IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

STATE OF FLORIDA,

Petitioner,

v.

Case No. SC04-605 5 DCA Case No. 5D03-3128

WYLIE M. VICKERY,

Respondent.

_____/

ON DISCRETIONARY REVIEW FROM THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, FIFTH DISTRICT

PETITIONER'S BRIEF ON JURISDICTION

CHARLES J. CRIST, JR. ATTORNEY GENERAL

KELLIE A. NIELAN
ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL
Fla. Bar # 618550
444 Seabreeze Blvd.
Fifth Floor
Daytona Beach, FL 32118
(386) 238-4990

COUNSEL FOR PETITIONER

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES	ii
STATEMENT OF THE CASE AND FACTS	1
SUMMARY OF ARGUMENT	2
ARGUMENT:	
THE DECISION OF THE DISTRICT COURT EXPRESSLY AND DIRECTLY CONFLICTS WITH THE DECISION OF THE FIRST DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL IN SANDERS V. STATE, WHICH IS CURRENTLY PENDING REVIEW IN THIS COURT	
CONCLUSION	5
CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	5
CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE	5

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

767 So. 2d 630 (Fla. 5th DCA 2000) 1,4	4
Oehling v. State, 659 So. 2d 1226 (Fla. 5th DCA 1995) 1,2,4	4
Reaves v. State, 485 So. 2d 829 (Fla. 1986)	3
Sanders v. State, 847 So. 2d 504 (Fla. 1st DCA 2003) 1,2,3,4	4
Vickery v. State, 29 Fla. L. Weekly D676 (Fla. 5th DCA March 19, 2004)	1
Willis v. State, 840 So. 2d 1135 (Fla. 4th DCA 2003) 2,4	4
OTHER AUTHORITIES:	
Article V, Section 3(b)(3), Fla. Const	3
Fla. R. App. P. 9.210(a)(2)	5
Fla. R. App. P. 9.030(a)(2)(A)(iv)	3
Fla. R. Crim. P. 3.850	1

STATEMENT OF THE CASE AND FACTS

Vickery filed a motion for post conviction relief pursuant to Florida Rule of Criminal Procedure 3.850, claiming that counsel was ineffective for failing to request a jury instruction on a lesser included offense. The trial court summarily denied the motion based on the decision of the First District Court of Appeal in Sanders v. State, 847 So. 2d 504 (Fla. 1st DCA 2003), where the court had held that in collateral proceedings under Rule 3.850 regarding a claim for ineffective assistance of counsel, a defendant cannot establish that there is a reasonable probability that the result would have been different had trial counsel requested and received the instruction regarding the lesser offense. The Fifth District Court of Appeal stated:

However, the decision in Sanders conflicts with our decisions in Betha v. State, 767 So. 2d 630 (Fla. 5th DCA 2000), and Oehling v. State, 659 So. 2d 1226 (Fla. 5th DCA 1995), wherein this court held that failure of trial counsel lesser request а included offense is a basis for a colorable claim of ineffective assistance of counsel under Florida Rule of Criminal Procedure 3.850. Because the trial court summarily denied Vickery's motion, we reverse and remand for a hearing regarding this specific claim.

Vickery v. State, 29 Fla. L. Weekly D676 (Fla. 5th DCA March 19, 2004).

SUMMARY OF ARGUMENT

The decision of the district court expressly and directly conflicts with the decision of the First District Court of Appeal in Sanders v. State, 847 So. 2d 504 (Fla. 1st DCA 2003), which is currently pending before this court. Sanders v. State, Case No. SC03-640. In Sanders, the First District Court of Appeal certified conflict with the Fifth District's opinion in Oehling v. State, 659 So. 2d 1226 (Fla. 5th DCA 1995), which was relied upon by the Fifth District in the instant case. addition, the Fourth District Court of Appeal, which is aligned with the Fifth District, has certified conflict with the First District in Sanders, supra. Willis v. State, 840 So. 2d 1135 (Fla. 4th DCA 2003). That case is also pending before this Court. State v. Willis, Case No. SC03-642. The First, Fourth and Fifth Districts have all acknowledged conflict on this issue, and two of those cases are currently before this Court, so Petitioner submits that this Court should exercise its discretionary jurisdiction to review the instant case as well.

