A)(iv) 3

#### STATEMENT OF THE CASE AND FACTS

James filed a motion for post conviction relief pursuant to Florida Rule of Criminal Procedure 3.850, claiming that

counsel

reasonable

was ineffective for failing to request a jury instruction on a lesser included offense. The trial court summarily denied the motion based on the decision of the First District Court of Appeal in <u>Sanders v. State</u>, 847 So. 2d 504 (Fla. 1st DCA 2003),

where the court had held that in collateral proceedings under Rule 3.850 regarding a claim for ineffective assistance of counsel, a defendant cannot establish that there is a

probability that the result would have been different had trial

counsel requested and received the instruction regarding the lesser offense. The Fifth District Court of Appeal stated:

However, in  $\frac{\text{Vickery v State}}{\text{So. 2d 623 (Fla. 5}^{\text{th}}}$  DCA 2004), this

Court held that Sanders conflicts with this Court's decision holding that the failure of counsel to request a lesser included jury instruction states a colorable claim of ineffective assistance of counsel.

<u>James v State</u>, 29 Fla. L. Weekly D129 (Fla. 5<sup>th</sup> DCA August 20, 2004). In <u>Vickery</u>, the Fifth District Court of Appeal certified

# conflict with the First District Court of Appeal. Both Sanders

and <u>Vickery</u> are pending before this Court.

#### SUMMARY OF ARGUMENT

The decision in the present case relied on <u>Vickery v State</u>, 869 So. 2d 623 (Fla. 5<sup>th</sup> DCA 2004). In <u>Vickery</u>, the Fifth District Court of Appeal certified conflict with the First District Court of Appeal's opinion in <u>Sanders v State</u>, 847 So.

2d

- 1504 (Fla.  $1^{\rm st}$  DCA 2003). Therefore, the present decision of the
- district court expressly and directly conflicts with the decision
- of the First District Court of Appeal in <u>Sanders</u>. Both <u>Sanders</u>
- and  $\underline{\text{Vickery}}$  are currently pending before this Court. Sanders  $\underline{\text{v.}}$
- State, Case No. SC03-640; Vickery v State, SC04-605.

In <u>Sanders</u>, the First District Court of Appeal certified conflict with the Fifth District 's opinion in <u>Oehling v.</u>

State,

659 So. 2d 1226 (Fla. 5th DCA 1995), which was relied upon by the

Fifth District in the instant case. In addition, the Fourth District Court of Appeal, which is aligned with the Fifth District, has certified conflict with the First District in Sanders, supra. Willis v. State, 840 So. 2d 1135 (Fla. 4th DCA 2003). That case is also pending before this Court. State v. Willis, Case No. SC03-642. The First, Fourth and Fifth

# Districts

have all acknowledged conflict on this issue, and these cases are

currently before this Court, so Petitioner submits that this
Court should exercise its discretionary jurisdiction to review
the instant case as well.

#### **ARGUMENT**

THE DECISION OF THE DISTRICT
COURT
EXPRESSLY AND DIRECTLY CONFLICTS
WITH THE DECISION OF THE FIRST

DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL IN SANDERS

V. STATE, WHICH IS CURRENTLY PENDING REVIEW IN THIS COURT.

Under Article V, Section 3(b)(3) of the Florida

Constitution.

Court may review any decision of a district court of appeal that

expressly and directly conflicts with a decision of another district court or of the Supreme Court on the same question of law. In Reaves v. State, 485 So. 2d 829 (Fla. 1986), this Court

held that the only facts relevant to the decision to accept or reject petitions for review are those facts contained within

the

four corners of the majority decision; neither the dissenting opinion nor the record may be used to establish jurisdiction. The State respectfully contends that the decision below

conflicts

with the decision of the First District Court of Appeal in Sanders v. State, 847 So. 2d 504 (Fla. 1st DCA 2003).

James filed a motion for post conviction relief pursuant to

Florida Rule of Criminal Procedure 3.850, claiming that counsel

was ineffective for failing to request a jury instruction on a lesser included offense. The trial court summarily denied the motion based on the decision of the First District Court of Appeal in <u>Sanders v. State</u>, 847 So. 2d 504 (Fla. 1st DCA 2003),

where the court had held that in collateral proceedings under Rule 3.850 regarding a claim for ineffective assistance of counsel, a defendant cannot establish that there is a reasonable

probability that the result would have been different had trial

counsel requested and received the instruction regarding the lesser offense. The Fifth District Court of Appeal stated:

However, in <u>Vickery v State</u>, 869 So. 2d 623 (Fla. 5<sup>th</sup> DCA 2004), this

Court held that Sanders conflicts with this Court's holding that the failure of counsel to request a lesser included jury instruction states a colorable claim of ineffective assistance of counsel.

<u>James v State</u>, 29 Fla. L. Weekly D129 (Fla. 5<sup>th</sup> DCA August 20, 2004).

In <u>Vickery</u>, <u>supra</u>, the Fifth District Court of Appeal certified conflict with the First District Court of Appeal in <u>Sanders</u>. The First District Court of Appeal has certified

conflict with the Fifth District's <u>Oehling</u>, <u>supra</u>. In addition,

the Fourth District Court of Appeal, which is aligned with the Fifth District, has certified conflict with <u>Sanders</u>, <u>supra</u>.

Willis v. State, 840 So. 2d 1135 (Fla. 4th DCA 2003). That case

is also pending before this Court. State v. Willis, Case No. SC03-642. The First, Fourth and Fifth Districts have all acknowledged conflict on this issue, and these cases are currently before this Court, so Petitioner submits that this Court should exercise its discretionary jurisdiction to review the instant case as well.

# CONCLUSION

Based upon the foregoing argument and authority, petitioner respectfully requests this Honorable Court to accept jurisdiction

in this case.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED,

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# CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the above and

foregoing brief has been furnished by U.S. Mail to Curtis

James,

DC#445553, Holmes Correctional Institution, 3142 Thomas Drive, Bonifay FL 32425 this \_\_\_ day of September, 2004.

# CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that the size and style of type used in this

brief is 12-point Courier New, in compliance with Fla. R. App.
P.

9.210(a)(2).

Allison L. Morris Of Counsel