ARGUMENT

THE DECISION OF THE DISTRICT COURT EXPRESSLY AND DIRECTLY CONFLICTS WITH THE DECISION OF THE FIRST DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL IN SANDERS V. STATE, WHICH IS CURRENTLY PENDING REVIEW IN THIS COURT.

Section 3(b)(3)Article V, of the Florida Under Constitution, and Florida Rule οf Appellate Procedure 9.030(a)(2)(A)(iv), this Court may review any decision of a district court of appeal that expressly and directly conflicts with a decision of another district court or of the Supreme Court on the same question of law. In Reaves v. State, 485 So. 2d 829 (Fla. 1986), this Court held that the only facts relevant to the decision to accept or reject petitions for review are those facts contained within the four corners of the majority decision; neither the dissenting opinion nor the record may be used to establish jurisdiction. The State respectfully contends that the decision below conflicts with the decision of the First District Court of Appeal in Sanders v. State, 847 So. 2d 504 (Fla. 1st DCA 2003).

Vickery filed a motion for post conviction relief pursuant to Florida Rule of Criminal Procedure 3.850, claiming that counsel was ineffective for failing to request a jury instruction on a lesser included offense. The trial court summarily denied the motion based on the decision of the First District Court of Appeal in Sanders v. State, 847 So. 2d 504 (Fla. 1st DCA 2003), where the court had held that in collateral

proceedings under Rule 3.850 regarding a claim for ineffective assistance of counsel, a defendant cannot establish that there is a reasonable probability that the result would have been different had trial counsel requested and received the instruction regarding the lesser offense. In the instant case, the Fifth District Court of Appeal stated:

However, the decision in Sanders conflicts with our decisions in Betha v. State, 767 So. 2d 630 (Fla. 5th DCA 2000), and Oehling v. State, 659 So. 2d 1226 (Fla. 5th DCA 1995), wherein this court held that failure of trial counsel to request a lesser included offense is a basis for a colorable claim of ineffective assistance of counsel under Florida Rule of Criminal Procedure 3.850. Because the trial court summarily denied Vickery's motion, we reverse and remand for a hearing regarding this specific claim.

Vickery v. State, 29 Fla. L. Weekly D676 (Fla. 5th DCA March 19, 2004).

The First District Court of Appeal has certified conflict with the Fifth District's Oehling, supra, case, which was relied upon by the Fifth District in the instant case. In addition, the Fourth District Court of Appeal, which is aligned with the Fifth District, has certified conflict with Sanders, supra. Willis v. State, 840 So. 2d 1135 (Fla. 4th DCA 2003). That case is also pending before this Court. State v. Willis, Case No. SC03-642. The First, Fourth and Fifth Districts have all acknowledged conflict on this issue, and two of those cases are

currently before this Court, so Petitioner submits that this Court should exercise its discretionary jurisdiction to review the instant case as well.

CONCLUSION

Based upon the foregoing argument and authority, petitioner respectfully requests this Honorable Court to accept jurisdiction in this case.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED,

CHARLES J. CRIST, JR. ATTORNEY GENERAL

Kellie A. Nielan Assistant Attorney General FL Bar No. 618550 444 Seabreeze Blvd. 5th Floor Daytona Beach, FL 32118 (386) 238-4990

COUNSEL FOR PETITIONER

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the above and foregoing brief has been furnished by U.S. Mail to Wylie M. Vickery, DC# V10538, Wakulla Correctional Institution, 110 Melaleucka Drive, Crawfordville, FL 32327-4963, this ____ day of April, 2004.

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that the size and style of type used in this brief is 12-point Courier New, in compliance with Fla. R. App. P. 9.210(a)(2).

Kellie A. Nielan Of Counsel